

HUNT'S MERCHANTS' MAGAZINE, Weekly Newspaper.

REPRESENTING THE INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

VOL. 48.

SATURDAY, APRIL 13, 1889.

NO. 1,242.

Week End's Mar. 30.

The Chronicle.

Terms of Subscription-Payable in Advance:

For One Ye	ar (inclu	ding posta	ge)		\$10	20
For Six Mo	nths	do.				10
European 8	ubscript	ton (includ	ing postage)		11	28
European 8	ubscript	ion Six Mon	the (including p	ostage)	6	64
Annual sub	scription	in London	(including post	age)	2 2	78.
Six Mos.	do	do	do	******	21	88.

These prices include the INVESTORS' SUPPLEMENT, of 150 pages used once in two mouths, and furnished without extra charge to secribers of the CHRONICLE.

A file cover is furnished at 50 cents; postage on the same is 18 its. Volumes bound for subscribers at \$1 00.

Terms of Advertising.

Advertisements ordered for less than one month, in the COMMERCIAL & FINANCIAL CHRONICLE, are published at 25 cents per line each insertion. When orders are definitely given for one month or longer, a liberal discount is allowed, and the net prices may be obtained on application at the office. The lowest rates on permanent cards definitely ordered for one year are 8 cents per line each insertion, making \$58 for one inch space one year. Space is measured in agate type-14 lines to the inch.

London Agents:

Messrs EDWARDS & SMITH, 1 Drapers' Gardens, E. C., who will take subscriptions and advertisements and supply single copies of the paper at 1s. each.

WILLIAM B. DANA.
WILLIAM B. DANA & Co., Publishers,
JOHN G. FLOYD.

102 WIlliam Street, NEW YORK.
POST OFFICE BOX 958.

CLEARING HOUSE RETURNS.

Bank clearings continue to make a favorable exhibit, but for the week under review the gain compared with last year is less important than during any similar period since the new year opened. The smaller increase, however, results entirely from the fact that in the week of last year speculative transactions in stocks were considerably heavier. It would not be correct, therefore, to infer that the volume of ordinary mercantile business is less than at this time in 1888-on the contrary, reports indicate that a larger amount of merchandise is moving, although generally at lower prices. As will be noticed the current figures show a gain over the previous week in the total of about one hundred and ten millions of dollars, a large portion of which is due to the clearings arising out of the usual quarterly payments of interests, &c. Operations on the Boston Stock Exchange record a decline from the preceding week, which is in part accounted for by the occurrence of a holiday, but contrasted with a year ago there is a small excess. The agricultural outlook is very promising; in about all sections of the country farm work is much further advanced than last year, and in the South the planting of cotton is progressing well.

The excess compared with last year in the aggregate for the whole country is 5.4 per cent, and outside of New York the gain reaches 9.3 per cent. Altogether, there are twenty-seven cities which make a better exhibit than in 1888, and the most prominent of these in matter of percentage are: Topeka, 39.5 per cent; Memphis, 34.6; Denver, 32, and Columbus and Duluth each 31. Losses are recorded at a greater number of points than of late, but the only important ones are at Los Angeles, 41.4 per cent and Indianapolis 16.7 per cent.

On the New York Stock Exchange the operations in shares for the week embrace a market value of \$77,954,000, against \$112,936,000 for the similar period a year ago. Pursuing our usual method of deducting two-and-a-half times these values from the New York totals, leaves as the exchanges arising through other business \$516,228,800 and \$405,902,783 respectively in the two years, or an increase of 27.2 per cent.

	******	Astronomy April		Trees Linu y	1447.00
	1889.	1888.	P. Cent.	1889.	P. Cent.
New York	711,113,800	688,242,783	+3.3	642 ,426,286	+23.0
(Stocksshares.)	(1,413,581	(2,20,610	(-35.9)	(1.577.846)	(+15.3)
(Cotton bales.)		(340,600)	(-58.1)	(237,900)	(-67.5)
Grain bushels.	(30,903,405)	(26,398,3-7	(+17.1)	(63,451,100	(+19.7)
(Petroleumbbls.)	(5,588,000)	(37,780,000)	(-85.3	(6,700,000	(-65.9)
Boston	94,599,668	82,209,448	+7.2	89,493,708	+27.7
Providence	5,182,300	5,386,40	-3.8	4,278,700	+1.8
Hartford	2 039,754	2,083,457 1,418,298	-21 -90	1,443,275	+197
	1,280,404	1,418,298	+25 0	915,192 962,769 979,699	+10 6
Springfield Worcester	1,233,312 1,079,794	1,078,40	+0.1	902,109	+93
Portland	973,561	1,008,27	-54	976,969	+41.8
Lowell	638,838	588,686	+8.5	526,176	+9.0
Total New England	107,027,633	100,759,98	+6.5	99,579,426	+25.6
Philadelphia	79,827,585	68,776,462	+161	67,772,777	+59.2
· Pittsburg	13,081,055	13,203,510	-0.8	12,745,879	+46.0
Baltimore	12,780,350	13,868,777	-8:0	10,922,485	+16.3
Total Middle	105,688,940	95,848,749	+10.3	91,441,691	+50.8
Chicago	58,262,515	52,949,571	+100	53,659,777	+15.0
Cincinnati	11,806,750	10,391,700	+13.6	8,98-,500	+7.0
Milwaukee	4,343,578	3,965,934	+ 9.5	4,574,050	+21.4
Detroit	4,779,161	3,866,114	+23.6	4,300,0 0	+15 0
Cleveland	8,739,728	3,293,605	+13.5	3,887,030	+67.6
	2,919,700	2,228,4%2 2,077,570	+31.0	2,10°,100 1,692,538	+21.8
Indianapolis	1,730,928	2,077,570	-16 7 +11 2	1,692,538	+9.5
Peoria Grand Rapids	1,436,657 570,380	1,291,811 554,662	+28	1,425,562 697,027	+16 0
Total Middle Western	89,589,397	80,619,419	+11.1	81,329,984	+16.4
San Francisco	16,759,971	14,810,230	+13.5	15,631,412	+5.8
Kansas City	8,837,460	8,731,055	+12	8,332,476	+55.9
Minneapolis	3,907,809	3,491,352	+11.8	2,846,969	+39.7
St. Paul	8,837,460 3,907,809 3,667,044 3,935,881 8,665,571	8,690,253	-0.6	2,740,383	+14.7
Omaha	3,935,581	3,130,926	+25.7	3,122,829	+62.9
Denver	8,665,571	2,774,002	120	3,055,642	+02.9
Duluth	1,752,070	1,337,143 1,389 541	+31.0	1,810,588 1,077,301	+83·2 -8·1
Los Angeles	1,210,796 921,800	1,572,000	-41.4	6:9,693	-44.1
Wichita	714,384	772,430	-7.5	673,805	+3.7
Toneka	448.016	321,205	+ 89.5	362,255	+58.5
Sloux City*	647,915 398,626			362,255 402,780	
Tacoma*				246,421	** ***
Total Other Western	45,820,802	42,022,137	+ 8.0	40,333,356	+16.3
St. Louis	18,089,786	18,712,924	+8.3	17,107,101	+14.5
New Orleans	9,897,088	9,470,493	+8·2 +4·5	9,055,718	+39 9
Louisville	7,985,749	6,588,85	+21.2	5,665,230	+21.4
Memphis	8 003 987	2,231,873	+34 6	2,337,891	+29.5
Richmond	2,106,718	1,671,482 911,191	+26.0	1,701,285	+18.5
Galveston	2,106,718 955,541 755,121	911,191 830,283	+4.9	1,017,439 610,197	+36.8
Total Southern	42,793,985	38,416,501	+11.4	37,494,859	+21.9
Total all	1,102,034,557	1,045,909,576	+5.4	992,605,002	+24.5
Outside New York		357,666,793	+8.3	350,178,716	+27.3
* Not included in total:					

The returns of exchanges for the five days have been received: The returns of exchanges for the five days have been received by telegraph this evening, and are given below. Contrasted with the corresponding five days of 1888, the total for the seven cities records an increase of 13·1 per cent. Our estimate for the full week ended April 13 indicates an exces s over a year ago of about 13·4 per cent. Messrs. R. G. Du n & Co. report the number of failures for the week ended to-night as 239 (212 in the United States and 27 in Canada), against 222 last week and 222 for the same time a year ago.

Returns by Telegraph.	Week E	nding April	13.	Week End's Apr. 6.		
	1889.	1888,	P. Cent.	1889.	P. Cent.	
	8					
New York	569,261,969	502,962,700		593,851,168		
Sales of Stock (shares)	(1,370,154)	(1,034,649)	(+32.4)	(1,117,169	(-34.7)	
Boston	83,710,742	72,899,604	+14.8	73,431,943	+2.8	
Philadelphia	53,894,000	49,761,526	+8.3	68,648,107	+17.8	
Baltimore	10,060,108	9,000,204	+11.8	10,624,775	-10.0	
Chicago	53,776,000	45,566,000	+18.0	48,475,000	+79	
St. Louis	15,552,460	14,915,609	+4.3	14,999,079	+8.3	
New Orleans	7,725,658	6,734,003	+14.7	8,168,359	+3.4	
Total, 5 days	793,980,937	701,839,643	+13.1	818,198,431	+4.9	
Estimated 1 day	160,104,200	136,106,487	. +17 6	167,688,621	+6.0	
Total full week	974,085,137	837,946,133	+13 9	985,887,052	+5.1	
Balance Country	110,016,408	100,167,432	+9.8	116,204,103	48.3	
Total week, all	,084,101,545	938,113,565	+13.4	1,102,091,160	+5.4	

For the full week, based on jast week's returns.

THE FINANCIAL SITUATION.

The heavy Treasury disbursements and the check to the very free outflow of money to the interior have changed for the time being the tendency of the money market. For the week ending last night (Friday) Mr. Windom purchased \$3,647,700 of the 41/2s and \$4,525,100 of the 4s, or a total of \$8,172,800. As for the $4\frac{1}{2}$ s he paid 108 and for the 4s he paid 129, that amount of bonds would call for a disbursement of \$9,776,895 of currency. Of course if some of the bonds bought were among those which the Treasury held as security for bank deposits, the banks would gain on such purchases only the amount paid above the corresponding deposit. Altogether however-that is, including the entire week's transactions-the Treasury has put into the banks since last week Friday, a net of \$5,400,000; and there has also been a small addition to the bank reserves. secured through the interior movement. It is to be said further in explanation, that last Saturday's statement of the clearing house institutions was made up on rising averages, and therefore showed a worse condition than really existed. Still as the reserves, even with the addition which will be shown by to-day's return, are below the corresponding week of year ago, there is sufficient reason for the continued high average for call loans which has prevailed. If the Secretary proposes to go on taking all bonds which are offered at the prices he has paid this week, there would seem to be very good reason for anticipating an easy enough money market during the summer to provide a broad basis for all speculative plans which may be in view.

The extremes for bankers' balances have been 5 and 2 per cent, the average for the week being about 3½ per cent, at which renewals have been made. Banks and trust companies have also loaned on call at 31 per cent as the minimum. Time money has not changed materially. A feature, however, has been some large offerings by corporations and bankers having foreign money to place, and who have not insisted in all cases on first-class security; that is to say, they were willing to accept 25 per cent in good non-dividend paying properties. Hence the quotations for these and for first-class loans were the same, being 3½ per cent for thirty to ninety days, 4 per cent for four months, and 41 for five, six and seven months. Commercial paper is in better demand, some of the city banks again being in the market. The supply is increasing and there is a large assortment of first-class names offering. We quote sixty to ninety day endorsed bills receivable 41 per cent, four months acceptances 43/051 per cent, and good single names having from five to six months to run, 5@6 per cent.

The cable reports discounts of sixty day to three months' bank bills in London at 13 per cent. although the official mimimum of the Bank of England still remains at 3 per cent. This very easy money is no doubt due in the main to the heavy disbursements by the Government, and to the payment of the holders of unconverted 3 per cents who have accepted Mr. Goschen's offer of a bonus of 25s. 6d. per cent for immediate re-Of course the comparatively successful demption. settlement at the Paris Bourse, has been largely instrumental in restoring confidence. The open market rate at Paris is 21 per cent, and at Berlin and Frankfort it is 1½ per cent. The Bank of England reports a loss of £14,000 bullion for the week, which, according to a private cable to us, was made up by a receipt by the from the Argentine Republic), by an export to India of

£10,000, and by shipments to the interior of Great Britain of £478,000. The Bank of France reports a loss of £722,000 gold.

The quotations for foreign exchange remain as last reported, that is 4.87½ for long and 4.89½ for short, but one or two of the drawers have advanced their figures to 4.88 and 4.90. The rates for actual business for short are at the gold-exporting point, and any urgency in the demand for this class would send gold out. But the inquiry is not urgent, mainly for the reason that discounts are so easy in London, and within a day or two there has been a fair supply of bills drawn against arbitrage operations. So long as these conditions continue, the demand will be met without difficulty; there seems to be a fair prospect that the speculation in London now in progress will gain strength and embrace the best American securities.

So far as low rates of interest for the use of money may be regarded as representing relative security, New York, according to its latest bond issue, would appear to be the safest place the world offers in which to place a little capital. This week Thursday bids were opened under the offer by the city of from six to nine million dollars of 21 per cents, payable in forty years with the option of redemption at any time after twenty years, and \$7,457,000 of the amount were awarded at from par to $101\frac{1}{2}$. It is of course to be borne in mind that these bonds are exempt from city and county taxation under the general statute passed in 1880, which exempted all city bonds provided they do not bear interest exceeding 41 per cent. They are liable, however, for State taxes, which in past years were high, but of late are very much lower and may be estimated now at only one-quarter to one-third of one per cent, and not expected to be higher again unless the State should enter upon some plan for enlarging the Erie Canal or some other method of making another debt, which is often threatened but not at all likely. Hence the prospective interest to the holders of these bonds is a little less than 24 per cent. They are bought mainly, if not wholly, by trust companies, trustees and executors, an act having been passed by the New York Legislature March 14, 1889, making it lawful for all holding trust funds to invest in the bonds of the city. Trustees belong to the class which cannot escape taxation on personal property; all others, except the few extra corscientious men, either finding some legal method for avoiding the personal tax or not being known as holders of bonds, escape assessment. For that reason a 4 per cent real estate mortgage or a 4 per cent railroad bond although in form subject to tax, brings in a much larger income to the average investor.

A statement of new railroad mileage planned or projected during the three months ended March 31, 1889, is published by the Railway Age of Chicago. It finds that the new lines represent an aggregate contemplated mileage of 53,436 miles, of which 14,818 miles are reported as "under construction or contract," 9,617 miles as surveyed, and 29,001 miles as projected or incorporated. While these figures are instructive as showing that public interest in the further extension of the railroad system has by no means died out, yet to the layman they may be easily misleading. It would obviously be erroneous to infer that any such amount of new mileage as here indicated will be built the present year. No such idea was, we presume, intended by the paper publishing the statement. New road projected is no Bank of £474,000 (principally bought, but a part came guide to probable additions. Many charters are taken out simply to pre-empt the ground and without any intention of building under them. Some of the old systems have rights of this kind, which never have been and never will be availed of. Only a few weeks ago the Union Pacific was accused of contemplating several new extensions, but investigation disclosed that the action taken "amounted simply to a resolution "amending articles of incorporation" of certain branch roads, so that the new lines could be built if it should be deemed advisable, but with "no immediate intention to "build." Even the road reported as "under construction "or contract" cannot be accepted as a guide. No one will imagine that 14,800 miles of new road are to be added to the railway system of the United States during 1889. The conditions are not favorable for it, as we have often pointed out. A large mileage may be under contract, but how much of it will be built depends altogether upon the contractor's ability to get funds from the promoters of the enterprise or the readiness with which the new securities can be converted into cash. Vice-President Sykes of the Northwest remarked last week in an interview that for the present the roads would have to devote themselves almost entirely to the mileage already operated, and that it would be some time "before the companies are in a position to apply them-"selves at all to the carrying out of new schemes or to "the extension of railroad facilities." And this expresses the view generally of railroad men. Of course considerable new mileage will be built, for there are many sections of country offering abundant opportunities for the work, but there will be no such excessive construction as has characterized other recent years, nor will it be of the same character.

The stock market this week has developed both strength and activity, and the tone yesterday was quite confident. There have been no special developments affecting the value of railroad property, but it is gradually beginning to dawn upon the minds of speculators and investors that under the Presidents' agreement the situation has greatly improved since the first of the year; gross earnings are good, and net even better, while economy in operations is being practiced everywhere, and the disposition is almost universal to maintain rates. The report also on the condition of winter wheat issued this week by the Agricultural Department at Washington is very favorable, thus promising a much better yield than last year. What doubtless gave the chief impetus, however, to speculation were the large bond purchases by the Secretary of the Treasury, this being accepted both as an assurance of easy money and an indication of the Treasury policy. In the advance in prices resulting from these conditions the whole market has participated, though the Southwestern stocks have perhaps been less prominent than others and lagged somewhat behind.

The following statement gives the week's receipts and shipments of currency and gold by the New York banks.

Week ending April 12, 1839.	Received by N. Y. Banks	Shipped by N. Y. Banks.		Interior cement.
Currency			Gain.	\$270,000 295,000
Total gold and legal tenders	\$2,275,000	\$1,710,000	Gain.	\$5×5,000

f

r.

10

In addition to the above movement the banks have gained \$5,400,000 through the operations of the Sub-Treasury. Adding this item to the above, we have the following, which should indicate the total gain to the New York Clearing House banks of currency and gold for the week covered by the bank statement to be issued to-day.

Week ending April 12, 1889.	Into Banks.	Out of Banks.	Net Change in Bank Holdings.
Banks Interior Movement, as above Sub-Treasury operations	\$2,275,0°0 16,000 000		Gain \$565,000 Gain. 5,400 000
Total gold and lefial tenders	\$18,275 000	\$12,310,000	Gain. \$5,965,000

Bullion holdings of European banks.

Banks of	A	oril 11, 188	9.	April 12, 1888.			
nanks o)	Gold. Silver.		Total.	Gold.	Silver.	Total.	
	£	£	£	£	£		
England	22,616,659		22,616,659	21,270,547		21,270,547	
France	40,261,376	49,337,047	89,598,42	44.394,935	47,713 041	92,107,976	
Germany	30,368.000	15,184,000	45,532,000	29,870,000	14,935,000	44,805,000	
AustHung'y	5,446 000	15,628,000	21,074,000	6,211,000	14,631,000	20,842,000	
Netherlands	5,064,000	6,892,000	11,956,000	4,824 000	8,319,000	18,143,000	
Nat.Belgium.	2,777,000	1,388,000	4,165,000	3,008 0: 0	1,504,000	4,512,030	
Tot. this week	106,533,035	88,429,047	194,962,08	109,578,483	87,102,041	196,680,523	
Tot.prev.w'k.	107,299 751	88,648,741	195,944,492	108,672,571	86,552,7.7	195,225,308	

THE PREVENTION OF RAILWAY STRIKES.

In the current number of Scribner's Magazine, Mr. Charles Francis Adams has an article on this subject which has commanded wide attention. Railroad business, he says, has gradually come to have a quasi-public character. When the relations between employer and employee involve the stoppage of the business of a whole community, they can no longer be treated as matters of purely private agreement. For a long time this fact was not recognized at all. Even now it is recognized but imperfectly. The disastrous experiences of 1877, and again of the last two or three years, show how far we are from having placed these matters on a satisfactory basis.

Mr. Adams suggests four points in which improvement is possible. First, and most important, the employee must regard himself as holding a permanent position, with prospects of advancement. He must not be subject to arbitrary discharge. He must be able to look to the company for promotion in case of faithful service. It is also desirable, and this is Mr. Adams' second point, that the company should co-operate with the employees in insuring them against accident. For this purpose relief associations are strongly commended. His third point relates to technical education. He believes that the company should take charge of training young employees, and especially the children of employees who desire to enter the service. Finally, these things must not simply be done by the company for the employees, but by both parties in co-operation. To this end a working committee of management, in which the different branches of the service shall be represented, is a most essential feature.

With Mr. Adams' aims and purposes we have the fullest sympathy. Of the practicability of all that he suggests we are not so sure. Some parts of the plan are much easier of execution than others. The matter of technical education we believe is one in which all companies should interest themselves. It has a great deal to be said in its favor, and, as far as we know, nothing to be said against it. It has been tried to a sufficient extent to show its practicability. The care taken by the Pennsylvania in this respect has been a most potent factor in bringing the operating department of that road to its present high standard. The indirect results are as important as the direct ones. The employee who has received special training for his work not merely feels greater self-respect on that account, but has more personal interest in seeing the affairs of the company well managed. The difference between the first-class and the second-class man is most strongly appreciated on a first-class road. The employee knows

this, and the higher his own standard of training the more active is his personal interest in the successful operation of the road with which he is identified.

We also agree with Mr. Adams' proposals concerning permanence of tenure of positions by railroad employees, as against the right of arbitrary dismissal which so many companies claim to be necessary. We are aware that a great many railroad men object to this plan. They say that the representatives of the company are responsible for the safe and effective working of the road, and that they must have rights and powers corresponding to this responsibility. Mr. Adams shows some of the fallacies involved in this position. The power which such officials claim in theory often does not exist in fact. Their technical right to dismiss a man is one which they dare not use. The assertion of the right makes the men uneasy; the lack of courage or effective power to use it prevents all possible good which might result. But even on those roads where it is exercised, we are convinced that it does, on the whole, much more harm than good. If a company dismisses an employee and has good reasons for so doing, it is best that the men should know those reasons. If they are made public the employees will generally look at the matter in the same light as the company. If they are not made public the action will create a feeling of insecurity which may do great indirect harm. convinced that the higher officials of our railroads quite generally exaggerate the dangers of telling the truth, and vastly underestimate the dangers of keeping it back.

With regard to the future of relief associations, we feel by no means so certain as Mr. Adams. Of the four important associations now in existence, two, those of the Pennsylvania and the Baltimore & Ohio, have lasted for a considerable length of time. In each of these cases there has been a pretty constant increase in membership and a good deal of apparent success. Yet we must not overlook the fact that in the Maryland Legislature a year ago there was a strong agitation for the repeal of the charter of the Baltimore & Ohio Relief Association, and that most of this agitation proceeded from working men themselves. We have no doubt that it was the less desirable class of men that acted in this way; but it is the less desirable class of men which makes trouble everywhere, and last year's experience shows that such men were by no means silenced by the existence of a relief association. Still more significant is an event recently reported from England. Some five or six years ago the directors of the London & Northwestern Railway persuaded the five thousand skilled hands in their shops at Crewe to consent to the establishment of a pension fund. After five years' trial the workmen have revolted against the scheme. They do not object to the rate charged nor question the company's good faith, but they say in so many words that they prefer present advantage to any such remote prospects as the pension fund affords. Their straightforwardness in what they say makes the matter all the more significant. There appears to be no serious dissatisfaction with the management. The men simply do not like the system.

If this is the case in England, where the relations between railroad companies and their employees are remarkably good, what hope can we have from such plans in America, where the conditions are less permanent, the relations between railroads and their employees for binding the employees to the service of the company, business, the local traffic; (4) the very low and steadily

such a plan might simply furnish new sources of dissatisfaction. It is a common feeling among workmen in factories as well as in railroads to dislike anything which seems to bind them to the service of one concern. They look on it with suspicion; they feel it a constant source of possible imposition. We do not say that the system cannot be successfully carried out; but we are by no means so sanguine of its smooth working as Mr. Adams himself seems to be. Nor can we regard his proposal for a managing committee of employees as likely to meet the difficulty. While the project remains so vague, there is little which can be said specifically either for or against it. Our fear is, that if such a committee were merely an advisory body, it would not do its work at all, while if it became in any sense an executive body it would do it badly. Railroad administration requires a pretty strongly centralized control. The management of a railroad is in many respects like the management of an army; and we all remember Macaulay's remark, that armies have won victories under bad generals, but no army ever won victories under a debating society.

In saying this we do not wish to use our influence against having these experiments tried. We simply wish to point out the fact that they are experiments, and experiments which contain many elements of possible failure. If this last fact is recognized, the chance of partial success is much better than it otherwise would be. We imagine, however, that now, and for some time to come, no machinery will be devised to fully meet the difficulty. To ensure even partial success, men are needed as well as machinery; men who are able to create an esprit de corps among their subordinates. A radical fault in many cases has been that this necessity has been overlooked. Our railroads have often been managed by Presidents and Boards of Directors who felt only a temporary interest in the property, and to whom its permanent efficiency counted for little. Under such circumstances no harmony of interests between different branches of the service was possible. It was as as if military operations had been managed by army contractors, instead of by a general. There is an evident tendency toward reform in this respect. The standard of management has risen materially during late years. This is conspicuous in most of our large systems, which are now presided over by men of conscience as well as capacity. Investors, also, are beginning to look more directly for their own interests and see that they are entrusted to able administrators rather than mere speculators. Improvement at this point is the surest promise and basis for improvement in all other parts of the service.

GROWTH AND RATES OF NORFOLK & WESTERN.

Though not a very large system, the Norfolk & Western possesses some noteworthy characteristics, and for that reason its annual report for 1888 published this week, and which we print on another page, will be found interesting reading.

Looking back over the recent history of this undertaking, the most prominent features that present themselves to the mind are (1) the extent and nature of the additions to the company's mileage; (2) the extensions which have been planned for the future, and which follow in a measure from the additions already made; somewhat more strained, and the feeling of personal (3) the wonderful expansion of the company's business independence stronger? Instead of providing a means and traffic, and particularly that most desirable of all diminishing rates at which this carrier performs its transportation functions and yet manages to make a fair and increasing aggregate profit; (5) the resumption of dividends on the preferred shares, the company having distributed 11 per cent last October, and having announced another dividend at the same rate for the present April.

With reference to the mileage, it may be somewhat of a surprise to hear that this has been increased about 40 per cent within the last six years-after counting, too, only 231 miles of the Clinch Valley line. Starting with about 428 miles of road, the mileage at the end of 1888 stood at 594 miles. The total addition (166 miles) may not seem large, and certainly is not large as compared with the increase by some of the Western companies in the same interval. But the important feature in this case is, that the new mileage is all in the shape of branches or small feeders. The work of enlarging the system has been very judiciously and carefully done, and with a definite purpose in view. The idea has been to develop the coal, iron, and other mineral resources in Southwestern Virginia, and the management having pursued a far-sighted policy in the operation of the new extensions, the effort has been attended with much success. The principal of these branches or extensions are the Cripple Creek line and the New River Division, both of which have spurs jutting out from them (to the iron and coal mines) in large number. The result is, that whereas a few years ago there were only 20 miles of branches to 408 miles of main road, now there are nearly 200 miles of branches to the 408 miles of main road. It is this feature that gives to the system its position of exceptional strength for commanding and holding traffic.

The extensions projected and in progress would seem to be much of the same nature. The Clinch Valley line to a connection with the Louisville & Nashville will not only furnish a new outlet and through line, but is chiefly valuable as opening up another important mineral and agricultural district. About 92 miles of this line remain to be completed by the Norfolk & Western, and it is expected that the work will be all finished in 1889. In addition, stockholders are to be asked to pass upon the question of extending the New River Division northwest to the Ohio River at Ironton, 190 miles. We are told that surveys of the whole of this extension have been made, and that the country is rich in steam, coking, gas and cannel coals, and heavily timbered. Then it is also proposed to extend the Cripple Creek extension 35 miles to the southeast, to a connection with the Cape Fear & Yadkin, through a district containing iron, zinc and copper ores. Should these various lines all be built, the Norfolk & Western would have over 900 miles of road, 500 miles of which would be in the shape of feeders to the original road

The past additions to traffic, arising from the policy above outlined, have certainly been very striking. In 1881 only 215,904 passengers of all kinds were carried; in 1888 the number was 771,248. The freight traffic in the same period has risen from 538,102 to 2,763,376 tons, the latter being five times the amount of the former. Even during the last two years there has been an increase of between 80 and 90 per cent in both passengers and freight. But, as has been many times pointed out in these columns, and as would naturally be expected from the company's policy with reference to branches, local business. The report gives numerous tables to April are \$111,030 ahead of last year.

illustrate that feature, and therefore it will be necessary here to refer only to the general results disclosed. It appears that of the 771,248 passengers transported in 1888, only 26,979 were through passengers; moreover, of the increase of 555,344 between 1881 and 1888, only 14,173 was in through passengers. And so as regards the freight. Of 2,763,376 tons moved altogether in 1888, but 400,157 tons were through, and of the 2,225,-274 tons increase in the seven years only 221,317 tons were through. The increase in revenue from the through traffic, both passenger and freight, has been less than \$150,000, while total gross earnings have been increased 25 million dollars. It is found, also, that the earnings from local traffic now form 80 per cent of the whole, as against 57 per cent in 1880.

The growth in freight of course has been chiefly in minerals, and more especially in coal. The report enumerates 1,960,415 tons of mineral traffic (including coal) handled in 1888, which compares with only 48,-311 tons transported in 1882. Of coal 1,343,312 tons were moved (not including the supply for the company's own use) and of coke 202,808 tons; in 1882 no coke was carried and but 4,735 tons of coal. The development of the coal traffic is traceable to the opening of the New River Extension, giving access to the Pocahontas Flat-Top coal which has now become so well known. But other classes of minerals are also rapidly coming to the front. Thus 195,350 tons of iron ore were transported in 1888, against 1,399 tons in 1882; 95,389 tons of pig iron, against 13,372 tons; 49,573 tons of stone and marble, against 6,181 tons, &c.

Now note the low average rates at which the road did its freight business. The average further declined in 1888, and now stands at the exceedingly low figure of 0.582 cent per ton per mile—that is, less than six-tenths of a cent. This result would be remarkable in any event, but is especially so in view of the fact that the local traffic (on which rates are usually high) forms such a large proportion of the whole. Of course the low average follows in a measure from the great amount of the cheaper class of freights. But in no inconsiderable degree it is due to the liberal policy pursued by the managers in their treatment of local industries. It was early recognized that to foster these industries, low rates were essential, and this course has been persistently adhered to ever since. Under any other policy no such development of the local business as has actually occurred, would have been possible. The contrast between present and former averages could hardly be more striking. In 1881 the average was as much as 1.45 cent, and even the average profit per ton mile was 0.716 cent. Now the average profit is only 0.216 cent, the gross rate thus being less than the net profit formerly realized.

Notwithstanding the low rates, both gross and net earnings for 1888 are larger than ever before. The gross stands at \$4,899,598, against \$2,267,288 in 1881, and the net at \$1,897,671, against \$1,104,055. compared with the year preceding, the increase in net earnings has been relatively much less than in the gross. Nevertheless, the income statement shows that after meeting all charges and expenses, a surplus of \$748,558 remained for the stock. The company is paying, as stated above, 3 per cent dividends on the preferred shares, calling for \$660,000, and leaving a balance of \$88,558 on the 1888 results. Thus far the present year there has been further improvement at least his growth in traffic has been almost entirely in the in the gross earnings, which up to the 2d week of

RAILROAD GROSS EARNINGS IN MARCH.

Quite naturally, as it may seem (the comparison being with a poor month last year), the earnings for March make a very favorable exhibit. The gain is large, reaching nearly $2\frac{1}{2}$ million dollars on the 124 roads embraced in the statement, and in ratio about $9\frac{1}{2}$ per cent, as against an increase in mileage of about $4\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. Moreover, the number of roads reporting a decrease is very small—only 22 altogether.

In a number of important particulars the operating conditions of the roads were decidedly improved. The engineers' strike on the Burlington & Quincy was at its height in March a year ago. We do not need to say that it was very disturbing in its effects not only to the roads immediately concerned, but to nearly all others, and to general business as well. The blizzard in the East operated in the same way; its area was certainly limited, but the weather conditions were bad almost over the whole country, except of course in the sections where the winter season is never severe, while the weather the present year has been as favorable as could be wished. Then, also, the situation as to rates has been entirely different. Last year in March a violent rate war prevailed in the Northwest, which was not settled up till just before the close of the month; in other sections, too, rates at that time were more or less demoralized. This year, on the other hand, as is known, there has been peace and harmony, with rates pretty well maintained

But while all these circumstances contributed to the favorable result disclosed, there were not wanting influences that operated in the other direction. In the first place, there were five Sundays in the month in 1889, against only four Sundays in March, 1888, giving the roads one less working day this year. In the second place, the mild weather, though beneficial in some other respects, was a decided drawback to the coal-carrying roads both in the anthracite and in the bituminous districts, since it led to a diminished demand and consequently a smaller distribution of coal. The importance of this adverse element may be judged from the fact that of the few roads which actually report reduced earnings, quite a number are known as distinctively coal-carriers. Finally, the grain traffic in the West, so far from being larger than last year, in some instances was decidedly less, thus occasioning a diminution in earnings from that source.

It was expected that the corn movement at least would be considerably heavier than a year ago, for the double reason that the receipts in 1888 had been quite small (there having been a decrease both that year and the year before), and that the late season's yield of the cereal had been unusually large. In point of fact, while there has been an increase, it is small, reaching for the four weeks ended March 30 only about 700,000 bushels at the principal Western points; and though every point but Chicago has shared in this increase, yet at Chicago the falling off amounts to over half a million bushels. It is possible that this falling off at Chicago may be to some extent attributable to a diversion of traffic to Duluth, since that point shows for the first time receipts of corn, but even the full amount of the receipts there (381,530 bushels) would not cover the loss at Chicago. It is well to make a note, however, of this appearance of Duluth in the corn movement, for it attests the growing importance of the Lake Superior roads.

In wheat and flour of course the receipts at Western points show a sharp falling off. The decrease in wheat

for the four weeks amounts to about 1½ million bushels, and in flour to nearly 200,000 barrels, making together a loss of over two million bushels. The spring-wheat points have been the chief sufferers, as heretofore. Chicago has a small increase, but it is in the winter variety and not in spring wheat. The following is our usual detailed statement.

RECEIPTS OF FLOUR AND GRAIN FOR FOUR WEEKS ENDED MARCH 30

AND SINCE JANUARY 1.

	Flour, (bbls.)	Wheat, (bush.)	Corn, (bush.)	Oats, (bush.)	Barley, (bush.)	Rye, (bush.)
Chicago-						
4 wks. Mch., 1889	218,816	630,498	3,495,589	2,503,150	930,688	44,921
4 wks. Mch , 1888	569,212	567,582	4,264,592	2,429,837	599,313	55,997
Since Jan. 1, 1889	771,608	1,832,374	12,476,8:2	8,362,578	3,592,658	309,880
Since Jan. 1, 1888	1,888,251	1,933,151	11,191,242	8,064,340	2,529,414	246,265
Milwaukee-	000 000	400 400	100 000	******		
4 wks. Mch , 1889	238,862	487,175	107,220	167,000	430,210	14,560
wks. Mch., 1888	181,511	636,936	96,670	140,000	314,602	16,88
Since Jan. 1, 1, 89	558,873	1,303,349	427,405	587,000	1,646,585	63,848
Since Jan. 1, 1888	495,806	1,807,429	275,490	513,000	1,019,186	154,624
St. Louis-	00.050	000 000	* ****	070 007		
wks. Mch., 1889	83,852	270,987	1,594,934	650,985	128,400	11,284
wks. Mch., 1888	85,893	225,358	1,351,850	373,030	126,497	4,450
Since Jan. 1, 1889	243,589	687,445	10,950,774	2,3 5,64	499,882	85,484
Since Jan. 1, 1888	215,22~	575,772	5,660,765	1,801,785	595,181	29,028
Toledo-	10 704	20 800	400 114	10 000	02 #00	
wks. Mch., 1889	10,784	78,523	400,114	19,800	22,722	5.415
wks. Mch., 1888	11,247	103,450	235,999	9,583	8,018	3,149
Since Jan. 1, 1889	32,502	317,636	1,013,676	64,759	37,387	14,779
ince Jan. 1, 1885	45,504	396,051	499,266	41,691	12,664	16,682
Detroit-	9,725	110,174	220,588	101,816	#1 800	
wks. Mch., 1889	15,475	129,419			51,583	*******
wks. Mch., 1888	32,031		48,119	57,761	57,780	******
ince Jan. 1, 1889	43,625	543,491	1,226,951	381,071	189,138	*******
Since Jan. 1, 1888	45,020	310, 131	181,392	200,354	215,116	**** ***
Cleveland- wks, Mch , 1889	24,198	193,633	100,955	107,042	13,329	3,961
wks. Mch., 185%	18,722	220,3:6	72,609	120,043	82,550	2,324
ince Jan. 1, 1889	76,182	543,800	231,773	325,142	81,139	10,170
	53,586	628,152	231,204	396,853	97,174	
Since J., n. 1, 1888	20,000	020,102	. 201,201	300,003	37,114	3,259
Peoria- wks. Mch., 1889	8,095	83,500	968,000	706,000	60,000	32,450
wks. Mch., 1888	7,882	24,000.	692,310	945,730	85,800	24,050
ince Jan. 1, 1889	26,012	286,000	4,015,250	2.125 000	274,800	135,200
Since Jan. 1, 1888	25,305	143,500	3,076,540	2,990,930	331,400	105,000
Duluth-	20,000	110,000	0,010,020	2,000,000	001,100	100,000
wks. Meh., 1889	48,683	387,377	381,530			
wks. Mch., 1858	20,000	839, 471	001,000			
Since Jan. 1, 1889	156,786	1,157,125	381,530			
Since Jan. 1, 1858		1,325,307				
Minneapolis-						
wks. Mch , 1889		1,973,758	*****			
wks. Mcn., 1888		2,702,400				
ince Jan. 1, 1889	*******	5,589,658	*******		*******	*******
Since Jan. 1, 1888		8,129,920				*******
Total of all-						
wks. Mch., 1889	643,010	4,209,625	7,463,930	4,246.873	1,636,882	112,541
wks. Mch., 1888	839,941	5,448,912	6,761,579		1.224,560	106.244
Since Jan. 1, 1889	1,897,583	12,127, 209	30,730,241		6,371.5-7	5-9,318
Since Jan. 1, 1888	2,772, 05	15,490,506		14,008,993	5,100,135	554,858

In order to afford an idea of how the grain movement in the Northwest compares not only with last year but with the year preceding, we have prepared the following table, indicating the receipts at Chicago for the even month in 1889, 1888 and 1887.

RECEIPTS AT CHICAGO DURING MARCH AND SINCE JANUARY 1.

		March.		Since January 1.			
	1889.	1885.	1887.	1889.	1888.	1887.	
Wheat. bush	718,974	627,890	1,160,946	1,805,093	1,433,149	2,941,838	
Corn bush.	3,995,950	4,521,512	5,193,856	12, 48 453	11,191,116	10,509,045	
Oatsbush.	2,740,839	2,592,630	3,779,628	8,243,400	8,046.480	9,046,124	
Rye bush.	55,168	60,298	52,109	291,629	246,25	137,454	
Barley.bush.	1,007,649	682,982	1,086,341	3,542,951	2,834,314	3,144,080	
Total grain	8,518,580	8,488,310	11,222,878	25,935,5 9	24,253,824	25,928,741	
Flourbbls.	238,379	687,630	5:9,195	666.277	1,883,951	1,671,078	
Pork bbls	5,374	4,983	16,787	13,899	15,584	28,632	
Cut m'ts.lbs.	18,194,810	12,888,043	23,783,878	52,419,223	38,197,252	65,985,784	
Lard lbs.	8,763,623	7,417,196	11,111,314	22,601,920	19,891,151	28,119,123	
LivahogaNe	429,550	419,807	854,158	1,472,724	1,430,077	1 294,488	

Thus notwithstanding gains in the minor cereals, the aggregate receipts at that point of wheat, corn, oats, rye and barley have not differed much from the total for March, 1888, when there had been a falling off of 2\frac{3}{4} million bushels. Besides this, the receipts of flour stand at only 238,379 bbls., against 637,630 in 1888 and 589,193 bbls. in 1887. In provisions and hogs (also contained in this table) there is a general improvement over last year, but only in the case of hogs is there improvement over 1887.

There is one class of roads that has had decided advantages from the movement of agricultural tonnage. We refer to Southern roads, which as a rule have carried greatly increased amounts of cotton. This is apparent both from the heavier movement of cotton overland and the enlarged receipts at the ports. The gross overland in March, 1889, was 135,736 bales, against only 78,723 bales in March, 1888, and the port receipts were 280,388 bales, against 196,644 bales. New Orleans

is the only prominent point having smaller receipts than last year, and there the falling off follows from diminished arrivals over the Morgan road, the Ill. Cent., and by water; the Texas & Pacific, New Orleans & Northeastern, and Louisville New Orleans & Texas all brought in increased amount. Annexed is our usual comparative exhibit of the port receipts.

BECEIPTS OF COTTON AT SOUTHERN PORTS IN MARCH, AND FROM JANUARY 1 TO MARCH 31, 1889, 1888 AND 1887.

Donto		March.		Since January 1.			
Ports.	1889.	1888.	1887.	1889.	1888.	1887.	
Galvestonbales	32,008	15,616	15,499	142,317	85,377	111,630	
El Paso, &c	1,989			15,778			
New Orleans	92,684	103,441	115,728	475,00%	429,868	543,628	
Mobile	10,470	3,807	7,768	€5,070	42,764	51,724	
Florida	3,311	221	685	9,033	2,921	6,533	
Savannah	28,165	16,433	23,396	154,103	108,137	125,146	
Brunswick, &c	30,956	3,937	817	79,782	28,978	8,638	
Charleston	12,884	10,922	16,585	72,333	59,909	35,579	
Port Royal, &c	708	1,733	709	4,648	4,343	3,387	
Wilmington	8,160	1,572	2,241	20,719	18,051	17,541	
Washington, &c	28	37	24	1,543	830	447	
Norfolk	17,483	15,766	18,332	109,839	79,634	118,985	
West Point, &c	48,914	23,159	15,306	191,056	111,659	90,481	
Total	280,388	196,644	217,090	1.349.260	970,499	1.113,708	

With this analysis of the influences affecting earnings, it will be interesting to see how the March earnings have run for a series of years past. Here is a summary giving the totals back to 1880.

	Mileage.		Earn	T	
Period.	Year Given.	Year Preceding.	Year Given.	Year Preceding.	Increase or Decrease.
	Miles.	Miles.	8	*	
Mch., 1880 (50 roads)			16,900,306	13,175,604	Inc. 3,724,702
Mch., 1881 (42 roads)	82,208	27,967	14,714,286	13,512,930	Inc. 1,171,358
Mch., 1882 (53 roads)	43,232	37,738	20,377,285	16,731,111	lnc . 3,646,174
Mch., 1883 (65 roads)	51,622	47,301	25,836,925	22,085,760	Inc . 3,751,185
Mch., 1884 (59 roads)	39,291	38,025	16,345,626	17,276,001	Dec. 930,375
Mch., 1885 (58 roads)	45,392	43,624	17,290,374	16,587,835	Inc. 702,539
Mch., 1886 (63 roads)	47, 69	45,974	17,955,075	17,747,728	Inc. 207,847
Mch ,1887 111 roads	61,901	58,864	28,781,619	24,597,249	Inc. 4,184,370
Mch.,1888 (107 roads)	63,631	60,521	25,183,107	26,108,853	Dec. 925,748
Mch.,1889 (124 roads)	71,312	68,265	28,844,317	26,353,166	Inc . 2,492,15,

The important point to note is that the loss last year (notwithstanding the extraordinary gain of over 41 million dollars the previous year) was less than a million dollars-actually only \$925,746 on 107 roadswhile now for 1889 the gain is \$2,492,151 on 124 roads, and this, though there was, as pointed out, one less working day, an unsatisfactory grain movement and a diminished tonnage of coal.

In amount of gain, the Northern Pacific again stands at the head of the list, having an increase of \$426,851. in addition to an increase of \$177,000 the previous year. But there are other roads which have also greatly enlarged their totals. Thus the Louisville & Nashville has an increase of \$212,493, the Grand Trunk an increase of \$193,083, the Richmond & Danville an increase of \$172,707, the Mexican National an increase of \$111,500, and the Illinois Central an increase of \$198,543.

As a class, Southern roads have done by far the best of any. This follows in part of course from the larger cotton movement, but also in not insignificant measure to the great industrial development going on in that section of the country. We have already alluded to the marked improvement on the Louisville & Nashville and the Richmond & Danville. Some others, however, are equally conspicuous. The Mobile & Ohio, for instance, has added \$51,145 to its total of last year, or fully 25 per cent, and this after some improvement the previous year too. The Chesapeake & Ohio has a decrease, but the Richmond & Alleghany on the other hand has a heavy amount of gain, the one following in large part from the other, since the C. & O. turns much of its through business over to the Richmond & Alleghany, the latter being able to handle it more cheaply. We subjoin a comparison for six years on some of the leading Southern roads.

March.	1889.	1888.	1887.	1886.	1885.	1884.
-	\$	8	8	8	8	3
Chesape ke & Ohio	336,163	376,803	355,498	338,154	268,775	313,542
Ches Ohio & S. W.	157,482	160,628	152,202	189,004	128,528	116,110
Cin. N.O.& Tex.P.*	635,367	575,941	526,120	472,398	457,853	409,291
E. Tenn. Va.& Ga	501,786	444,667	414,382	344,023	324,401	331,109
Louisville & Nash.	1,473,695	1,261,202	1,327,519	1,103,935	1,280,523	1,187,738
Memphis & Char	132,107	124,616	127,816	115,171	109,252	111,925
Mobile & Ohio	251,733	203,558	189,466	166,152	±190,956	\$185,275
Norfolk & West	405,612	392,409	322,470	277,307	220,416	210,298
Rich. & Danv. sys.	1.010,149	837,442	778,213	795,429	721,297	679,149
Total	4,907,124	4,977,296	4,193,684	8,751,573	3,702,001	3,544,437

In Texas and the Southwest we have losses by the Texas & Pacific, the Kansas & Texas, the Little Rock & Memphis, and the St. Joseph & Grand Island, but the other roads reporting show improvement; in particular the Houston & Texas Central, Kansas City Fort Scott & Memphis, and Fort Worth & Denver have done

The trunk lines and the roads in the Middle Western States, with few exceptions, have improved on their results of last year, the exceptions generally covering roads on which coal is an important item of traffic. The New York Central earnings are but slightly changed, as was also the case last year. The Grand Trunk has a large amount of gain, as already pointed out, but the increase is not as heavy as the previous year's loss incurred on account of the dressed beef difficulty then existing. Among the roads especially distinguished for their good exhibits in the Middle Western States may be mentioned the Toledo St. Louis & Kansas City, the Lake Erie & Western, the Cincinnati Jackson & Mackinaw, and the Toledo Ann Arbor & North Michigan. As a rule, earnings in this section are above those of last year, but not up to those of March, 1887, which, however, was an exceptionally heavy month. This may be seen from the subjoined comparison.

March.	1889.	1888.	1887.	1886.	1885.	1884.
	8	8	8	*	8	8
Chicago & East. Ill.	205,377	205,974	197,888	+143,023	+146,726	+111,048
Chic. & W. Mich	120,197	111,028	133,658	129,256	112,839	138,575
fin. Ind. St. L. & C.	209,104	212,984	234,712	228,209	221,186	201,150
Cin. Wash. & Balt.	166,614	165,534	183,905	188,079	158,289	172,146
Col. H. V. & Tol	184,187	187,478	234,645	176,460	214,329	181,910
Det. Lansing & No.	88,512	72,445	106,214	104,710	97,757	115,689
Evansv.& Terre H.	68,217	64,053	72,:50	58,055	60,818	68,509
Flint & P. Marg	232,959	208,474	236,973	201,677	159,108	218,759
Grand Rap.& Ind.	257,198	242,898	255,769	202,017	193,790	225,411
Ohio & Mississippi	303,747	262,920	390,697	305,759	341,591	386,372
Total	1 896 110	1 763 789	2 046 711	1.787.245	1.705,493	1.817.569

* All lines. † Chicago & Indiana Coal not included here.

From the Northwest the returns are rather irregular, though it is not difficult to see the effects of the reduced movement of spring wheat and the holding back of corn. Both the Manitoba and the St. Paul & Duluth have suffered heavy reductions of their earnings. The Iowa Central also falls behind, as do the Dubuque & Sioux City and Cedar Falls & Minnesota. Most of the rest have but moderate gains after heavy losses last year. The Milwaukee & Northern, Milwaukee Lake Shore & Western, and Wisconsin Central, have done relatively better than some others. The St. Paul & Kansas City operating a larger system of roads, shows greatly enlarged earnings. Below is a comparison for six years on a few leading roads whose figures extend back as far as that.

March.	1889.	1888.	1887.	1886.	1885.	1884.
		8	*	8	8	*
Bur. C. Rap. & Nor.	228,259	209,597	286,875	241,949	272,369	217,349
Chic. Mil. & St. P.	2,020,500	1,930,888	2,212,687	2,033,614	2,081,071	1,788,726
Iowa Central	111,502	124,312	133,345	111,628	127,39	114,728
Milw. L. Sh. & W	234,638	166,436	247,795	149,138	100,771	100,357
Milwaukee & No	97,370	85,204	85,474	57,731	52,822	46,840
Minneap, & St. L	103,000	100,162	162,071	142,712	164,215	144,018
St. Paul & Duluth.	79,350	92,581	89,768	82,376	62,055	72,412
St. Paul M. & Man.	642,552	736,729	679,803	601,910	576,011	702,041
Total	8,519,471	3,445 909	3,897,813	3,421,052	3,438.700	3,188,469

^{*} Entire system. ‡ Not including St. Louis & Cairo.

GROSS EARNINGS AND MILEAGE IN MARCH.

	· Gr	oss Earnin	igs.	Mile	age.
Name of Road.	1889.	1888.	Increase or Decrease.	1889.	1888.
Atlanta & West Point	\$ 36,769	\$ 32,393	\$ 270	0.0	
Atlantic & Pacific	215 191	213,675	+4,376 +1,516	86 818	818
Buff Roch. & Pittsb Burl. Ced. Rap. & No.	151,078 228,259 56,413	166,580 209,597	-15,502 +18,662	1,046	1,04
Cairo Vinc. & Chic Canada Atlantic	43,339	54,619 40,145	$+18,662 \\ +1,794 \\ +3,194$	$\frac{267}{142}$	26
Canadian Pacific Cape Fear & Yad. Val.	1,061,000 35,630	968.523	$^{+92,477}_{+8,604}$	$4,795 \\ 245$	4,65
Chesapeake & Ohio Ches. Ohio & Southw.	336,163	27,026 376,803 160,628	-40,640 $-3,146$	502 398	50
Chicago & Atlantic	157,482 194,300	166,026	$^{-3,140}_{+28,274}_{-597}$	269	39 26
Chicago & East Ill. ¶. Chic. Milw. & St. Paul.	205,377 $2,020,500$	205,974 $1,930,889$	+89,611	496 5,678	5,67
Chicago & Ohio River. Chic. St. P. & Kans.C.	5,367 $235,583$	3,601 172,493	+89,611 $+1,766$ $+63,090$	$\frac{86}{811}$	65
Chic. & West Mich Cin, Ind. St. L. & Ch.	120,197	111,028 212,984 39,495	+9,169 -3.880	414 303	30
Cin. Jackson & Mack. Cin. N.O. & Tex. Pac.	209,104 $46,366$ $302,813$	39,495 290,593	+6,871 $+12,220$ $+26,992$	346 336	34
Alabama Gt. South N. O. & North East	154 654	127,662 74,895	+26,992	295	29
Vicksb. & Meridian	83,709 45,269 43,922	40.411	+13,811 $+4,858$ $+1,545$	196 143	19 14
Vicksb. Sh. & Pac Cin. Rich. & Ft. W	30.383	42,377 37,445	$+1,545 \\ -1,562$	170 86	17
Cin. Selma & Mobile. Cin. Wash. & Balt	9,993 166,614	7,496 $165,534$ $51,310$ $642,334$	$^{+2,497}_{+1,080}$	$^{67}_{281}$	28
Clev. Akron & Col Clev. Col. Cin. & Ind.	55,646 646,895	51,310	+4,336 +4,561	194 738	14- 73
Cleve. & Marietta Colorado Midlaud	20,957	20,050	+321	106	10
Col. & Cin. Midland	142,495 25,847	91,962 24,624 187,473	+321 +50,533 +1,223 -3,286	267 70	25
Col. Hock. Val. & Tol. Denv. & Rio Grande	184,187 $558,500$	041,846	+10,004	$\frac{325}{1,480}$	1,46
Denv. & R. G. West Det. Bay C. & Alpena	93,650 $44,302$	$95,950 \\ 38,757$	$-2,300 \\ +5,545$	369 226	36
	44,302 88,512 501,786	38,757 $72,445$ $444,667$	+16,067 $+57,119$	323 1,143	1,09
Evansv. & Indianap. Evansv. & T. Haute Flint & Pere Marq	22,967 68,217 232,959	18,296 64,053	+4,071	154	13
Flint & Pere Marq	232,959	208,474 92,773	$^{+4,164}_{+24,485}$	156 379 574	15 36
Fia. R'y & Nav. Co Ft. W. & Denv. City. Gr. Rapids & Indiana	98,538 69,876	42,742 187,891	+24,485 $+5,765$ $+27,134$	469	57 27
Other lines	199,491 21,822	17.002	+11,000	440 32	3
Grand Trunk of Can † Chic. & Gr. Trunk. †	1.451.970	1,258,837 $249,737$	$^{+4,260}_{+193,085}_{+31,130}$	$32 \\ 3,479 \\ 335$	3,41
Chie. & Gr. Trunk.† Det. Gr. H. & Mil†. Houst. & Tex. Cent	280,867 82,926 201,507 10,506	74,036	$^{+8,890}_{+38,840}$	189 513	18
Humeston & Shenan Ill. Cent.(Ill. & S.Div.)	10,506	162,667 10,189	+311	95	9
Cedar Falls & Minn. Dub. & Sionx City	1,078,373 6,121 134,165	879,830 7,513 149,988	+198,543 $-1,39$.	$\frac{2,167}{75}$	1,95 7
Ind. Dec. & West	26,482	20,12	-15,823 $+1,359$ $-12,510$	$\frac{524}{152}$	32 15
Kanawha & Ohio	111.802	124,312	-12,510 $+922$	509 129	50: 12:
Kanawha & Ohio Kan.C. Ft. S. & Mem. Kan. C. Clin. & Sp	19,366 250,777 14,208 81,819	211,016 12,733 76,37	$^{+922}_{+39,761}$ $^{+1,475}_{+1,475}$	671 163	67 16
Kenineky Central	81,819 25,603	76,37		254	25
Keokuk & Western Kingst, & Pembroke. Lake Erie & Western.	15,828	25,321 13,341	+282 +2,487 +57,200	148 113	14
Lengh & Hudson	$\begin{array}{c} 15,828 \\ 207,762 \\ 19,037 \end{array}$	150,562 13,339		592 63	54
Little Rock & Mem Long Island	$34,072 \\ 201,736 \\ 79,921$	46,407 168,917	-12,335 $+32,819$ $+7,700$ $+212,493$ $+16,825$	135 357	13 35
Louis, Evans, & St. L. Louisville & Nashv	1,473,695	168,917 72,221 1,261,202	$+7,700 \\ +212,493$	$254 \\ 2,176$	25
Louisv. N. Alb. & Chic. Louis. N. O. & Texas Marietta Col. & No	169.889	153,064 174,088		537 514	2,02 53 51
Marietta Col. & No Maryland Central	218.209 7,926 10,804	6,656 9,354	+1,270 +1,450 +7,491	40	4
Memphis & Char'ton. Mexican Central	132.107	124.616	+7,491	330	33
Mexican National Mexican Railway	511,369 321,167	550,286 209,667 246,771	-38,917 +111,500	1,397 1,217	1,23 86
Milw. L. Sh. & West	234,638	100,430	$^{+2,873}_{+68,202}$	293 660	59 30
Milwaukee & North Minn. & St. Louis	97.370	85,204 100,161	14 939	303 351	• 35
Mo. Kansas & Texas Mobile & Ohio	105,000 472,517 254,733	479,900 203,588		1,612 687	1,61
Mobile & Ohio Nashv. Chatt. & St. L. Natchez Jack. & Col.	290,83 13,156	257.133	+51,145 +33,705 +1,039	650	65 10
New Orleans & Gulf.	13,906 2,861,599	12,117 11,554 2,849,604	+1,039 +2,347 +11,990	100	6
New York & North'n. N. Y. Out. & Western Norfolk & Western	45,573	34,729	+10,844	1,420	1,44
Norfolk & Western	126,461 405,642	108,404 392,409	$^{+18,057}_{+13,233}$	327 594	32 55
Ohio Ind. & West	1,634,027 121,163	392,409 1,207,176 117,152	+426,851	3,440 342	3,28
Ohio & Mississippi	36,784	292,920 26,213 9,336	+10,827 $+10,541$	623 215	62 17
Ohio Valley of Ky Peoria D. c. & Evans.	51 176	9,336 52,765	+1,111 +1,411	98 25 i	25
Pittsburg & Western Presco t & Ariz. Cent	189,146 10,762 86,747	124.157		367	36
Rich. & Alleghany t		7,983 46,793	+2,779 $+39,954$ $+172,707$ $-6,505$	73 252	25
R. & Dan. sys (8 rds.). St. Jo. & Gr. 1sland St. L. A. & T. H. brehs	1,010,149 92,291 84,828	98.796	+172,707 $-6,505$	2,633 447	2,60 44
St. Louis Ark. & Tex.	227,011	74,487 202,121 450,287	$^{+10,341}_{+26,690}$	242	1,11
St. Louis & San Fran. St. Paul & Duluth St. Paul Minn. & M	$\frac{458,402}{79,350}$	92,081	$^{+8,115}_{-13,231}$	1,262 1,329 238	1,31
San A. & Aran, Pass.	642,552 74,888	7.36, 729	-94.177	3,024 413	2,65 35
Shenandoah Valley Staten Island R. Tr	70,000	66,499 70,940 42,98-	-940 +8 158	255	25
Texas & Pacific	51,146 477,685 81,506	42,98- 521,169	+8,158 -43,484	1,487	1,48
Tol. A. A. & N. Mich	20,0361	46,355 13,615	+6,471	245 45	18
Tol. & Ohio Central	76,819	78,482 70,601	-1,663 -376	237 247	22 24
Tol. Peoría & West Tol. St. L. & Kan. C Valley of Ohio	70,225 $76,711$ $49,055$	36,624 43,407	+40,087	31 4	26
Websel West	44×,379 44,742	443 674	$+5,648 \\ +4,705$	1,001	1,00
Wabash Western	44 74 91				
Western of Alabama. West. N. Y. & Penn Wheeling & L. Erie	$ \begin{array}{r} 44,742 \\ 239,100 \\ 68,950 \end{array} $	35,247 227,983 72,553	+9,495 +11,117 -3,603	138 658 187	· 65

^{*} Three weeks only of March. † For four weeks ending March 30, † Mexican currency. ¶ Includes Chicago & Indiana Coal.

For the first quarter of the year the showing is very satisfactory. There is a gain of \$6,196,564 on the 123 roads reporting.

GROSS EARNINGS FROM JANUARY 1 TO MARCH 31.

Atlanta & West Point. \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	\$ 23,130 4,579
Atlantic & Pacine 692,630 622,097 67,553 Buffalo Roch & Pitts 457,626 480,756 Burl. Ced. Rap. & No 650,015 638,856 11,159 Cairo Vincennes & Chic 61,406 165,985 Canda Atlantic 200,032 105,406 8,107 Canda Atlantic 200,032 622,097 67,553 Canda Atlantic 200,032 622,097 Canda Atlantic 200,032 Canda Atlantic 200,032 622,097 Canda Atlantic 200,032 Canda Canda Atlantic 200,032 Canda Canda Canda Canda Can	23,130 4,579 76,923
Atlantic & Pacine 692,630 622,097 67,553 Buffalo Roch & Pitts 457,626 480,756 Burl. Ced. Rap. & No 650,015 638,856 11,159 Cairo Vincennes & Chic 61,406 165,985 Canda Atlantic 200,032 105,406 8,107 Canda Atlantic 200,032 622,097 67,553 Canda Atlantic 200,032 622,097 Canda Atlantic 200,032 Canda Atlantic 200,032 622,097 Canda Atlantic 200,032 Canda Canda Atlantic 200,032 Canda Canda Canda Canda Can	4,579 76,923
Cairo Vincennes & Chie 161,406 165,985 105,406 8,107 Canada Atlautic 113,513 105,406 8,107 Canadian Pacific	4,579 76,923
Canadian Pacific 9 909 004 9 607 709 107 909	76,92 3
Cape Fear & Yadkin Val. 102,419 82,931 19,488 Caesapeake & Ohio 1,022,294 1,099,217 7	76,92 3
Cuesapeare & Onio 1,022,234 1,033,217	
Ches. Ohio & So. West 491,716 477,151 14,567 Chicago & Atlantic 511,709 472,025 39,684	•••••
Chicago & Atlantic 511,709 472,025 39,684 Chicago & Eastern Illinois 625,359 619,658 5,701	
Chicago & Ohio River 19,825 10,216 9,615 Chic, St. P. & Kan. City. 616,686 424,191 192,495 Chicago & West Mich 316,753 296,977 19,781	
Clin. Ind. St. L. & C	
Alahama Gt South'n 460 873 393 119 67 755	
Cin. Rich. & Ft. Wayne 103,345 101.758 1.587	
Cin. Wash, & Baltimore. 501.175 507.342 5,905	6,167
Cley, Arroll & Col	
	2,539
Colorado Midland 375,860 262,087 113,773 Col. & Cin. Midland 77,879 74,571 3,308 Col. Hock Val. & Tol. 581,141 583,541 Denver & Rio Grande 1,623,992 1,642,984 1,642,984 Denver & R. G. Western 311,383 275,358 36,025 Det. Bay City & Alpena 124,564 101,288 23,276 Detroit Lansing & No 240,699 208,197 32,502 Fast Tenn, Va. & Ga. 1497,510 1,376,625 290,885	2,400 19,292
Denver & R. G. Western. 1,623,592 1,642,984	19,292
Det. Bay City & Alpena. Detroit Lansing & No East Tenn. Va. & Ga 1497.510 Evansyille & Indianap.	
East Tenn. Va. & Ga. 1,497,510 1,376,625 120,885 Evansville & Indianap 63,804 52,426 11,378 Evansv. & T. Haute 204,651 193,415 10,635	
*Fort Worth & Den. City 223.212 177.594 45.618	
Grand Rapids & Ind 521,707 502,019 19,688 Other lines 49,994 45,465 4,529	
Grand Tr. of Canada . † 4,317,307 3,856,263 461,044	••••••
Det. Gr. Hav. & Mil. 1 232,912 234,941	2,029
Humeston & Shenand'b 30,500 36,150	5,650
	163 27,062
	,
*Kan City Ft. S. & Mem 1.022.247 905.591 116.656	••••••
*Kan. City Clin. & Spring 55,584 51,566 4,018 Kentucky Central 216,103 220,387 Kookuk & Western 77,121 79,396	4,284 2,275
Kingston & Pembroke 38,168 35,282 2,886	2,275
	••••••
Lang Island 142,270 183,844 4	11,574
Louisv. N. Alb. & Chic. 493,617 44 ,877 48,740 Louisv. N. O. & Texas. 691,772 641,276 50,496 Marietta Columb. & No. 22,603 21,886 717 Maryland Central. 23,206 26,679 1,527	
Maryahu Central 25,200 20,075 1,527	33,158
Mexican National	
*Mexican Railway! 1,021,001 960,329 60,672 Milw L. Shore & West'n. 592,045 443,404 148,641 Milwaukee & Northern 260,586 222,897 37,689	
Milw. L. Shore & West'n. 519.045 443.404 143.641 Milwaukee & Northern 20.586 222.897 37.689 Minneapolis & St. Louis 283.390 295.995 Mo. Kansas & Texas 1,366.140 1,397.99 Mobile & Olio 1,366.140 621.790 1,366.140 1,397.99 1,366.140 2,397.99 1,366.140 1,397.99	12,605 31,859
Mobile & Onio 816,686 621,790 194,896	31,839
Nash. Chatt. & St. L 859,545 776,774 82,771 Natchez Jack. & Col 45,294 42,077 8,207 New Orleans & Gulf 40,826 44,521	3,695
N. Y. Cen, & Hud. Riv. 8.033.479 8.152.796 11	19,317
N.Y. & Northern	
N. Y. & Northern	4,015
	•••••
Ohio Valley of Ky 29 766 28 600 1 166	
Peoria Dec. & Evans 170,580 161,751 8,829 Peoria Dec. & Western 495,760 400,415 95,345 Pescott & Arizona Cent 32,561 25,205 7,356 Rich. & Danv. (§ roads). 282,369 2,536,253 286,116	
Prescott & Arizona Cent. 499,760 400,415 35,349 7,356 Richamond & Alleghany† 272,101 131,730 140,371 Richamond & Alleghany† 272,101 25,205 256,253 286,116 St. Jos. & Gr. Island 266,194 251,773 14,421 251,2760 St. L. Arkan. & Texus 745,516 636,753 108,763 8t. Louis & S. Francisco 1,292,969 1,233,924 59,045 281, Paul & Duluth 299,908	
St. Jos. & Gr. Island 266,194 251,773 14,421	
Rich. & Dany. S. Foads). 2,822,369 2,536,253 286,116 St. L. Alt. & T. H. Br'chs. St. L. Arkan. & Texus 745,516 636,753 108,763 St. Louis & S. Francisco. 1,229,669 1,233,924 59,045	
8t. Louis & S. Francisco. 1,292,969 1,233,924 59,045 8t. Paul & Duluth 209,908 241,963 3 8t. Paul Minn & Mon 151,909 1771,469 3	32,055
San Ant & Arons Pass 941 017 199 417 59 600	52,353
	7,220
	55,621
Toledo & Ohio Central . 234,330 289,951 70. Peoria & Western . 213,557 210,335 3.221 70. St. L. & Kan. C. 213,292 104,768 108,524 Valley of Ohio . 136,258 121,465 14,793 Wabash Western . 1,340,331 1,2 8,529 131,811	
Western of Alabama 152,291 136,110 16,181 Western N. Y. & Penn. 709,337 656,306 53,031 Whoeling & Lebe Frie 200 221 213.	2,874
Western N. Y. & Penn. 709,337 656,306 53,031 Wheeling & Lake Erie 209,261 212,135 Wisconsin Central 804,427 777,942 26,485	2,874
	22,869
* Three weeks only of March in each year. † To March 30.	

Monetary Commercial English News

[From our own correspondent.]

London, Saturday, March 30, 1889.

As usual in the last week of the financial year, the disbursements from the Exchequer have exceeded the receipts. A considerable amount of gold has likewise been sent into the Bank of England during the week. Furthermore, the fears which were very strong a week or ten days ago that serious difficulties in Paris would occur again at the Liquidation beginning on Monday next, and consequently that gold might be taken to Paris, have now disappeared. And, finally, the fortnightly settlement here in London has passed off very easily. Indeed it was found that a very large short interest had been created, and in consequence there was not as much demand for money as had been expected. For all these reasons the rate of discount has tended downwards during the week, On Thursday it fell sharply to 21/2 per cent. Yesterday it went down to 21/4 per cent, and to-day it is still easier. The probability is that the fall will continue through next week unless, indeed, some untoward event not now anticipated happens, The French exchange has been falling, and as it is certain that immense quantities of stock exchange securities of all kinds have been sold on French account in London, it is possible that gold may be taken to Paris. Should a drain of gold set in from that or from any other cause, it would change the outlook; otherwise it is possible that the Directors of the Bank of England will lower their rate of discount within a short time, and that we shall have some weeks of very cheap money. About the end of April or the beginning of May the supply of loanable capital in the outside market will tend to decrease rapidly, for trade is active and wages are rising all over the country. The coal miners of South Wales have been granted the advance which they demanded, and everywhere the agitation is increasing for higher wages.

The Banks of Bengal and Bombay have this week lowered their rates of discount to 11 per cent, and a further reduction is expected soon. Consequently exchange is lower, and the Indian demand for silver less; yet in the middle of the week there was a slight rise in the price, but it has not been maintained. The buying was believed to have been for the mint. The supply of silver in the market is not large, and any exceptional demand, therefore, immediately tells upon the

price.

According to the Budget statement made by the Indian Finance Minister in Calcutta on Wednesday last, the India Council is to draw bills and telegraphic transfers upon the Presidency treasuries during the year beginning on Monday The Minister next, sufficient to realize £14,690,000 in sterling. hopes that this can be done at a rate equal to the average of the year ending to-morrow. Twelve months ago, however, the then Finance Minister hoped that the average of the preceding year would be maintained in the year now ending. As a matter of fact, however, it is found that the average for the year now ending is more than ½d. per rupee lower than the average of the year ended with March, 1888. The probability appears to be, therefore, that the Finance Minister's hope will not be realized. The amount to be realized in sterling exceeds by £690,000 the amount provided for in the Budget twelve months ago. That alone would tend to depress exchange. But further, the exchange is lower now than the average of the year. Much, of course, will depend upon the harvest this year. India has not been able to maintain the competition in wheat with Russia during the past year. If she is able to sell much larger quantities of wheat than she has been doing for the past twelve months or so, she will be in a position to take more silver. Otherwise it is to be feared that the value of the rupee will continue to fall and with it that the embarrassments of the Indian Finance Minister will continue to grow. Besides drawing for a larger amount than in the year just ending, the India Council will borrow in London 33/4 millions sterling for the use of Indian railway companies. It has been found not always easy for the smaller Indian railway companies to obtain money in London at moderate rates. The Indian Government, consequently, has decided to borrow the money itself in the first place, and to lend it to the railway companies. It is to be presumed that this loan, which will be at the disposal of the India Council in London, has been taken into account when fixing the amount of bills and transfers to be sold. And if so, the Council's expenditure in London in the coming year will be very large.

The Finance Minister, while speaking hopefully of Indian finance, dwells upon the embarrassments caused by the fall in silver; and observes that the governments of the United States and of several European countries could bring about a crisis at any moment. He urges, therefore, that the only possible solution is to be found in an international arrangement. Powerful, however, as is the influence of the Indian Government, it is not powerful enough to induce the British Parliament to adopt bimetallism. It seems safe to say, therefore, that Sir David Barbour's appeal will remain unheeded, like so many other recommendations to the same effect addressed by Indian officials and the Indian Government to this country.

The course of the Stock Markets this week has surprised the oldest and most experienced observers. Within a few months losses have fallen upon France which must be measured by hundreds of millions of dollars when we take into account the collapse of the Panama Canal Company and the stoppage of work on the Corinth Canal, as well as the consequences of the recent crisis. It seemed inevitable, therefore, that there must be a fall in prices of all kinds, but this week there has, on the contrary, been a very marked rise in foreign Government bonds and in British railway stocks. The rise is the more surprising and incomprehensible because the breakdown of the Comptoir d'Escompte has occurred within the present month, and the full consequences of that event cannot, therefore, be ascertained until the end of the Liquidation on the Paris Bourse, which begins on Monday. The shares of the Comptoir d'Escompte about a month ago stood at about 1,050 francs, and they have fallen this week to about 85 francs. This is but a sample of what has occurred, and yet before it is known how the Liquidation will be got through, there is an actual boom in the market for foreign Government bonds. Egyptian bonds are higher than they have ever before been. On Thursday the preference bonds were $105\frac{1}{2}$ and the unified bonds were yesterday 901/2 at one time. Russian bonds are much above par, and Greek, Spanish, Hungarian, Austrian, Italian and French bonds have all risen. There has likewise been a very considerable rise in the ordinary stocks of several English railways. In the deferred stock of the London, Brighton & South Coast Company, the rise during the week has been about £10. The reason assigned for this latter movement is that the company will greatly benefit from the Paris Exhibition. But that does not explain the rise in other English railway stocks, and certainly does not explain the boom in foreign government bonds. While these latter have been rising the market for American railroad securities is quite neglected; even the demand for bonds has fallen away, and there is hardly anything doing in shares.

The rise has been manipulated by Continental operators, chief among whom are the great houses of Paris. In the three weeks immediately following the run on the Comptoir d'Escompte, that is, the three weeks ended March 28th, the Bank of France advanced to the Comptoir d'Escompte, the other deposit banks in France and bankers and capitalists generally, over 161/4 millions sterling, nearly all being made in Paris. It did this at the instigation, if not at the express command, of the Finance Minister, and it is understood that before doing it it secured a promise from the Government that its charter, which will run out in about nine years, is to be prolonged for thirty years. To secure the prolongation, as well as to prevent a panic, which would probably have swept away every other deposit bank in Paris, the Bank of France made these enormous advances, risking very considerable loss. By so doing it has enabled the great Paris houses to arrange for preventing any very serious disaster at the coming Liquidation, and it has likewise put them in a position in which they have been able to support markets. During the crisis there was large speculative selling of foreign government bonds of all kinds in the principal European markets. The great houses were well aware of this, and they calculated that if they could not only support markets but raise them a little, they would frighten the bears and thus cause a considerable rise. Their calculations have been fully justified so far. The bears all through the week, not only in London, but in Paris, Berlin and Amsterdam, and the other Stock Exchange centres, have been buying back eagerly, and the result is the boom referred to above. If the speculative movement should attract the general public, it may be that the speculators who have suffered so heavily in Paris will be able to dispose of a large part of the stocks they are now carrying. Here in London there is no evidence of much buying on the part of the public. It may

be different, however, upon the Continent. In any case the fact remains that over 1614 millions sterling have been advanced by the Bank of France to the other great institutions, and that the advances must sometime or other be repaid. When the time of repayment comes it would seem that there must be a large liquidation and that, in the ordinary course of events, would bring down prices.

The great houses had another strong inducement for acting as they have done, and in this they had the co-operation of the great houses all over Europe. They have entered into arrangements with several governments to bring out loans, and they were obliged, therefore, to prepare the markets for fulfilling their contracts. It was understood last week that the Russian Government had consented to postpone its conversion loan. But either that Government was unwilling or unable to do so or else the great French houses believed that the bringing out of the loan would impress the popular imagination in France and induce a belief that the situation was much sounder than it really is; in any event, the loan was brought out on Tuesday last, and of course it is declared to be a great success. It is for 28 millions sterling and bears 4 per cent interest. The whole of the outstanding bonds of the loan of 1871 is to be redeemed by means of it, and such portions of the loans of 1870, 1872, 1873 and 1884 will also be redeemed as the remaining funds will allow of. On Wednesday a Greek loan of \$1,200,-000 was brought out in London, and it is said that we are to have a quick succession of other loans, all of them, it is confidently predicted, to be brilliant successes. All prudent peop'e are asking how long will it last and what will it end in?

Representatives of the American copper mining companics have arrived in Paris and are reported to be very willing to do everything within their power for the purpose of keeping up the price of copper. The great houses in Paris which have taken over the copper from the Société des Métaux have appointed representatives to meet the American representatives, and there are also representatives of those London houses which some time ago were arranging for the formation of a London trust. The idea is to pledge the great houses in Paris to keep the stock of copper now held by them off the markets, and sell it only very gradually in conjunction with the mining companies, the mining companies on their part undertaking to limit the production, and to allow a fair proportion of the copper sold to be taken from the stocks held in Paris. In principle all parties are agreed, but there are many serious difficulties in working out the details, and it is probable that the negotiations will take a much longer time than was anticipated. Meanwhile the price of copper, which rose last week to £42 10s. per ton, has gone back again to about £40.

The rise in the gold premium at Buenos Ayres has alarmed the Government there, which lately issued a decree forbidding time bargains in gold. The Bourse disregarded the decree, and in consequence the Finance Minister closed the Bourse. The Bourse, apparently, has given way since it has been opened again; but the decree will have little effect upon the gold premium, which, though it may be exaggerated by speculation, is caused, not by speculation but by excessive issues of inconvertible paper. These issues have stimulated a wild speculation in houses and lands, in railway building and in company mongering of all kinds. And it is clear that the Government has become seriously alarmed, and knows not what to do to prevent the coming catastrophe. Nevertheless, the prices of Argentine stocks here are wonderfully well maintained.

There is nothing new to report in the wheat market, which continues quiet.

The following return shows the position of the Bank of England, the Bank rate of discount, the price of consols, &c. compared with the last three years:

	189	1888.	1887	1886.
	£	£	£	3
Circulation	23,665,540	23,972,555	23,800,625	24,453,346
Pablic deposits	12,445,723	14,002,333	10,543.55	11,303,032
Other deposits	24,198,089	25,981,701	23,727,838	23,140,3:8
Government securities	15,499,861	18,009,681	14.210,438	14,584 802
Other securities	24,511.201	25,310,977	21,826,341	24.591.030
Reserve of notes and coin	15,216,119	15,1:9,746	16,719,907	13,748 128
Coin and bullion	22,681,659	22,912,424	24.770,532	22,451.468
Prop. assets to liabilities p. c.	41 5-16	37 11-16	48 9-16	3934
Bank rate	3 p. c.	2 p. c.	316 p. c.	2 p. c.
Consols	101	191 11-16	10134	10114@36
Clearing-House return	119,165,000	158,904,000	124,345,00:	125,215,0

Messrs. Pixley & Abell write as follows on the state of the bullion market:

Gold —With the exception of some Nappleons purchased for the Continent, there has been no demand for gold, and arrivals have chiefly been bought by the Bank of England. The Bank has gained during the week £564,009 and sold £194,00, of which £100,000 was for the Capp and £50,000 for Lisbon. More gold has been shapped from New York. The arrivals are: From River Plate, £147,0-0; from Chile, £9,000, and from New York, £250,000; total, £406,000. The Sutlej takes £5,000 in coin to Bombay.

Silver.—With weaker Indian exchanges, and aided by a cessation of the special demand which had alsorbed so much silver, the price fell on the 22d to 42546d,, and on the 25th to 425d. Extreme scarcity induced a rise to 425d, and on the 25th to 425d. Extreme scarcity induced a rise to 425d, yesterday. The arrivals are: From Chile, £78,000; from New York, £20,000; total, £98,000. £125,000 has been shipped to B mbay.

to B mbay.

Mexica i Dol'ars.—Taese coin have not been quoted during the week, but a small business was done in them yesterday at 41% i.

The following shows the imports of cereal products into the United Kingdom during the past thirty weeks of the season compared with previous seasons:

IMPORTS. 1888-9

1		1000-0.	1887-8.	1880-7.	1289-0
ı	Wheatcwt.	35,886,118	26,957,165	29,503,586	28,236,294
ı	Barley	12,541,404	11,243,364	12,070,628	7 478,461
١	Oats	9,093,124	9,216,793	8,310,349	5.519,572
١	Peas	1,214,488	2,058,674	1,447,807	1,267,327
ı	Beans	1.964,009	1,564,778	8,534,107	1,920,054
ı	Indian corn	15.7×0,715	12,715,984	15,539,618	16,058,418
1	Flour	8,598.747	10,822,320	10,110,5:9	7,950,724

Supplies of wheat available for consumption (exclusive of stocks on September 1):

•	1882-9.	1887-8.	1886-7.	1885-6.
Imports of wheat.cwt.	35,986,118	26.95 ,165	29,80 -,586	28,236,294
Imports of flour	8,598,747	10,822,320	10,110,589	7 950,724
Sales of home-grown.	22,249,377	25,833,820	20,746,898	27,111,430

Total 66,734,242 63,663,305 60,6:6,07 1888-9. 1887-8. 1886-7. 1885-6. Aver. price wheat week .: 0s. 5d. 30s. 6d. 33s. 0d. 30s. 9d. Aver. price wheat ... season 31s. 6d. 30s. 2d. 32s. 7d. 30s. 5d. 7d. 30s. 5d.

The following shows the quantities of wheat, flour and maize afloat to the United Kingdom:

	This week	Last week.	1888.	1887.
Wheat qrs	1,775,000	1.670,000	1,872,500	1,826,000
Flour, equal to grs.	212,000	186,000	268,000	239,500
Maize	268,500	325,000		341,000

English Financial Markets-Per Cable.

The daily closing quotations for securities, &c., at London are reported by cable as follows for the week ending April 12.

London.	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.
silver, per ozd.	424	42516	42513	4218	4218	4218
Consols, new 23 per ets.		98915	98 46	98716	9812	98716
do for account	9.9.8	98:116	9-58	98 16	9858	98916
Fr'ch rentes (in Paris) fr.	85 37 4	85.5712	85.60	85.75	85.971	86.10
U. S. 4128 of 1891	110	110	110	110	110	110
U. S. 4s of 1907	1314	1314	13112	131 4	13112	13114
Canadian Pacific		5238	5 :38	5 58	524	5158
Chie. Mil. & St. Paul		654	6558	6738	6758	674
Erie common stock		2 458	2514	2-78	29	29
	11314	113	1134	11334	114	11434
Pennsylvania		5578	5578	5619	5618	5614
Philadelphia & Reading.		2234	2238	2278	23	2318
		10 112	10938	11019	11012	11038

Commercial and Miscellaneous News

NATIONAL BANKS.-The following National Banks hav recently been organized:

recently been organized:

4,002.—The Big Bend National Bank of Davenport, Wash. Ter. Capital, 550,000 N Fred Essig, President; Chas. C. May, Cashier.

4,003.—The First National Bank of Harrisourg, Ill. Capital, 500,000. Robert Mick, President; Thomas W. Hall. C sibler.

4,004.—The Farmers' and Mechanics' National Bank of Fort Worth, Tex. Capital, \$50,000. John R. Hoxie, President; S. D. Ruiney, Jr., Cashier.

4,005.—The Catz n. National Bank of Spokane Falls, Washington Ter. Capital, \$50,000. B. C. Van Houten, President; J. F. McEwen, Cashier.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS FOR THE WEEK.—The imports of last week, compared with those of the preceding week, shows an increase in both dry goods and general merchandise. The total imports were \$11,689,513 against \$8,121,328 the preceding week and \$11,255,553 two weeks previous. The exports for the week ended April 9 amounted to \$7,535,876 against \$6,813,504 last week and \$7,307,241 two weeks previous. The following are the imports at New York for the week ending (for dry goods) April 4 and for the week ending (for general merchandise) April 5; also totals since the beginning of the first week in January.

FOREIGN IMPORTS AT NEW YORK. IMPORTS AND EXPORTS FOR THE WEEK .- The imports of last

FOREIGN IMPORTS AT NEW YORK.

For Week.	1886.	1887.	1888.	1889.
Ory Goods Gen'l mer'dise	\$2,344,591 7,781,568		\$2,265,318 8,904,698	\$3,001,827 8,684,686
Total	\$10,126,097	\$8,727,258	\$11,170,016	\$11,689,513
Since Jan. 1. Dry Goods Gen'l mer'dise	\$36,641,905 85,385,039			
	2102 000	2107 102 101	2102 012 220	2110 000 010

Total 14 weeks. \$122,026,944 \$125,592,105 \$135,615,558 \$142,609,040 The following is a statement of the exports (exclusive of specie) from the port of New York to foreign ports for the week ending April 9 and from January 1 to date:

EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK.						
-	1886.	1887.	1888.	1889.		
For the week Prev. reported	\$5,0 97 ,796 71,662,963					
Total 14 weeks.	\$76,760,759	\$82,744,930	\$80,091.066	\$96.221.160		

The following table shows the exports and imports of specie at the port of New York for the week ending April 6 and since January 1, 1889, and for the corresponding periods in 1888 and 1887:

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS OF SPECIE AT NEW YORK.

Week. \$2,130	\$3.956,096	Week.	Since Jan.1.
\$2,130	92 038 008		
		\$	\$
	20,950		746,565
250 302	1 435 199	167	948,897 92 945
230,332	10,000	1,231	18.137
	1,447.780		46,676
7,500	75,600	3,642	108,313
\$260,022	\$6,945,848	\$14,404	\$1,961,533
1:0,449	4,100,278		
347.105	4,724,3 8	154 960	3.423.982
	250,392 7,500 \$260,022 150,449 347,105	250,392 1,435,422 10,000 1,447,780 7,500 \$260,022 \$6,945,848	250,392 1,435,422 1,6 7 10,000 1,231 1,447,780 7,8 4 7,500 75,600 3,642 \$260,022 \$6945,848 \$14,404 1±0,449 4,100,278 47,302 347,105 4,724,3 8 154 960

6/2	Expe	orts.	1mp	Imports.	
Silver.	Week.	since Jan. 1	Week.	Since Jan.1.	
Great Britain	\$339,490	\$4,572,361	\$14,600	\$29,200	
	5,000	82,400	598	598	
West Indies		15,968	1,946	64,992 31.195	
South America	3,149	13,871	25.954	31.5 ⁻ 3	
All other countries		103,473	10,447	314,84)	
Total 1889	\$347,639	3,334,747	\$53,545	\$472,407	
Total 1888	138,570		669	573,002	
Total 1887	205,950		153,473	615,859	

Of the above imports for the week in 1889, \$3,914 were American gold coin and \$2,456 American silver coin. Of the exports during the same time, \$11,700 were American gold coin.

Called Bonds.-The following bonds have been called for payment:

CITY OF COLUMBUS, IND.—\$48,000 7 3-10 per cent bonds, Nos. 3 to 50, inclusive, will be redeemed by Messrs. Winslow, Lanier & Co., New York, on July 1, on which date interest

SHARON RAILWAY.—The principal and accrued interest of bonds will be paid June 1, by the First National Bank, Sharon, Penn., or by Messrs. Coffin & Stanton, New York.

DUNLEITH & DUBUQUE BRIDGE.—Bonds Nos. 10, 12, 78, 103, 146, 157, 158, 167, 204, 236, 251, 290, 317, 355, 419, 434, 471, 490, will be redeemed May 1, at 214 Broadway, N. Y., \$1,050 being paid on each bond. Interest ceases May 1.

ST. PAUL MINNEAPOLIS & MANITOBA. - First mortgage sinking fund 7 per cent land grant gold bonds, numbered as below, will be redeemed at 105 and accrued interest, on presentation to J. S. Kennedy, 45 Wall Street. Interest will cease July 1.

5. Kennedy, 45 Wall Street. Interest will cease July 1.

5. bonds of \$100 each. Nos. 37, 117, 144, 145, 196, 238, 252, 279, 310, 884, 439, 415, 418, 474, 497, 543, 572, 619, 636, 666, 678, 69, 751, 755, 774, 885, 945, 1025, 1056, 1063, 1075, 1089, 1146, 1220, 1244, 1262, 1346, 1347, 14e1, 1408, 1457, 1494, 1597, 1611, 16-29, 1748, 1776, 1825, 1915, 2024, 2030, 2105, 2142, 2152, 2183, 176, 1825, 1915, 2024, 2030, 2105, 2142, 2152, 2183, 257, 283, 384, 290 bonds of \$5100 each. Nos. 81, 38, 52, 96, 117, 177, 394, 359, 3-9, 420, 442, 461, 472, 500, 515, 587, 589, 630, 634, 732, 757, 825, 834, 971, 1064, 1115, 1122, 1148, 1158, 1162, 1185, 136, 1404, 146, 61493, 125, 1646, 1415, 163, 1605, 1631, 167, 1678, 1689, 1833, 1839, 1857, 1868, 1945, 284, 2112, 2139, 2162, 2277, 2264, 2278, 2218, 2358, 2358, 2358, 2358, 2358, 2358, 2358, 2358, 3276, 321, 302, 3331, 3335, 3365, 3372, 3450, 3460, 3484, 359, 73, 3594, 4012, 4013, 443, 4065, 4127, 4162, 4163, 4193, 4163, 4163, 4163, 4163, 4163, 4163, 4163, 4163, 4163, 4163, 4164, 4470, 4459, 4461, 4467, 4507, 4518, 4530, 4734, 456, 4617, 4621, 4704, 4827, 4833, 4905, 4925, 4450, 498, 5010, 5013, 5029, 5030, 5130, 5142, 5160, 5163, 5189, 5261, 5283, 5285, 5295, 5332, 533, 5335, 5335, 3356, 3332, 5365, 3328, 5323, 5335, 5365, 3372, 3450, 5029, 5030, 5130, 5142, 5160, 5163, 5189, 5261, 5283, 5285, 5295, 5332, 533, 5335, 5335, 5350, 5332, 5363, 5363, 5363, 5363, 5363, 5363, 5365, 3372, 3450, 5029, 5030, 5150, 5142, 5160, 5163, 5189, 5261, 5283, 5285, 5295, 5332, 533, 5335, 5335, 5355, 5335, 5365, 5333, 5365, 3356, 5333, 5365, 3375, 3534, 5377, 3594, 5405, 4960, 498, 5010, 5013, 5029, 5030, 5150, 5142, 5160, 5163, 5189, 5261, 5283, 5285, 5295, 5332, 5363, 5332, 533, 5353,

New York City Bonds.—Comptroller Myers opened bids Thursday for \$7,457,000 of new park bonds, bearing 2½ per cent interest and running 20 years, tax-free. The following

awards were announced:	
Bidders, Amoun	t. Price paid.
Atlantic Tru-t Company \$700,00	8100 00
Germania Bank 100.00	
Commonwealth Insurance Company 50,00	
J. M Cebados & Co	
A. Iselin & Co	
Metropolitan Tru-t Company 100,00	
Metropolitan Trust Company 100,00	
Metropolitan Trust Company 100,00	
Metropelitan Trust Company 100,00	
Metropolitan Trust Com. a.y 100,00	
Charles F. Southmayd and Jas. F. Chamber-	1.010
lain, trust es of estate of Henry Aster 25,00	00 101 124
Central Frust Com any	
Central Trust Company	100 00
Wimifred O'Coucor 2,00	
Bowery savings Bank 500,00	
Jules Re nal	
Commissioners of the Sinking Fund 2,900,	00 100 00
Jordan L Mott 80,00	
CU,01	100 50

New York Stock Exchange.—New Securities Listed.—The Governing Committee of the New York Stock Exchange have added to the lists for dealings the following:

DENYER & RIO GRANDE WESTERN RAILWAY.—Engraved trust receipts for first mortgage six per cent gold bonds.

DENYER & RIO GRANDE RAILROAD.—\$345,000 additional first consol. mort. four per cent bonds, making the total amount listed \$25,866,000.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD.—\$134,000 additional first mortgage five per cent trust bonds, making the total amount listed \$4,287,000.

NEW YORK CENTRAL & HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.—\$1,000,-

000 registered five per cent debenture certificates.

NORFOLK & WESTERN RAILROAD.—\$15,000 additional general mortgage six per cent bonds, making the total amount listed \$7,109,000.

OREGON RAILWAY & NAVIGATION COMPANY.—\$2.582,000 additional consolidated mortgage five per cent bonds, making the total amount listed \$12,200,000.

WESTERN NEW YORK & PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—\$300,-000 additional first mortgage five per cent gold bonds, making the total amount limited \$8,700,000 gold bonds. WHITEBREAST FUEL COMPANY.—\$600,000 general mortgage

sinking fund six per cent bonds.

Pennsylvania Railroad.—Judge Arnold, as arbitrator, has decided against the Pennsylvania Railroad in the matter of its claim against the Philadelphia & Erie Company for \$650,000, and against the Northern Central for a like amount, on account of the joint guarantee of the Allegheny Valley Road's bonds. There will be no appeal from this ruling.

Philadelphia & Reading—Catawissa.—The Reading Railroad Company has ordered the purchase of the \$75,000 worth of Catawissa Railroad chattel mortgage 10 per cent bonds falling due in July. The bonds of the same issue, falling due last July, amounting to \$110,000, were also purchased by the Reading Company, and with the acquisition of the next lot the company will become the holders of the entire loan.

—Messrs. C. H. Venner & Co., the well-known and successful bankers of Boston, have this week opened an office in New York at Nos. 31 & 33 Pine Street, and signalized the event by offering to investors 1,000,000 of Omaha Water Works 5s at 98 offering to investors 1,000,000 of Omaha Water Works 5s at 98 and interest, and already a large portion of the loan has been taken. The earnings of the works are stated to be largely in excess of interest charges. There are over 1,600 water works in the United States, of which 900 are owned by private companies, and not more than five of these have been unsuccessful. The history of investments proves that there are no safer securities than carefully selected water works bonds. There is no competition, no strikes, and rates are established by the franchise, and cannot be interfered with. These bonds are is no competition, no strikes, and rates are established by the franchise, and cannot be interfered with. These bonds are listed at the New York Stock Exchange. Copies of the mortgage and franchise can be seen at the offices of Messrs. C. H. Venner & Co., New York and Boston, W. & P. Smith, Philadelphia, and Wilson, Colston & Co., Baltimore.

delphia, and Wilson, Colston & Co., Baltimore.

— Messrs. P. W. Gallaudet & Co. and Messrs. C. I. Hudson & Co. offer and recommend to investors the unsold portion of the first mortgage 6 per cent bonds of the Philadelphia Company of Pittsburg, which controls the gas supplies of the cities of Pittsburg and Alleghany and their surroundings. The mortgage is a lien on property valued at more than \$10,520,000, and a sinking fund provides that \$250,000 each year shall be applied from the earnings of the company for the payment of the bonds. The paid-up cash capital of the company is \$7,500,000, and the company, after paying 12 per cent dividends last year, had a net surplus of \$937,051 79, the net earnings of the year having been \$3,300,331 55, the receipts of the present year being much in excess of the preceding one.

— Messrs. Winslow, Lanier & Co. offer for sale and recom-

being much in excess of the preceding one.

— Messrs. Winslow, Lanier & Co. offer for sale and recommend to investors 5 per cent bonds of the Lehigh & Wilkesbarre Coal Company, due 1912, at 102½ and accrued interest, subject to sale and advance in price without notice. These bonds are limited in amount to \$3,000.000 upon property appraised January 1, 1888, at \$5,434,555, upon which all of these bonds have a first mortgage lien, with the exception of a portion valued at \$813,205. The official statement of the company for the year 1888 shows surplus earnings over all fixed portion valued at \$813,200. The official statement of the company for the year 1888 shows surplus earnings over all fixed annual charges of \$945,845. A sinking fund for the ultimate payment of these bonds is provided for. The principal and interest are payable in New York City without deduction for taxes under any present or future laws.

taxes under any present or future laws.

—"The Law of Municipal Bonds," recently issued, is a valuable hand-book for all interested in the issuing, handling, or investing in, public securities. A digest of the bond laws of the several States is given, and further chapters are devoted to the laws governing the investment of corporate and trust funds. The volume contains 342 pages. It was compiled by James A. Burhans, of the Chicago Bar, expressly for the well-known banking firm of S. A. Kean & Co., of Chicago and New York, by whom it is issued. York, by whom it is issued.

—Messrs. E. J. Mathews & Co., No. 2 Wall Street, bankers, and American agents of the Cheque Bank of London, have just issued a neat little pamphlet in antique style, containing a list of all the best hotels in Europe, both in England, Wales and on the Continent. Travelers going to the Paris Exposition or elsewhere should provide themselves with this list and also with one of the Cheque accounts of the Cheque Bank, which enables them to use their funds wherever needed.

Auction Sales.—The following were sold at auction by Messrs. Adrian H. Muller & Son:

| Shares | S

The Bankers' Gazette.

DIVIDENDS:

The following dividends have recently been announced:

Name of Company.	Per Cent.	Whe Payal		Books Closed, (Days inclusive.)				
Railroads.		-	_					
St. Paul Minneap. & Man. (quar.)	112	May		April			2	
Wheeling & Lake E., pref. (quar.).	1	May	15	April	26 to	May	15	
Manuf'rs & Builders' Fire (quar.).	112	April	12	April	10 to	Apri	112	
Miscellaneous,		-				•		
Central & So. Am. Tel. (quar.)	134	April	6	April	1 to	Apri	1 7	
Edison Electric Illum. Co. (quar.)	2	May	2	April	16 to	May	2	
Mexican Telegraph (quar.)	212	April	13	April	7 to	Apri	14	
Philadelphia Co. (monthly)	1	April	25	April	15 to	May	6	
Quicksilver Mining, pref	112	May	1	April	18 to	May	1	

WALL STREET, FRIDAY, April 12, 1889.-5 P. M.

The Money Market and Financial Situation.—The fear of a close money market has apparently gone, as the larger bond purchases by the Government quickly relieved the passing

There was disappointment after the date of our last report at the set-back in Atchison stock, but it had been forced up too rapidly under purchases to cover and the demand for election purposes just before the closing of the books, so that a reaction was almost inevitable. The statement of February earnings also showed but a small gain over the same month

Upon the whole, the strength of the stock market has considerably broadened, and where there was an improvement before in only a few special stocks, there was decided strength to-day throughout much of the list. One of the features of the week has been the strong tone in stocks with which the the week has been the strong tone in stocks with which the Drexel-Morgan name has been more or less closely associated in the past, among which may be mentioned Chesapeake & Ohio, St. Paul and Phila. & Reading. Of course the relation of prominent bankers to these companies, simply as bankers, cannot of itself ensure dividends, but the following of that house has been large, both here and in London, and when they take to buying stocks or bonds of one of their reorganized companies, or companies in which the firm is supposed to have a decided interest, it makes a good bull point for the time being. There was a more generally strong and steady market to-day than we have had for a long time past.

and steady market to-day than we have had for a long time past.

The bonds which advanced materially in price early in the year have most of them held their own and receded but little, and as the demand for investments comes up again we are likely to have a more active business in bonds. All those of fair security selling at prices which make them yield 526 per cent to the buyer are likely to meet with a pretty steady demand. There are several bonds, such as the West. N. Y. & Penn. 1st fives, the new Ches. & Ohio fives which begin to draw interest May 1, and still lower in price the Texas & Pacific first fives, all selling below par, and they have a very large amount of income bonds and stock behind them, which will tend to keep these firsts in a relatively strong position. Then there are sixes, such as the Tenn. Coal & Iron and Colorado Coal & Iron, which are secured on properties not quite as well known as railroads, but being gold sixes below par they will probably attract buyers who have time and opportunity to study up the respective properties.

The open market rates for call loans during the week on stock and bond collaterals have ranged from 2 to 5 per cent, and to-day the rates were 3@5 per cent. Prime commercial paper is quoted at 4@5 per cent.

The Bank of England weekly statement on Thursday showed a loss in specie of £14,000, and the percentage of reserve to liabilities was 41.70, against 39.10 last week; the discount rate remains unchanged at 3 per cent. The Bank of France lost 18,050,000 francs gold and 3,750,000 francs silver.

The New York Clearing House banks in their statement of

remains unchanged at 3 per cent. The Bank of lost 18,050,000 francs gold and 3,750,000 francs silver.

The New York Clearing House banks in their statement of April 6 showed a decrease in surplus reserve of \$4,040,550, the total surplus being \$1,409,575, against \$5,450,125 the previous

The following table shows the changes from the previous week and a comparison with the two preceding years in the averages of the New York Clearing House banks:

	1889. April 6.	Diffr'nc's fr'm Prev. Week.	1888. Apri. 7.	1887. April 9.
	\$.	\$	\$	\$
Capital	60,762,700		50,512,700	
Eurplus	53,452,700		58,928,400	
Loans and disc'ts.	419,822,900	Dec.1,200,300	368,349,400	370,917,500
Specie	77,406,300	Dec.3,115,400	71,774,100	
Circulation	4,309,700	Inc. 16,800	7,726,500	8,309,200
Net deposits	430,840,900	Dec.7,095,800	371,571,700	377,130,900
Legal tenders	31,713,500	Dec.2,699,100	29,939,700	
Legal reserve	107,710,225	Dec.1,773,950	92,892,925	94,282,725
Reserve held	109,119,800	Dec.5,814,500	101,513,800	98,398,300
Surplus reserve	1,409,575	Dec.4,040,550	8,620,875	4.115.575

-The same conditions continue to prevail in the sterling exchange market—a very small demand and dull market and considerable strength in rates—the latter being accounted for, in part, by the scarcity of commercial and other bills. The firmness of rates tends to still further restrict the demand. Posted rates for both long and short sterling have

been advanced ½c. by some drawers, and the figures to-day are 4 87½@4 88 and 4 89½@4 90. These high rates led to some talk of gold shipments, but as yet none have been made.

some talk of gold shipments, but as yet none have been made. To-day the rates on actual business were as follows, viz.: Bankers' 60 days' sterling, $4\ 8634@4\ 87$; demand, $4\ 8834@4\ 89$. Cables, $4\ 8914@4\ 8912$. Commercial bills were $4\ 86$. Continental bills were: Francs, $5\ 1812@5\ 1712$ and $5\ 1614@5\ 1558$; reichsmarks, 9514@952 and 953@9524; guilders, 40120 and 4032@40122. The rates of leading bankers are as follows:

April 12.	Sixty Days.	Demand.
Prime bankers' sterling bills on London	4 8712@4 88 4 86 @4 861o	4 8912@4 90
Documentary commercial	4 8512 24 86	
Amsterdam (guilders) Frankfort or Bremen (reichmarks)	40 187 404	4038 140716 9558 19534

United States Bonds.-There has not been a sale of Governunited States Bonds,—There has not been a sate of Government bonds at the Stock Exchange this week, and there is nothing new to report. Prices are down a little from last week's closing. The Secretary of the Treasury, on the other hand, has been a very liberal purchaser of bonds, his purchases including large amounts of both the 4s and 4½s, the former at a limit of 129 and the latter at 108. The total for the week is

The total payments made for bonds purchased from April 23, 388, to March 30, 1889, were \$150,222,620. The statement for the week is as follows:

	416 F	Per Cents d	ue 1891.	4 Per Cents due 1907.				
	Offerings.	Purch'es.	Prices paid.	Offerings.	Purch'es.	Prices paid.		
Saturday	\$465,500	\$~2 500	108	\$1,376,50	\$1,376 000	129		
Monday		1.750,000	168	1,214,500	1,161,500	129		
Tuesday	1,163,000	1,163,000	108	44,930	41.950	129		
Wedn'sday.	500	500	103	365,10	165,:00	129		
Thursday	336,200	321,70	108	503,559	508,55	12834-129		
Friday	330,000	330,000	108	1,272,800	1,271.000	129		
Total	4,045,200	3,647,7(0	108	4,779,900	4,525,100	12834-129		
Since Ap.23.		79,766,500	10816-10916		55,842,400	124.70-130		

The closing prices at the N. Y. Board have been as follows:

	Interest Periods		April 8.	April 9.	Arrit 10.	April 11.	Anril 12.
4½8, 1891reg.	QMeh.	*108		*108			
4128, 1891 coup.	QMch.	*108	*108	*108	*10778	*10778	$*1077_{8}$
4s, 1907reg.	QWeh.	*12834	*12834	*12878	*12834	*12834	*12878
48, 1907							
6s, cur'cy,'95reg. 6s, cur'cy,'96reg.	J. & J.	*1991	*120	*1991	*120	*1021	*120
6s, cur'cy,'97reg.	J. & J.	*12619	*126%	*126%	*12610	*1264	*126
6s, cur'cy,'98reg.						*130	*129
6s, cur'cy,'99reg.							*131

This is the price bld at the morning board; no sale was made

State and Railroad Bonds.—State bonds have been very much neglected at the Board, and there is nothing new to re-

much neglected at the Board, and there is nothing new to report in regard to them.

In railroad bonds there has been a fairly active business. The tone continues quite strong and the majority have an improving tendency, the principal strength, as well as the bulk of the business, being in the low-priced classes. There have been no special features and no decided speculative activity in any particular issues.

Railroad and Miscellaneous Stocks.—The stock market has been moderately active and irregular during the past week, but the dealings are still very largely professional and fluctuations governed by market influences. Actual conditions have not changed materially in the week, and there would have been but slight fluctuations, had prices waited for new developments to move them. The bank statement issued last Saturday (6th) was unfavorable, showing the surplus reserve to be down to less than a million and a-half. But fears of possible disturbance to the money market from this were set at rest by the large purchases of bonds by the Treasury Department. There is little or no change in the railroad situation. It is reported that Messrs. Kidder, Peabody & Co. have secured sufficient Atchison proxies to give them the voice in the election which they sought, and there has been a freely discussed rumor to the effect that some arrangement for amicable relations in the future between St. Paul and Northwest is contemplated. One theory in connection with this matter has been that the Van-Railroad and Miscellaneous Stocks .--The stock theory in connection with this matter has been that the Vanderbilts are acquiring an interest in St. Paul for this purpose. In consequence of these rumors, together with the J. S. Morgan & Co. influence, St. Paul has been very firm and better held than almost anything else on the list.

Atchison continues to be the leading feature and is very actively dealt in, both here and at Roston. It broke shortly

actively dealt in, both here and at Boston. It broke sharply to 40½ on bear pressure encouraged by the February statement, which showed only a moderate increase over 1888. There was also considerable weakness in Missouri Pacific, New England, Union Pacific and some of the grangers at the same time. Then there was a recovery led by an advance in same time. Then there was a recovery led by an advance in St. Paul, and these same stocks exhibited a better tone, lead-ing to a general improvement all through the list, in which ing to a general improvement all through the list, in which Reading was conspicuous, on a report that the company would be supplied with a large amount of cash by the sale of certain real estate. The London market has been quite an important factor, helping the later improvement here by advancing the stocks dealt in there and sending pretty liberal purchasing orders. To-day, Friday, the tone was steady and strong at prices generally above last week's closing.

STOCKS-PRICES AT N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE FOR WEEK ENDING APRIL 12, AND SINCE JAN. 1, 1889.

		HIG.		OWEST PRI			Sales	Range Since Jan. 1, 1889.	
STOCKS.	Saturday, April 6.	Monday, April 8.	Tuesday,	Wednesday,		Friday,	of the Week,	Lowest.	Highest.
Active RR. Stocks.			April 9.	April 10.		April 12.	Shares.		
Atchison Top. & Santa Fe Atlantic & Pacific	447 ₈ 455 ₈ 73 ₄ 73 ₄	734 734	40 ¹ 8 42 ¹ 4 7 7 ¹ 4	41 ¹ 4 42 ³ 8 7 ¹ 9 7 ¹ 2	41 43 *7 71 ₂	7 714	235,385 700	39 ¹ 8 Apr. 1 6 ³ 4 Mar. 26	58 Jan. 2 83 Jan. 14
Canadian Pacific	*50 ¹ 4 51 ¹ 6 53 53	$52^{1}4$ $52^{7}8$	*5034 5158 5214 5214	51 51 53 53 ¹ 4	51 51 534 5338	*50 ¹ 2 51 ³ 8 53 53 ¹ 4	2,735	47 ¹ 2 Mar. 16 50 ¹ 2 Jan. 24	53½ Feb. 7 56¾ Feb. 14
Central of New Jersey	9634 9634 34 34	*34 35	95 ⁵ ₈ 95 ⁵ ₈ *34 35	96 97 ¹ 8	$9534 9638 \\ 8434 3434$	953 ₄ 961 ₄ 35 35	6,125	924 Mar. 16 33 Mar. 29	3634 Jan. 16
Do do 1st pref.	$16^{3}8$ $16^{5}8$ $57^{1}8$ $58^{1}4$	574 574	163 ₈ 163 ₈ 573 ₈ 573 ₈	5734 5818	$\begin{array}{ccc} 17 & 17^{3} 8 \\ 58 & 59^{5} 8 \\ 20 & 22 \\ \end{array}$	$17^{1}4$ $17^{5}8$ $59^{7}8$ $60^{1}2$		15 ¹ 8 Mar. 2 56 ¹ 2 Feb. 26	177 ₈ Feb. 14 64 Mar. 7
Chicago Burlington & Quincy.	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	31½ 31¾ 93½ 94¾	32 33 933 943	$33^{1_{8}}$ $33^{1_{4}}$ $94^{3_{8}}$ 96	65,920	29½ Feb. 27 89% Mar. 26	11112 Jan. 15
Chicago & Eastern Illinois Do pref Chicago Milwaukee & St. Paul.	4234 42769518 95786378 6414	$95 957_8$	$^*42^{1}4$ $42^{3}4$ *95 $95^{3}4$ $64^{1}8$ $65^{3}8$	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$42\frac{3}{4}$ 43 $95\frac{3}{4}$ $96\frac{1}{4}$ $65\frac{5}{8}$ $66\frac{3}{8}$	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$3,200 \\ 3,268 \\ 184,236$	40½ Mar. 20 94½ Jan. 9 60% Mar. 16	100 Feb. 8:
Do pref. Chicago & Northwestern	1037 ₈ 105 1053 ₄ 1061 ₄	104 10478	$104^{1}4\ 105^{1}2$ $104^{3}4\ 105^{3}8$	x1031210438	$104\frac{1}{2}104\frac{5}{8}$ $105\frac{1}{2}106\frac{3}{8}$	$104\frac{1}{2}105\frac{3}{4}$ $105\frac{7}{8}106\frac{1}{2}$	13,365	97 Feb. 25 1021 ₂ Mar. 27	106 Jan. 14 10918 Jan. 15
Do pref. Chicago Rock Island & Pacific.	$138^{14} 139 \\ 92^{14} 92^{3}$	13758 138	138 138 903 913	138 1384	139 139 9134 931 ₂	$138\frac{1}{8}138\frac{3}{8}$ $92\frac{7}{8}$ $94\frac{1}{4}$	3,870	135 Mar. 29	142 Jan. 21
Chicago St. Louis & Pittsburg. Do pref.	*16 18 3734 373	*16 18	*16 173 4 36 361 8	*15 17	*15_2 16_2 *36 37	*15 17 *36 37 ¹ 4	900	14 Jan. 15 33 Jan. 21	
Chicago St. Paul Min & Om Do pref.	33 ¹ 8 33 ¹ 4 *94 ¹ 2 95		321 ₂ 321 ₂ *93 95		33 ¹ 8 34 93 93 ³ 4	33½ 34 93¼ 94	2,790 2,100	30½ Mar. 18 89 Feb. 13	34½ Jan. 14 96½ Feb. 1
Cincin. Ind. St. Louis & Chic Cleveland Col.Cin.&Indianap.	$109\frac{1}{4} 109\frac{1}{9}$ $70\frac{3}{4} 70\frac{3}{9}$	70 70	10814 10834		1085 ₈ 1083 ₄ * 71	$\frac{109}{70}$ $\frac{109}{70}$	2,290 920	55½ Jan. 4	110 ¹ 4 Feb. 26 74 ³ 4 Feb. 14
Columbus Hocking Val. & Tol. Delaware Lackawanna &West	$24^{14} 24^{14} 136^{18} 136^{19}$	135% 136%	$^{*221_{2}}_{135_{8}136}$	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$23\frac{7}{8}$ $23\frac{7}{8}$ $136\frac{1}{8}$ 137	$ \begin{array}{r} 2234 & 24 \\ 13634 & 13738 \end{array} $			14458 Jan. 2
Do pref.	4414 4438	*16 1634 4334 4334	*16 1634 *4314 44	16 ¹ 4 16 ¹ 4 44 ³ 8		$\begin{array}{cccc} 16^{1}8 & 16^{1}8 \\ 44 & 44^{1}4 \end{array}$	1,000	4214 Jan. 31	45 Jan. 10
East Tennessee Va. & Ga Do 1st pref.	*914 934 *68 69	*68 6912	*69 70	9 ¹ 4 9 ¹ 4 †67 70	*9¹4 9³4 *68 70	*914 934		8 ¹ 4 Jan. 23 63 Jan. 28	9% Mar. 7 70% Feb. 13
Do 2d pref. Evansville & Terre Haute Green Bay Winona & St. Paul.	213 ₄ 213 ₄ *93 95		*21 22 *93 95	*211 ₂ 22 *93 96	93 97	*94 96	1,610	86 Jan. 30	97 Mar. 4
Illinois Central	111 11114		*1101 ₂ 1111 ₂	11078 11078	11112 11112	$^{^{\dagger}6_{1_2}}_{112_{1_2}}$ $^{7_{1_2}}_{112_{1_2}}$	1,567	106 Feb. 13	73 Feb. 8 1163 Jan. 15
Lake Erie & Western Do pref Lake Shore & Mich. Southern.	$^{*}17^{1}_{2}$ 18 57 57 102 102	17^{7_8} 18^{1_8} 56^{1_2} 57^{3_8} 101^{1_4} 102	$18 18^{1}_{2} 56^{7}_{8} 57^{5}_{8} 101^{1}_{4} 101^{3}_{4}$	$\begin{array}{c} 18\frac{3}{4} & 18\frac{7}{8} \\ 57\frac{1}{2} & 58\frac{1}{4} \\ 102\frac{1}{8} & 102\frac{3}{4} \end{array}$	$18^{1_{2}}$ 19 $58^{3_{8}}$ $58^{3_{4}}$ $102^{7_{8}}$ $103^{1_{2}}$	18^{5_8} 19 58^{1_2} 59 103 103^{3_8}	4,614 $10,485$ $47,290$	513s Jan. 4	59 Apr. 12
Long IslandLouisville & Nashville	94^{1}_{2} 94^{1}_{4} 62^{7}_{8} 63^{1}_{4}	9314 94	*93 95 ¹ ₂ 62 ⁵ ₈ 63		94 94 64 ¹ 8 64 ³ 4	*93 ¹ 2 95 64 64 ⁵ 8	562	903 Jan. 14	9612 Mar. 4
Louis. New Alb. & Chicago Manhattan Elevated, consol.	*40 ¹ 2 45 *95 ¹ 2 96 ¹ 3	*38 45	*40 45 961 ₂ 97	*40 45 97 10034	*40 45 981 ₂ 991 ₂	*42 45 99 ¹ 4 100	5,195	3714 Jan. 7	49½ Mar. 8 109½ Mar. 4
Michigan Central. Milwaukee Lake Sh. & West	86^{12} 87 81^{12} 8214	86 ¹ 4 86 ³ 4 *81 ¹ 9 82 ¹ 9	*80 8212	87 87	8738 8712 *8114 8212	82 82	1,335	841 ₂ Mar. 16	91½ Feb. 14
Do pref. Minneapolis & St. Louis	109 1093 *510 6	1091 ₂ 1097 ₈	109 1093 ₈	$^{1091_{2}}_{*51_{4}} ^{1091_{2}}_{6}$	1097 ₈ 110 *5 6	110 110 *51 ₂ 6	2,136	91½ Jan. 7 5½ Jan. 7	7 Feb. 7
Do pref. Missouri Kansas & Texas	$^*11^{1}_{2}$ 14 $^*12^{3}_{8}$ 13	1238 1238	*11 13 123 ₈ 123 ₈	*1112 12	*11 13½ 13 13⅓	*12 13½ 12¾ 13	2,265	11 ¹ 2 Jan. 18 12 Apr. 2	14 ¹ 2 Mar. 5 14 Jan. 14
Missouri Pacific Mobile & Ohio	705 ₈ 713 ₄ *9 111 ₅	69 ¹ 4 71 ¹ 4 *10 11 ¹ 2	69 70 ¹ 2 *10 11 ¹ 2	70 7058	697 ₈ 705 ₈ *95 ₈ 101 ₂	703 ₈ 711 ₄ *91 ₂ 101 ₂	400	64 ¹ 2 Mar. 29 8 Jan. 11	75½ Jan. 14 12 Feb. 12
Nashv.Chattanooga&St.Louis New York Central & Hudson.	$ \begin{array}{ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c} 91^{7_{8}} & 91^{7_{8}} \\ 106^{1_{2}} & 106^{1_{2}} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 91 & 91^{12} \\ 107 & 107 \end{array}$	$^{*91}_{1073}$ $^{911}_{2}$	$\begin{array}{c} 91^{1}\!$	$91\frac{7}{8}$ 92 $107\frac{3}{4}$ $107\frac{3}{9}$	4,000 1,484	10612 Mar. 16	11012 Feb. 2
New York Chic. & St. Louis Do 1st pref.	$^{17\frac{1}{2}}_{*70}$ $^{17\frac{1}{2}}_{72}$	*70 72	*17 18 *69 72	*1734 18 *71 72	$^{177_{8}}_{*72}$ $^{181_{4}}_{731_{2}}$	$^{175}_{8}$ $^{18}_{71}$ 73	635	673 Jan. 3	77 Feb. 4
New York Lake Erie & West'n	*41 ¹ 2 43 28 ¹ 4 28 ³ 6		$^{*40}_{27}$ $^{43}_{8}$ $^{273}_{4}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2838 2858	$^{*41}_{283_8}$ $^{421_2}_{281_2}$	9,015	263 Jan. 4	3012 Feb. 18
New York & New England	$68 68 43^{7}8 44^{1}8$		67 67 4134 4278			693 ₈ 695 ₈ 43 435 ₈	48,355	4118 Apr. 1	4878 Feb. 18
New York Ontario & West New York Susquehan. & West.	1658 1658 *734 814	*734 814	$16\frac{1}{2}$ $16\frac{3}{4}$	8 8	8 8	17 ¹ 4 17 ³ 6 *7 ⁷ 8 8 ¹ 4	300	758 Apr. 1	912 Feb. 12:
Norfolk & Western Do pref	$\begin{array}{cccc} 31^{1}4 & 31^{3}6 \\ *15 & 16 \\ 50 & 50 \\ \end{array}$	31 31 *15 16 50 50	*31 *15 16 $^{50^{1}8}$ $^{50^{1}2}$	*15 16	*16 16 ¹ ₂ 51 ³ ₄ 52 ¹ ₈	$ \begin{array}{ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	100	1434 Mar. 23	18 Feb. 1
Northern Pacific Do pref	*26 ¹ 8 26 ¹ 4 61 ¹ 4	26 26	$25\frac{7}{8}$ $25\frac{7}{8}$ $60\frac{5}{8}$ $61\frac{1}{8}$	2618 2618	26 2638	263 ₈ 261 ₉ 613 ₄ 621 ₉	1,765	25 Jan. 5	2734 Feb. 11
Ohio & Mississippi Oregon Short Line	$\begin{array}{cccc} 21^{1_{2}} & 22^{1_{4}} \\ 52^{1_{2}} & 52^{3_{4}} \end{array}$	2158 2158	2158 2158 5134 5134	2178 2238	22^{1}_{2} 22^{7}_{8}	223 ₈ 223 49 50	4,525 1,820	1934 Mar. 19	24 Feb. 11
Oregon & Trans-Continental Peoria Decatur & Evansville.	33 ¹ 4 33 ¹ 4 *23 ⁷ 8 25		$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	33 33 ¹ 4 *24 25		331 ₄ 333 ₁ *231 ₀ 25	13,335	30 ¹ 4 Jan. 23 22 Jan. 24	3458 Mar. 1 284 Feb. 13
Phila. & Read. Vot. Trust. Cert. Richmond & West P't Terminal	$\begin{array}{cccc} 443_8 & 443_8 \\ 26 & 263_8 \end{array}$	4358 4438	4334 4414 2534 2614	$44^{1}4$ $44^{7}8$ $26^{1}8$ $26^{3}8$	$\begin{array}{cccc} 44^{1}\!_{2} & 45^{5}\!_{8} \\ 26 & 26^{3}\!_{8} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	209,640 22,520	4238 Mar. 29 2258 Jan. 26	50 Jan. 15 273 Feb. 13
Do pref. Rome Watertown & Ogdensb'g	7934 803 *9812 100	80 80	$100 \ 100 \ 100$	$991_2 991_2$	10012 10012	*97 101	135	93 Jan. 3	8234 Feb. 8 10314 Jan. 31
St. Louis & San Francisco Do pref.	2214 225 x5712 5714	57 57	$^{*20}_{55^{1}2}$ $^{22^{1}_{2}}_{56^{7}_{8}}$	5578 5712	57 5912	5912 6014	13,600	53 Mar. 19	6678 Jan. 2
St. Paul & Duluth	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	*110 112 *31 33	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$^{\circ}110^{1}_{2}112$ 2934 2934		557	2934 Apr. 11	114 ¹ 2 Jan. 12 40 ¹ 8 Jan. 14
Do pref St. Paul Minnap. & Manitoba.	*87 89 *991 ₂ 1001	*85 88	99 99	84 ¹ 2 87 98 ⁷ 8 99	88 88 987 ₈ 987 ₉	*85 89 971 ₂ 98	1,180 6,905	9678 Mar. 19	95% Jan. 18 105 Feb. 1 23 Jan. 14
Texas & Pacific	20 205 615 ₈ 617 *13 133	604 619	60 614	61^{1}_{2} 62	6158 6238	6178 623	66,220	583 Mar. 29	674 Mar. 4
Do pref. Wheeling & Lake Erie, pref.	26 ¹ 4 26 ³ 65 ³ 4 66 ³	8 2618 2618	264 264	2638 2612	2612 2612	*2578 267	1,730	24 Jan. 9	28 Mar. 4
Miscellaneous Stocks. Chicago Gas Trust	4819 487	4810 4810	4810 4910			4838 49	16,668		50 Apr. 3
Colorado Coal & Iron Consolidated Gas Co	281 ₈ 281 841 ₂ 855	2612 28	26 28 84 841	264 274	26 ¹ 4 28 86 ¹ 4 87 ¹ 4	27 281	4.455	26 Apr. 9 801 ₂ Jan. 21	36 ¹ ₂ Feb. 11 88 ⁵ ₈ Apr. 12
Delaware & Hudson Canal Oregon Improvement Co	1333 1333 46 46	133 1337 ₈ 453 ₄ 453 ₄	4412 445	4619 4619	1323 1323 *44 47	871 ₂ 885 134 1343 461 ₂ 481	805 1.050	130 Mar. 18 424 Apr. 5	72½ Jan. 16
Do pref. Oregon R'v & Navigation Co.	80 90 961 ₉ 965	821 ₂ 821 ₂ 96 96	*75 85 96 96	75 82 ¹ 2 *96 96 ¹ 9	80 80 97 97	847 ₈ 847 *961 ₂ 971	358	75 Apr. 10	107 Jan. 30
Pullman Palace Car Co	$182 \ 182 \ 182$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	363 ₈ 367 ₈	37 37 1801 1815	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	37 37 ¹ 181 ¹ 2 181 ¹	3,360 1,600	134 Mar. 19	2053 Feb. 11
Western Union Telegraph Express Stocks.	8434 853	8458 85	8414 843	8478 8514	8478 8558		43,760	83 Jan. 2	87% Mar. 4
Adams	14934 1493 *112 113	*148 151 *112 113	*148 151 113 113	*149 151 113 113	*149 151 113 113	150 150 *113 115	222	144 ¹ 2 Jan. 2 109 Jan. 10	116 Feb. 4
American United States Wells, Fargo & Co	*135 140	$^{*135}_{135}$ $^{841_{2}}_{140}$	*136 140	*136 140	*136 140	$^{84_{12}}_{137}$ $^{85}_{140}$	1,103	73½ Jan. 4 134 Jan. 19	85 Apr. 12 144 Feb. 8
Inactive Stocks. American Tel. & Cable Co	*8312 85	*125 133	*84 85	85 85	8512 86	86 86	1,610	8018 Jan. 5	87 Feb. 7 140 Jan. 23
Chicago & Alton Denver & Rio Grande West		. 1442 144	*125 133 * 143 2134 23	130 130 14 14 007- 023	*130 133 * 14 23 2334	133 133	375	125 Mar. 26 111 ₂ Jan. 8	20 Mar. 4
Denv. Tex. & Ft. W., Vot. cert. Iowa Central, pref Memphis & Charleston	$^{21}_{*26}$ $^{*26}_{60}$ $^{27}_{60}$	26 26	2612 2614	3	*26 27	*2612 28	190	1834 Jan. 24	294 Mar. 12
Philadelphia Co., Nat. Gas Pitts. Ft. Wayne & Chie	*79 80 *148 149	*78 80	*7712 79	*77 148 ¹ 2 148 ³ 4	*77 80	$\begin{array}{rrr} 60^{1}\!_{2} & 62^{3} \\ 80 & 80 \\ *148^{1}\!_{2} & 149 \end{array}$	1 20	72 Mar. 9	81½ Jan. 2 151 Feb. 11
Pittsburg & West., pref. cert.	*148 149 634 7	148 ¹ 2 148 ¹ 2 *6 ¹ 2 7	33 331	34 34	*3210 34	35 361	2,085	30 Jan. 31	36½ Apr. 12
Quicksilver Mining Co Do pref St. Louis Ark. & Texas	*38 39	*37½ 39 8½ 8½	39 393	39 39	39 39 ¹ 4 *8 ¹ 2 10	39 391 91 ₂ 91	800	35 Jan. 30	104 Jan. 11
Southern Pacific Co			2112 211	22 22 22 27	*211 ₂ 25	224 23	600	21 ¹ 2 Apr. 9	25 Feb. 8
Cameron Iron & Coal Tennessee Coal & Iron	3218 327	9 3238 323	3238 323	324 324	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	32 ¹ 8 32 ¹ 38 38 ³	1 2.000	2434 Jan. 8	34 Feb. 28 42 ¹ 4 Mar. 8
Various Stocks, &c. (Unl	*98 100 isted.	98 98	*98 100		*98 100	100 100	9,225	93 Jan. 4	105 Feb. 19
Sugar Refineries Co National Lead Trust	84 845 213 221	8 84 84 ¹ ₄ 21 ¹ ₄ 21 ³ ₄	84 ¹ 4 84 ⁷ 6 21 21 ³	85 90 21 21 ⁵ 8	8934 9558 2078 2134	96^{1}_{2} $99^{1}_{21^{1}4}$ 22	35,925 29,370	81 ¹ ₂ Feb. 20 19 ⁵ ₈ Mar. 26	99 ¹ 4 Apr. 12 24 Mar. 12
American Cotton Oil Trust Pine Line Certificates §	557 ₈ 561 901 ₂ 903	2 54. 564	544 553	5512 5618	5578 5712	57 570	8 2,251,000	4838 Jan. 1t	60½ Feb. 13 93½ Feb. 26
* These are the prices bid or	00 2 00		500000			Driege from	Annual Contract of the Party of		

^{*} These are the prices bid and asked; no sale was made at the Board.

‡ Ex-rights,

§ Prices from both Exchanges.

BONDS - LATEST PRICES OF ACTIVE BONDS AT N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE, AND RANGE SINCE JAN. 1, 1889.

RAILROAD BONDS.	Clos	ing.	Range Sin	ce Jan. 1.	RAILROAD BONDS.	Closing	Range Sin	ce Jan. 1
RAILROAD DONDS.	Apr. 5	Apr. 12	Lowest.	Highest.	DAILROAD BUNDS.	Apr. 5 Ap	r. 12 Lowest.	Highest
tl. & PacW. D. inc., 6s, 1910	1914	1812	1758 Mch.	2238 Feb. 83 Feb.	Mutual Un. Tel.—S. f., 6s, 1911.	102½b. 103	3 b 99 Jan.	
Guar., 4s, 1937 an. South.—1st guar., 5s, 1908	80½ 108½b.	80 1091 ₉	78½ Jan. 106½ Jan.	109 ¹ ₂ Apr.	Nash. Ch. & St. L.—1st, 7s, 1913 Consol. 5s, 1938			134 Ap 10519 Mc
2d. 5s. 1913	9434	95	9314 Jan.	9714 Feb.	N. Y. Central-Extend., 5s, 1893	106½b. 100	658b. 1044 Jan.	107 Fel
	103%b.	103°8b.	103 Feb.	106½ Jan. 122 Feb.	N. Y. Central—Extend., 5s, 1893 N. Y. C. & H.—1st, cp., 7s, 1903 Debenture, 5s, 1904 N. Y. & Harlem—1st, 7s, 1900 N. Y. Chie & St. L. 1st 4, 1927	135 2b. 138	170 111 Jan.	13612 Me
Consol. 7s, 1899	110 0.	125 b.	125 Jan.	125 Jan.	N. Y. & Harlem—1st, 7s, 1900	132 b. 13:	2 b. 130 Jan.	113 ¹ 2 Ap 134 Me
General mort., 5s, 1987	1105sb.	1111 ₂ b.	1063s Jan.	1121 ₂ Apr.				9514 Me
Leh.& W.B., con. 78, 1909, as'nt Am. Dock & Imp., 58, 1921 entral Pacific—Gold 68, 1898	115 2D. 108 b.	118 1091 ₀	115 ¹ 2 Jan. 108 Jan.	119 Jan. 110 ⁵ 8 Feb.	N. Y. Elevated—1st, 7s, 1906 N. Y. Lack. & W.—1st, 6s, 1921.	137 ¹ 2 136	6 ¹ 8b, 131 lo Jan	118 ¹ 2 Fel 137 ¹ 2 Ap
entral Pacific-Gold 6s, 1898	115½b.	11534b.	113 ¹ 4 Feb.	116 Apr.	Construction, 5s, 1923 N. Y. & North'n—1st, 5s, 1927 N. Y. Ont. & W.—1st, 6s, 1914 N. Y. Sus. & W.—1stref., 5s, 1937 Midland of N. J.—1st, 6s, 1910 Northit West	11314b. 113	314b. 11114 Feb.	1131 ₂ Ap
			101 ³ 4 Apr. 105 ¹ 8 Apr.	105½ Feb.	N. Y. & North'n-1st, 5s, 1927	107 b. 10	7 b. 108 Jan.	10812 Jan
Mortgage 6s, 1936. hes. & Ohio.—Mort. 6s, 1911 1st consol. 5s, 1939.	115	115½b.	113 ¹ 4 Jan.	10838 Meh. 118 Feb.	N. Y. Sus. & W.—18t, 68, 1914 N. Y. Sus. & W.—1stref., 58, 1937.	9814b, 9	8 ¹ 4b. 94 Jan.	115 Fel 99 Mc
1st consol. 5s, 1939	94^{1}_{2}	96	94 Feb.	9618 Apr.	Midland of N. J1st, 6s, 1910	114 b. 11	414b. 11414 Apr.	11734 Me
		109	107 Jan. 98 Jan.	110 Jan. 102 Meh.	Norfolk & West.—Gen., 6s, 1931 North. Pac.—1st, coup., 6s, 1921	110-20, 12.	L D. 11/4 Jan.	120 110
hic. Burl. & No.—1st, 5s, 1926. hic. Burl. & Q.—Con. 7, 1903 Debenture 5s, 1913	132	132	131 Jan.	132 Feb.	General, 2d, coup., 1933	114 4b. 11	5 112 Jan.	11614 Me
Debenture 5s, 1913 Denver Division, 4s, 1922	103_{2}	104 b.	103 Meh. 921 ₂ Feb.	106 Jan. 94½ Jan.	General, 2d, coup., 1933 General, 3d, coup. 68, 1937	1053 100 1053 100	6 ³ 8 97 ³ 4 Jan. 6 103 ³ 4 Jan.	10638 Ap 10734 Fe
Nebraska Extension 4s, 1927.	94	94 ¹ 4b.	91 78 Jan.	95 Feb.	No. Pac. Ter. Co.—1st, 6s, 1933. Ohio Ind. & West.—1st, 5s, 1938	71 b. 7	3 a. 64½ Jan.	7412 M
Nebraska Extension 4s, 1927. nic. & E. Ill.—1st, s. f., 6s, 1907	11914	119 b.	118 Jan.	11914 Jan.	Ohio Ind. & West.—1st, 5s, 1938 Ohio & Miss.—Consol., 7s, 1898. 2d, consol., 7s, 1911. Ohio Southern—1st, 6s, 1921	117 b. 11	7 ¹ 4b. 115 Jan.	11712 Me
Consol. 6s, 1934	12034b.	103	118 Jan. 97 Jan.	124 ¹ 4 Mch. 104 ¹ 2 Feb.	2d, consol., 7s, 1911	107 ¹ 4b, 10	8 ¹ 2b. 118 ¹ 2 Apr. 7 ¹ 4b. 103 Jan.	120 ¹ 4 Mo 107 ¹ 8 Mo
General consol. 1st, 5s, 1937 iic. Gas. L. & C.—1st, g, 5s, 1937	93 b.	93	83 Feb.	95 Meh.	2d, income, 6s, 1921	46 4b. 4	6 b. 4434 Jan. 414b. 7112 Jan.	5112 M
nie. & Ind. Coal R., 1st, 5s, 1936 nie. Mil. & St. P.—Con. 7s, 1905	1071-1	103 a.	99 Jan.	105 Feb. 126 Apr.	2d, income, 6s, 1921 Omaha & St. L.—1st, 4s, 1937 Oregon Imp. Co.—1st, 6s, 1910.	74 7	4 ¹ 4b. 71 ¹ 2 Jan. 3 ¹ 2b. 102 Feb.	76 Me
1st. Southwest Dry.—68, 1909	113 D.	115 40.	122 l ₂ Jan. 112 Jan.	126 Apr. 115 ¹ 4 Feb.	Ore. R. & Nav. Co.—1st, 6s, 1910.	11114 11		10678 Fe 11214 Ja
1st, So. Min. Div.—6s, 1910	11112b.	11178b.	110 Jan.	113 Feb.	· Consol., 5s. 1925	104 b. 10	4 l2b. 102 Jan.	105 Fe
1st, 8o. Min. Div.—6s, 1910 1st, Ch.& Pac.W.Div.—5s,1921 Wis. & Minn. Div.—5s, 1921	105 b.	1064	103 Jan. 99 Jan.	106 ¹ 4 Apr. 102 Feb.	Penn Co -4les coupen 1922.	107 10 108 b 10	7'2 101'2 Jan.	107 ¹ 2 Ap 109 Mo
Terminal 58, 1914	10014b.		100 Jan.	102 Feb.	Oregon & Transcon'l—6s, 1922. Penn. Co.—4 ¹ 2s, coupon, 1921. Peo. Dec. & Evans.—1st,6s, 1920	109 b. 11	2 a. 104 le Feb.	1041 ₂ Fe
ic. & N. W.—Consol. 7s, 1915.	1451sb.	14512b.	14334 Jan.	147 Jan.	Evansv. Div.—1st, 6s, 1920	10712b. 10	6 ¹ 2b. 102 ³ 4 Jan.	109½ Fe
3010, 78, 1902	13040.	131 D.	129 2 Jan.	132 Jan. 123 Apr.	Evansv. Div.—1st, 6s, 1920 2d mort., 5s, 1927 Phila. & Read.—Gen. 4s, 1958	9210 9	3 66 Jan.	76½ M 94 Ja
Sinking fund 58, 1929	110 b.		10812 Jan.	111 Feb.	1st pref. income 5s, 1958	824 8	3'8 80'2 Mch.	941 ₂ Ja
Terminal 5s, 1914 ide. & N. W.—Consol. 7s, 1915 30ld, 7s, 1902 sinking fund 6s, 1929 sinking fund 5s, 1929 sinking fund 5s, 1929 sinking fund 5s, 1939 \$25_veer_debent_upc. 5s, 1939	1117 ₈ b.	107 ¹ 4b.	109 Jan.	11012 Jan.	2d pref. income 5s, 1958	6858 6	8 ¹ 2b. 67 ⁵ 8 Meh.	8238 Ja
5-year debenture 5s, 1909 Extention 4s, 1926	100 leb.	1001ab.	105 Jan. 98 Jan.	109 Apr. 104 ¹ 4 Feb.	3d pref. income 5s, 1958	84 8	4 b. 54 Meh. 4 ¹ 2 76 ¹ 4 Jan.	62 ¹ 4 Ja 84 ¹ 2 A
ic. Peo. & St. L.—Gld. 58, 1928	984	98.8	95 Mch.	9838 Apr.	Pittsb. & West.—1st, g., 4s, 1917 Rich. & All.—1st, 7s, Drexel cert. 2d mort., 6s, 1916, Drexel cert.	6358 6	4 b. 58 Jan.	6434 F
ic. R. I. & Pac.—6s, coup., 1917 Extension & col. 5s, 1934	131 b.	131 ¹ 40. 106	131 ¹ 4 Mch. 104 ⁵ 8 Jan.	133 Jan. 1064 Feb.	2d mort., 6s, 1916, Drexel cert.	31½ 3	1 ¹ 2 26 Jan. 7 b. 114 Jan.	3112 A
de, St. P. M. & O.—Con.6s, 1930	122	12278		12278 Apr.	Rich. & Danv.—Con., 6s, 1915 Consol. gold, 5s, 1936 Rich. & W.P.Ter.—Trust 6s, 1897	914 9	7 b. 114 Jan. 2 ¹ 2 86 Jan.	1163s M 941 ₂ M
ne. St. P. M. & O.—Con. 6s, 1930 l.St. L. & Pitt.—1st, con. 5s, 1932 ev. & Canton—1st, 5s, 1917. C. C. & I.—Consol. 7s, 1914. General 6s, 1934.	98 a.	97	96 Apr.	100 Feb.	Rich.& W.P.TerTrust 6s, 1897	99 9	9 ¹ 4, 96 Feb.	9912 F
eve, & Canton—1st, 5s, 1917.	9512	96 ¹ 4 131 b.	92½ Jan. 130 Jan.	96 ¹ 2 Apr. 134 Meh.	Roch. & Pittsb.—Con. 6s, 1922 Rome Wat. & Ogd.—1st, 7s, 1891	115 b. 11	5 b. 113 Jan. 9 b. 10712 Jan.	116 ¹ 2 M 109 M
General 6s, 1934	118 b.	118 b.	112 Jan.	117 Mch.	Consol., extended, 5s, 1922	10812 10	5 0. 1084 Jan.	1113 M
of. Coaf & fron-1st os, 1900	102	3/4	9712 Apr.	105 Jan.	Consol., extended, 5s, 1922 St. Jos. & Gr. Isl.—1st, 6s, 1925.	10634 10	84 104 Jan.	109 A
ol, H.Val. & Tol.—Con. 5s, 1931 General gold, 6s, 1904	85	81 84 ¹ 2b.	80 Meh. 82 Jan.	8734 Feb. 87 Feb.	St. L. Alt. & T. H.—1st, 7s, 1894	103 b	o. 112 ¹ 2 Jan 105 ³ 4 Feb.	114 ¹ 2 A 110 Ja
enver & Rio Gr1st. 7s. 1900	12112	122 b.	119 Jan.	12214 Apr.	2d, mort., pref., 7s, 1894 2d, mort., income, 7s, 1894 8t. L. Ark. & Tex.—1st, 6s, 1936	107 b. 10	7 b. 10412 Jan.	107 A
1st consol. 4s, 1936	80 101 b.	8018	75 Jan.	8012 Meh.	St. L. Ark. & Tex.—1st, 6s, 1936	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		99 F
env. & R. G. W.—1st, 6s, 1911. Assented	8914	88	84½ Jan. 73¾ Jan.	102 Meh. 93 ¹ 4 Meh.	2d, 6s, 1936 St. L. & Iron Mt.—1st, 7s, 1892.	10612b. 10	3 b. 33½ Mch. 7 106¼ Feb.	38 F 110 Ja
anv. S. Pk. & Pac.—1st.7s. 1905	86 b.	8612	81 Jan.	87 Mch.	St. L. & Iron Mt.—1st, 7s, 1892. 2d mort., 7s, 1897. Cairo & Fulton—1st, 7s, 1891.	10812b. 10	8 b. 105 Jan.	109 M
et. B. C. & Alp.—1st,g.,6s, 1913 et. Mac. & M.—Ld.gr.3 ¹ 2s, 1911	36 h	36 b.	103 Jan. 34 Jan.	108 ¹ ₂ Feb. 40 Feb.	Cairo & Fulton-1st, 7s, 1891.	1054b, 10	7 104 Feb.	104 M 107 A
II. & Iron Range—1st. 5s. 1937	97 D.	98 0.	96 a Jan.	104 Feb.	Cairo Ark. & Tex.—1st,7s,1897 Gen. R'y & land gr., 5s, 1931. St. L. & San Fr.—6s, Cl. A, 1996	813b. 8	3 81 Jan.	107 A 90 F
Tenn. V. & G.—Con., 5s, 1956 iz. Lex. & Big San.—6s, 1902.	10558	10534b.	102 Jan.	106 Meh. 106 Feb.	St. L. & San Fr.—6s, Cl. A, 1906	119 11	9 ¹ 4b. 116 Jan. 9 ³ 8b. 115 ³ 4 Jan.	120 A
me—1st, consol. gold, 78, 1920	13842	137 8	137 Men.	106 Feb. 14178 Feb.	6s, Class B, 1906	119 b. 11	9 ¹ 2b. 115 ¹ 2 Jan.	120 A 120 A
Long Dock, 78, 1893	112 0.	112 0.	11034 Jan.	11278 Apr.	General mort., 6s, 1931	119 b. 11	9 b. 11518 Jan.	11914 A
Consol. 6s, 1935 N.Y.L.E.&W.—2d con. 6s, 1969	118 b.	10438	118 Apr. 98 Jan.	123 Feb.	6s, Class C, 1906. 6s, Class C, 1906. General mort., 6s, 1931. General mort., 5s, 1931. S. P. M. & M.—Dak, Ext., 6s, 1910.	105 b. 10	16 40. 101 4 Jan.	1065 ₈ A 120 F
W. & Denv. C.—1st, 6s, 1921	9238	9412	90 Jan.	104 ¹ 2 Apr. 96 Feb.	1st consol., 6s, 1933	117 b. 11	8 b. 115 2 Jan.	120 F 120 F
. W. & Denv. C.—1st, 6s, 1921 al.H.& San Ant.—W.Div.1st, 5s		9538	9414 Jan.	95% Mch.	1st consol., 6s, 1933 Do reduced to $4^{1}2^{3}$	100½b. 10	1 b. 984 Jan.	10034 M
al.H.& San Ant. – W.Div.1st, 5s .B.W.& St.P. – 2d inc. 8s, 1911 uff Col. & San. Fe – 1st, 7s, 1909	1095 ₀	109	18 Jan. 106 ¹ 2 Jan.	25 Feb. 116 Feb.	Collateral trust, 5s, 1898 Montana Ext. 1st, 4s, 1937	97 b. 9 87 b. 8	97 b. 9614 Feb. 88 8314 Jan.	98 ¹ 2 J 90 F
			70 Apr.	8712 Jan.	Shen. Val. —1st, 7s, 1909, Tr. rec. General 6s, 1921, Trust rec	88 8	8 b. 8710 Apr.	9212 F
an, & St. Jos.—Cons. 6s. 1911.	100 b	120½b.	12014 Jan.	124 Feb.	General 6s, 1921, Trust rec	31½b. 3	37 31 Jan.	3712 A
t. & Gt. No.—1st, 6s, gold, 1919 Coupon, 6s, 1909	66 ¹ 4b.	67	1001 ₂ Apr. 631 ₄ Mch.	109½ Jan. 74½ Jan.	South Carolina—1st, 6s, 1920 2d, 6s, 1931		5 log 17 Ton	96 F 601 ₂ F
entucky Cent.—Gold 4, 1987 noxv. & O.—1st, 6s, gold, 1925	79	7812b.	7112 Jan.	8038 Mch.	Income, 6s, 1931	5 14b.	5 4b. 518 Jan.	10 F
noxv. & O.—1st, 6s, gold, 1925	107%b.	108 b.	101 Jan.	109 ¹ 4 Apr. 111 Apr.	So. Pac., Ariz.—1st, 6s, 1909-10.	106 b. 10	77 ¹ 4 105 ¹ 2 Jan.	107 ¹ 4 A 116 N
Erie & West.—1st, g., 5s, 1937 ke Shore.—Con.cp., 1st, 7s, 1900 Consol. coup., 2d, 7s, 1903	129	129 a.	12514 Jan.	129 Feb.	So. Pac., N. M.—1st, 6s, 1911	107 b. 10	o7 b. 10512 Jan.	10814 F
Consol. coup., 2d, 7s, 1903	126 b.	127 a.	124 Jan.	12778 Meh.	24, 68, 1931 Income, 68, 1931 So. Pac., Ariz.—1st, 68, 1909-10. So. Pac., Cal.—1st, 68, 1905-12. So. Pac., N. M.—1st, 68, 1911 Tenn. C. L. & Ry.—Ten. D., 1st, 68 Rign. Div. 1st, 68, 1915	94 b	89 Jan.	100 M
ng Island—1st, con., 5s, 1931 General mort, 4s, 1938 : uisv, & Nashv.—Con., 7s, 1898 E. H. & N.—1st, 6s, 1919 General, 6s, 1930. Trust Bonds, 6s, 1922 10-40, 6s, 1924 50-year 5s, 1937 Collat, trust 5s, 1931	993ab	100	9219 Jan.	11678 Meh. 100 Feb.	Birm. Div., 1st, 6s, 1917 Tex. & Pac.—1st, gold, 5s, 2000. 2d, gold, income, 5s, 2000	97 a. 9	98 a. 89 Jan. 89 ¹ 4 85 ¹ 2 Mch.	99 N 915 ₈ J
uisv. & NashvCon., 7s, 1898	117^{1_2}	11712b.	11712 Apr.	12112 Mch.	2d, gold, income, 5s, 2000	3714 3	3718 34 Meh.	3910.1
E. H. & N.—1st, 6s, 1919	116 b.	117	116 Jan.	117 Feb.	Tol. A. A. & N. M.—1st, 6s, 1924		07 ¹ 4 99 Meh.	108 H
Frust Bonds, 6s, 1922	113 4b	114 b.	109½ Jan.	113 Apr.	Tol. A. A. & Gr. Tr.—1st, 6s, 1921 Tol. & Ohio Cent.—1st, 5s, 1935 Tol. St. L. & Kan.C.—1st, 6s, 1916	100-20. 10 102 b. 10	0218b. 101 Jan.	107 H
10-40, 6s, 1924	105^{12}	10612b	10112 Jan.	106 Apr.	Tol. St. L. & Kan.C1st, 6s, 1916	10334 10	92½ Jan.	104
00-year 5s, 1937	102 b	104 2b	98 Jan.	105½ Apr. 101½ Apr.	Union Pacific—1st, 6s, 1899	117120. 11	17 ¹ 20. 115 Jan.	118 1 1023 1
mis. N. A. & Ch1st. 6s. 1910	118 b	12010	1124 Jan.	12012 Apr.	Land grant, 7s, 1887-9. Sinking fund, 8s, 1893 Kansas Pacide—1st, 6s, 1895 1st, 6s, 1896 Denver Div —6s, 1899	11678 11	1634b. 11614 Meb.	1201 ₂ J
Consol., gold, 68, 1916	9548	100	93 Jan.	102 2 Meh.	Kansas Pacific—1st, 6s, 1895	. 110 b. 11	10 b. 11012 Apr.	1111_{2} J 1105_{8} J
em. & Char.—68, gold, 1924 etro. Elevated—1st. 68, 1908	115	11619	102 2 Jan.	105 Apr. 11734 Feb.	Denver Div.—6s, 1899	1143ab, 11	15 b. 114 Jan.	1154 I
2d, 6s, 1899	10818b	10912b	106 Jan.	110 Feb.	Denver Div.—6s, 1899 1st consol., 6s, 1919 Oreg. Short Line—1st, 6s, 192	. 11412 1	1412b. 112 Jan.	11612 J
Consol 5s 1902	132 b	132 b	131 4 Jan.	133½ Meh. 112¾ Apr.	Vincinia Mid _Con m 5c 103	: 971ab	1240. 111 Feb.	1141 ₂ J
il. Lake Sh. & W.—1st, 6s, 1921	12012b	. 12234a	1183 Jan.	122 Apr.	Wab. St. L. & PGen. 68, Tr. red	. 37 b.	89 7838 Jan. 37 b. 37 Apr.	89 A
Conv. debenture, 5s, 1907	10014	10112	9212 Jan.	1013 Mch.	Chicago Div5s, 1910, Tr.rec	9778	97 ¹ 2 88 ¹ 2 Jan.	98 A
Hw. & North.—M. L., 68, 1910 Extension 1st 6s 1913	110 ¹ 2b	11034b	106½ Jan.	111 Apr. 10912 Mch.	Wab. St. L. & P.—Gen., 6s, Tr. rec Chicago Div.—5s, 1910, Tr. rec Wabash—M., 7s, 1909, Tr. rec Tol. & W.—1st, ext., 7s, Tr. rec	91 973th	92 97½b. 89½ Jan.	9212 /
em. & Char.—6s, gold, 1924. etro. Elevated—1st, 6s, 1908. 2d, 6s, 1899. ich. Cent.—1st, con., 7s, 1902. Consol., 5s, 1902. il. Lake Sh. & W.—1st, 6s, 1921. Conv. debenture, 5s, 1907. iliw. & North.—M. L., 6s, 1910. Extension, 1st, 6s, 1913. inn. & St. Louis—1st, 7s, 1927. lo. Kan. & Tex.—Con., 6s, 1924.	91 %b	100-2	90 Jan.	92 Feb.	1st,St.L.Div.,7s,1889,Tr.red	971 ₂ b.	9712b. 9312 Feb.	984 4
lo. Kan. & Tex.—Con., 6s, 1920	54	5558	53 Apr.	92 Feb. 62 Jan.	1st, 8t L.Div., 7s, 1889, Tr. rec 2d, extend., 7s, 1893, Tr. rec Con., conv., 7s, 1907, Tr. rec Gt. West.—1st, 7s, 1888, Tr. rec	. 92	9312b. 87 Jan.	9312
Consol., 5s, 1920	. 51½ . 87½b	52^{1_2}	5012 Apr.	57 ¹ 4 Jan.	Ct. West -1st 7s 1888 Triver	91 ¹ 2	92 ¹ 4 85 Feb. 97 ¹ 2b. 89 Jan.	924
		1123ch	110le Ian	115 Ann		. 92 b.		04 1
3d, 7s, 1906. Pac. of Mo.—1st, ext., 4s, 193: 2d mort., 7s, 1891 Tobile & Ohio—New, 6s, 1927. General mort., 4s, 1938	. 120 b	. 121140	. 11612 Jan.	12112 Apr.	West Shore-Guar, 4s. West N. Y. & Pa.—1st, 5, 1937 2d mort., 3g., 5se, 1927. West. Un. Tel.—Col. tr., 5s, 193 Wheel. & Lake E.—1st, 5s, 192	. 106 1	0612 10234 Jan.	10634 1
2d mort., 7s, 1891	105	10545	974 Jan.	101 Jan.	2d mort., 3g., 5sc., 1927	40	95 954 Jan.	100 I 44 I
lobile & Ohio-New, 6s. 1927	113 h	114 b	. 1123 Feb.	1133 Feb.	West. Un. TelCol. tr., 5s, 193	8 1	0312 9878 Jan.	10312
								1044

Note.-The letter "b" indicates price bid, and "a" price asked; all other prices and the range are from actual sales.

STATE BONDS.

SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.	SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.	SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask
Alabama-Class A, 3 to 51906						Rhode Island-6s, cou. 1893-1894		
Class B, 5s						South Carolina—6s, non-fund. 1888 Brown consolidated, 6s 1893		
68, 10-20						Tennessee—6s, old1892-1898		
Arkansas-6s, funded 1899-1900	11	13	6s, loan1893	110		Compromise, 3-4-5-6s1912		::::
7s, Little Rock & Fort Smith iss. 7s, Memphis & Little Rock iss			North Carolina—6s, oldJ. & J. Funding act1900			New settlement—6s1913 5s1913		105
7s, Arkansas Central RR			New bonds, J. & J 1892-1898	20				72
Georgia-7s, gold1890	10212	103_{2}	Chatham RR			Virginia-6s, old		
Louisiana—7s, cons1914 Stamped 4s	88	8834	Special tax, Class 1	5	634	6s, consolidated bonds		
Michigan—7s1890			68			6s, deferred, trust receipts		

BONDS-STOCK EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS ON FRIDAY OF THE LESS ACTIVE RAILROAD BONDS.

SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.	SECURITIES.	Bid	Ask.	SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask
Railroad Bonds.			E. Tenn. Va. & Ga.—1st, 7s1900	122	123	Northern Pacific—(Continued)— Cœur d'Alene—1st, 6s, gold. 1916 Cent. Washington—1st, g., 6s. 1938 Nort. & W.—New Riv., 1st, 6s. 1932 Imp. & Ext., 6s. 1934 Adjustment M., 7s. 1924	1051	
(S ock Exchange Prices.) ch. Top. & San. Fe-41281920			Divisional 5s. 1930 1st ext., gold, 5s. 1937 Equip. & Improvem't, g., 5s. 1938 Mobile & Birm.—1st, g., 5s. 1938 Mobile & Birm.—1st, g., 5s. 1938 Lister—1st, extended, 7s. 1947 2d extended, 7s. 1947		112	Cent. Washington—1st, g., 6s. 1938	*101	107
Sinking fund, 6s	9858	121_{2}^{191}	Mobile & Birm.—1st, g., 5s. 1938		9112	Imp. & Ext., 6s	108	115
dt. & Ohio-1st, 6s, Park B.1919	119	10912	Alabama Central—1st 6s1918 Erie—1st, extended, 7s1897	$^{*115}_{120}$	11512	Adjustment M., 7s	110	
Cons. mort., gold, 5s 1988	10812	91	2d, extended, 5s	113 ¹ 2		Ogd. & Lake Ch.—1st. con. 6s 1920	* 081	93
192: Sos, gold	99	99	4th, extended, 5s	11312	115	Ohio & Miss.—Cons., s. f., 7s. 1898 Springfield Div.—1st 7s1905	11712	118
2d, 3-5s	88	89	Erie—1st, extended, 78. 1897/2d, extended, 58. 1919/3d, extended, 58. 1920/3th, extended, 58. 1920/5th, extended, 48. 1928/1st, cons., fd. coup., 78. 1920/Reorg., 1st lien, 68. 1908/B. N. Y. & E.—1st, 78. 1916/N. Y. L. E. & W.—Col. tr,68, 1922/Funded coup., 58. 1969/Income. 68. 1977	135	138 115			100
d, 3-5s	100-2	10718	B. N. Y. & E.—1st, 7s1916	143	145	General mort., gold, 5s1937	100 80	102
nt. Roch. & Pitts.—Gen., 58.193. Roch. & Pitts.—1st, 681921 irl. Ced. Rap. & No.—1st, 58.1906	97 117	120	Funded coup., 5s1969	93	94^{1}_{2}	Ohio River RR.—1st, 5s 1936 General mort., gold, 5s 1937 Oregon & California—1st, 5s. 1937 Panama—Sink. fd., sub., 6s 1910		
Consol. & collat. trust. 5s 1934	*	98	Income, 6s		75	Panama—Sink, fd., sub., 6s 1910 Pennsylvania RR.— Pitts, C. & St. L.—1st, cp., 7s. 1900 Pitts, Ft. W. & C.—1st, 7s 1912 2d., 7s	118	
Minn. & St. L.—1st, 7s, gu192 Iowa C. & West.—1st, 7s190 Ced. Rap. I. F. & N., 1st, 6s.192			Eureka Springs R'y—1st,6s.g.1933 Evan. & T. H.—1st, cons., 6s.1921	118		Pitts. Ft. W. & C.—1st, 7s1912 2d, 7s1912	*144 *143	
Ced. Rap. I. F. & N., 1st, 6s.1920			Mt. Vernon—1st 6s	1111	111	3d, 7s	*138	
1st, 5s	10214	103	Flint & P. Marq.—Mort., 6s1920	121	110	4th, sink, fund, 6s1892 St L V &T H —1st on 7s 1897	10612	11
nt. of N. J.—Conv. deb., 68.190	109		2d mort., 7s	105		2d, 7s. 1898 2d, guar., 7s. 1898 Peoria & Pek. Uion—1st, 6s. 1921 2d mortg., 4 ¹ 9s. 1921 Phila, & R.—3d pr. inc. conv. 1958	115	
Gold bonds, 6s189	3 114		2d mort., 7s	* 83	9534	Peoria & Pek. Uion-1st, 6s 1921	*1101 ₂	7
Gold bonds, 6s. 1890 Gold bonds, 6s. 1890 San Joaquin Br., 6s. 1900 Cal. & Oregon—Ser. B, 6s. 1890	115 1121 1121		Housatonic—Cons. gold 5s1937 Hous.& Tex.C.—1st, m. l. 7s.Tr.rec. West Div. 7s, Trust receipts.1891	107^{1}_{2} 124	108 1243	Phila. & R.—3d pr. inc. conv. 1958	69	7
Cal. & Oregon—Ser. B, 6s1893 West, Pacific—Bonds, 6s1893	115		West Div. 7s, Trust receipts. 1891 1st Waco & Nor.—7s 1901	124 106	125	Pine Creek Rallway—6s 1932 Pitts. Cleve. & Tol.—1st, 6s 1922 Pitts. Junction—1st 6s 1922		
West. Pacific—Bonds, 6s1899 No. Railway (Cal.)—1st, 6s.190 es. & O.—Pur. M. fund, 6s.189	115		1st Waco & Nor.—7s1901 2d m.Ss.M. l. Trust receipts. 1913 Gen. mort.6s, Trust receipts. 1925	115	118	Pitts Me K & V -1st 6s 1932	109 113	
Ss, gold, series A190	11612		Illinois Central—1st. 2., 4s 1951		1091_{2}	Pitts. Painsv. & F.—1st, 5s1916		10
icago & Alton—1st, 7s1893	1124		1st, gold, 3 ¹ 2s	9412	$95\frac{1}{2}$ $100\frac{1}{4}$	Pitts. Mc. K. & Y.—1st 6s 1932 Pitts. Painsv. & F.—1st, 5s 1916 Pitts. Y. & Ash.—1st, 5s 1927 Prese't & Ariz. Cent. 1st, 6s.g. 1916	* 96	1::
es. & C.—Fur. M. Hind, 98. 1838, gold, series A	1244 121	126	Springr. Div.—Coup., 681898 Middle Div.—Reg., 581921	114 113		2d income, 6s	1014	10
ouis, & Mo. River—1st, 7s, 190 2d, 7s. 190 kt. L. Jacks. & Chie.—1st, 7s, 189 1st, guar. (564), 7s. 1.89 2d, mort. (360), 7s. 189 2d, guar. (188), 7s. 1.89 2d, guar. (188), 7s. 1.89 diss.R. Bridge—1st, s. f., 6s, 191 ie. Burling. & Q.—5s, s. f. 190 owa Div.—Sink. fund, 5s. 191 Sinking fund, 4s. 191	1121 ₆		Springf. Div.—Coup., 6s. 1898 Middle Div.—Reg., 5s. 1921 C. St. L. & N. O.—Ten. I., 7s. 1897 1st, consol., 7s. 1897 2d. 6s. 1997 Gold, 5s, coupon 1951 Dub. & S. C.—2d Div., 7s. 1894 Ced. Falls & Minn.—1st, 7s. 1907 Ind. Bloom.Aw.—1st, prc., 7s. 1900 Ohio Ind. & W.—1st prf., 7s. 1938 Ohio Ind. & West.—2d, 5s. 1938 Ohio Ind. & West.—2d, 5s. 1938 Ohio Ind. & Spr.—1st 7s, ex. cp. 1906 Ind. Dec. & West.—M. 5s. 1947 2d M., inc. 5s. 1948	*120	$122 \\ 1221_2$	Atl. & Char.—1st, pref., 7s1897 Incomes		
1st, guar. (564), 7s189	1121		2d, 6s	117		Incomes	. 85	8
2d, guar. (188), 7s189	*118	100	Dub. & S. C.—2d Div., 781894	*110	117^{1}_{2} 112^{1}_{2}	St. L. Al. & T. H.—Div. bonds. 1894 Rellev. & So. III.—1st, 8s 1896 Bellev. & Car.—1st, 6s 1923 Chi.St. L. & Pad.—1st, gd. g. 5s. 1917	* 35	
ic. Burl. & Nor.—Deb. 6s189	2 *106 6	108	Ind. Bloom. & W.—1st, pref. 78. 1900	65 1151 ₂	70	Bellev. & Car.—1st, 6s1923	113 109	
de. Burling. & Q.—5s, s. f. 190 lowa Div.—Sink. fund. 5s. 191	1 106	107	Ohio Ind. & W.—1st pr., 5s 1938 Ohio Ind. & West.—2d, 5s 1938	100	39	St. Louis So.—1st, gd. g 4s.1931	*100 81	
Sinking fund, 4s	944	9012	I.B.&W., con. inc. Trust receipts. Ind. D. & Spr.—1st 7s, ex. cp. 1906	* 10		St. Louis So.—1st, gd. g 4s. 1931 2d income, 5s	30	4
ic.Mil. & St. P.—1st, 8s, P. D. 189	8 124 8 117	125	Ind. Dec. & West.—M. 5s1947 2d M., inc. 5s1948			St. L. & I. M.—Ark. Br.,1st,7s.1895 St. L. &S. Fran.—1st,6s,P.C.&O 1919	1065 ₈	
Sinking fund, 4s. 1912 Plain, 4s. 1922 de Mil. & St. P.—1st, Ss,P.D. 189 2dt, 7 3-10s, P. D. 189 sts, 7s, \$ g., R. D. 189 sts, La Crosse Division, 7s. 189 sts, I. & M., 7s. 189 sts, I. & D., 7s. 190 sts, C. & M., 7s. 190 sts, C. & M., 7s. 190 sts, Southwest Div., 6s. 190 sts, Southwest Div., 6s. 190 sts, La C. & Dav., 5s. 191	1243			874		Equipment, 7s	106	11
lst, La Crosse Division, 7s. 189 lst, I. & M., 7s	7 115		Kan. C. Wyan. & N. W.—1st, 5s. 1938 Lake Shore & Mich So.—	* 9312	95	Kan. City & 8.—1st, 6s, g.1916	97 ¹ 2	10
lst, I. & D., 7s	$\frac{9}{3}$ $\frac{118}{124}$		Cleve. P. & A.—7s 1892 Buff. & Er.—New bonds, 7s. 1898 Kal. & W. Pigeon—1st, 7s 1890	$\frac{109}{120}$		St. L. K. & So. Wn.—1st, 6s.1910		
st, I. & D. Extension, 7s190	$\frac{125}{1131}$		Kal. & W. Pigeon—1st, 7s1890 Det. M. & T.—1st, 7s1906	103 *133	136	Kan. City & S.—Ist, 6s, g. 1916 Ft. S. & V. B. Bg.—Ist, 6s, 1916 St. L. K. & So. Wn.—1st, 6s, 1916 Kansas Mid'd.—Ist, g. 4s, 1937 St. Paul & Duluth—1st, 5s.—1931	*112	
1st, La C. & Dav., 5s191	9 103		Det. M. & T.—1st, 7s1906 Lake Shore—Div. bonds, 7s. 1899 Consol reg. 1st 7s1900	122	124	2d mortgage 5s	114	10
1st, La C. & Dav., 5s. 191 1st, H. & D., 7s. 191 1st, H. & D., 5s. 191 Chicago & Pacific Div., 6s. 191 Chicago & Pacific Div., 6s. 191	100	103	Consol., reg., 1st, 7s 1900 Consol., reg., 2d, 7s 1903 Mahon'g Coal RR.—1st, 5s. 1934	1263	128	2d mortgage 5s. 1917 St. Paul Minn & M.—1st, 7s. 1909 2d mort, 6s. 1909 Minneap, Union—1st, 6s. 1922 Mont Con 1808	114 1173	12
Chic. & Mo. Riv. Div., 5s191	6 1003		Litchf. Car. & West.—1st 6s. g. 1916	109	100	Mont. Cen.—1st, guar., 6s1937 East. Minn., 1st div. 1st 5s.1908	11518	
Mineral Point Div. 5s 191 C. & L. Sup. Div., 5s 192	$0 1011 \\ 1 * 99$	$\begin{array}{c} 103 \\ 102 \end{array}$	N. Y. & R'way B.—1st, g. 5s. 1927	$\frac{122^{1}}{102^{1}}$.1
Carlot & Mo. Riv. Div., 58. 192 C. & L. Sup. Div., 58. 192 Fargo & South., 6s, Assu 192 Inc. conv. sink. fund, 5s 191 Dakota & Gt. South. 5s 191	6 * 90	9712	Manon'g Coal KR.—18t, 58, 1954 Litchf. Car. & West.—1st 6s. g. 1916 Long Island—1st, 7s 1898 N. Y. & R'way B.—1st, g. 5s. 1927 2d mortg., inc	30	39	1st, 6s, 1886		8
Danota te ot. Bottin, bs101	0		Procklyn & Mont. 1st & 1011		1	Coupons off	* 70	ii
Escanaba & L. S.—1st, 6s190	1 1111	1	N. Y. B. & M. B.—1st, g., 5s. 1935 Brooklyn & Mont.—1st, 6s. 1911 1st, 5s. 1911 Smithtown&Pt.Jeff.—1st,7s 1901			Texas Central—1st, s. f., 7s1909	4212	2
10420 & Northwestern— Escanaba & L. S.—1st, 6s 190 Des M. & Minn.—1st, 7s 190 flowa Midland—1st, 8s 190 Peninsula—1st, conv., 7s 189 Chic. & Milwaukee—1st, 7s. 189 Win. & St. P.—2d, 7s 190 Mil. & Mad.—1st, 6s 190 Ott. C. F. & St. P.—1st, 5s 190 Northern III.—1st 5s 190 Northern III.—1st 5s 190	0		Louis, & Nash.—Cecil.Br., 7s .1907	109		1st mortgage, 7s1911 Texas & New Orleans—1st, 7s. 1905	4212	
Peninsula—1st, conv., 7s189 Chic. & Milwaukee—1st, 7s.189	8 1221	1	N. O. & M.—1st, 6s. 1930 N. O. & M.—2d, 6s. 1930 N. O. & M.—2d, 6s. 1930 Pensacola Division, 6s. 1920 St. Louis Division, 1st, 6s. 1921	116 ¹ / ₄ 104 ³ / ₄	1117	16Xns & New Orients - 184, 78, 180, 8abine Division, 1st, 6s 1912 Tex. & Pac., E. Div.—1st, 6s. 1905 Tol. A. A. & Cad.—6s 1917 Tol. A. A. & Mt. Pl.—6s 1917 Tol. Peoria & West.—1st, 4s 1917 Union Pacific—1st, 6s 1896	101 ¹ 2	١
Win. & St. P.—2d, 7s	7 117		Pensacola Division, 6s1920 St. Louis Division, 1st, 6s1921	103 118		Tol. A. A. & Cad.—6s	95	10
Ott. C. F. & St. P.—1st, 5s190	9 107	108	2d, 3s	62 121	122	Tol. Peoria & West.—1st, 4s1917	92 74^{1}_{2} 114^{1}_{2}	3
nicago Rock Island & Pacific-			S. & N. Ala.—S. f., 6s1910			1.4 0- 1000	TTO	3
Des Moines & Ft. D.—1st, 4s.190 1st, 2 ¹ 2s190	5	. 56	Pens. & At.—1st, 6s, gold1921 Lou. N. O. & Tex.—1st, 4s1934	86		Collateral Trust, 681908	10512	2
Extension, 4s	$\begin{array}{ccc} 5 & 80 \\ 3 & 103 \end{array}$	106	2d mort., 5s	424	2	C Br II P - F c. 78 1895	108	1
Keokuk & Des M.—1st, 5s. 192 nic. & St. Louis—1st, 6s 191 nic. St. P. & Kan. City—5s 193		. 1193	Meyican National—1st. g., 68 1927	1015	3	Atch. Col. & Pac.—1st, 6s1905 Atch. J. Co. & W.—1st, 6s1905 Utah Southern—Gen., 7s1909	* 92	
Minn. & N. W.—1st, g., 5s. 193 nic. St. Paul M. & O.—	4		2d, income, 6s, "A"	18			112	i
Unic, St. P. & Minn.—1st. 6s. 191	8	. 127	Coupon, 581931	1134		II P Lin & Col.—1st. g., 58, 1918	98	10
No. Wisconsin—1st, 6s 193 St. Paul & S. C.—1st, 6s 191	9 124		Jack. Lan. & Sag.—6s1891 Milw.L.S.&W.—Mich. D.,1st, 6s. 24			Utah & Northern-Gen., 5s.1926 Valley R'y Co. of OCon. 6s.1921		. 10
die. & W. Ind.—1st, s. f., 6s.191 General mortgage, 6s193	9 2 *1177	8	Ashland Divisian—1st, 6s1925 Incomes	*101	2	Wab. St. L. & Pac.—Gen. M., 6s. 1920 Chicago Division, 5s1910		
General mortgage, 6s193 n. Ham. & D.—Con. s. f., 7s.190 2d. gold. 4 ¹ 08	5 120		Incomes. Minn.&St.L.—I'a Ex., 1st, 7s.1909 2d mortg., 7s	80		Chicago Division, 5s. 1916 Detroit Div.—6s, Trust rec. 1921 Wabash, M., 7s, 1879. 1905 Toledo & Wab.—1st ext., 7s, 1896 St. Louis Division, 7s. 1888	121	1:
2d, gold, 4 ¹ 28. 193 n. I. St. L.& Chic.—1st,g.,4s.193 Consol. 68	6 981	0	2d mortg., 7s	85		Toledo & Wab.—1st ext., 7s.1890	115 ¹ ₂ 115 ¹ ₄	2
Consol., 6s. 192 n. Jack. & Mac.—1st, g., 5s. 193 n. Sand. & Cleve.—1st, 7s. 189	6 *	100		* 507	55	2d mort., ext., 7s 1893 Equipment bonds		
Consol. 1st, g., 5s	8 1031	2	Minn. & Pac.—1st mortg., 5s.1936 Minn.S. Ste. M. & Atl.—1st, 5s.1926	*	90	Colsol, conv., 781907		
Consol. 1st, g., 5s 192 Col. Cin. & Ind. — 1st, 7s, s.f.189 Consol. sink. fund, 7s	9 1231	2 125	Missouri Pacific—Trust,g., 5s. 1917 Mobile & Ohio—1st ext., 6s1927	*100		Great Western—1st, 7s1888 2d, 7s1893		
eve. & Mah. V.—Gold, 5s 193 llorado Midland—1st, g., 6s.193	8		1st pref. debentures			Quin. & Tol.—1st, 7s, Trust rec Han. & Naples—1st, 7s, Tr. rec	1	
numbia & Green.—1st. 6s 191	6	80	2d pref. debentures St. L. & Cairo—4s, guar1931 Morgan's La. & T.—1st, 6s1920	*	. 72	Ill. & So. Ia.—1st, ex., 6s, Tr.rec St.L.K.C.&N.—R.E.&RR.7s.1895	111	
2d, 6s	4 * 89	92	181. 78		124	St.Charles Br'ge—1st,6s1908 No. Missouri—1st, 7s1895 Warren & Frank.—1st, 7s1896	*104	
Convertible 7s 190	9 110		Nash. Chat. & St. L.—2d, 6s. 1901 New Orles ns & Gulf—1st, 6s . 1926			Warren & Frank.—1st, 7s1896		
Mortgage 7s	7 1371	2 139 . 1374	N. O. &. No. E.—Pr. I., g., 681915 N. J. Junetion—Guar, 1st. 4s 1986	1043		Miscellaneous Bonds.		
Mortgage 7s	4 145	8 1073	N. Y. N. H. & H.—1st, reg. 4s.1903	501	. 1113 2 52	Am. Water W. Co.—1st 6s 1907 Cahaba Coal Min.—1st g. 7s1907	$\begin{array}{c c} 110 \\ 112 \end{array}$	1::
2d, 78. 185 Bonds, 78. 196 78 of 1871 196	0		N. Y. Susq. & West.—Deb. 6s. 1897		2	Col. & Hock. Coal & L68, g 1917	97	-110
1st, con., guar., 7s190	$\frac{1}{5}$ $\frac{125}{144}$	2 1291				Equitable G. & F.—1st 6s1905 Hackensack Water—1st, 5s1926 Henderson Bridge—1st g. 6s.1931	1044	2
1st, con., guar., 7s	11111	2	Northern Pac.—Divid. scrip ext James River Val.—1st. 6s1936	106	. 103 110	Henderson Bridge—1st g. 6s. 1931 Iron Steamboat Co.—6s1901	1091	
Coupon, 7s. 189 Pa. Div., coup., 7s. 191	4 114 ¹ 7 146	4 1143	Spokane & Pal.—1st, 6s1936 St. Paul & N. P.—Gen., 6s1923	1201	2 12212	Iron Steamboat Co.—6s1901 Manhat, Beach Imp. Co.—7s.1909 Northwest Telegraph.—7s1904		
		133	Helena&RedM'n-1st,g., 68.1937	1001	2	Pannla's Gas & Coke) 1st g.6s.1904		
1st, cons., guar., 6s	$\begin{vmatrix} 6 & 123 \\ 1 & 150 \end{vmatrix}$	1233	Dul. & Man. Dak. Div1st6s1937	*109	2	Co., Chicago ; 2d g. 6s,1904 Philadelphia Co.—1st s. f. 6s.1898 Vest. Union Tel.—Coup. 7s190 Witebr'st Fuel—Gen. s. f. 6s,1908	1031	2 10
one to o	0	. 814	La. M. & Mo. R1st, 5s1937	1	1	West, Union Tel.—Coup. 781900	1193	S

^{*} No price Friday; these are the latest quotations made this week.

	New	York	City	Bank	Staten	ent fo	r the	week	in all co	April
6,	1889,	is as	follov	ss. W	e omit	two ci	pher	8 (00)	in all co	ases.

BAN (00s om	KB. (tted.)	Capital.	Surplus.	Loans	Specie.	Legals.	Deposits
		\$. \$	\$ 12,560,0 10,351,0	\$. \$	*
Bank of Ne Manhattan	W YORK	2,000,0	1,562,2	12,560,0	2,280,0	1,130,0	12,650,
Marchanta'	Co	2,050,0	708 3	7,433,8	1,411,0	693,0	7 854
Merchants'.		2,000,0	1,562,2 1,196,7 798,3 1,640,3	9,803,0	1,207 0	771.0	8 361
America		2,000,0 2,000,0 3,000,0	1.888.2	11,598,8	1,343,9 1,207,0 1,641,2	609,5 771,0 749,7	12,650, 10,202, 7,684, 8,361, 10,671,
henix	*** ******	1.000.01	523.1	4,700,0	814.0	158,0	4.087.
City		1,000,0	2 335 0	9 637.2		1,526,0	4,087, 10,321,
Fradesmen'	8	1,000,0	213,3 5,809,3 104,2	3,097.0 22,227.8 3,748,1	520,2 8,347,0 468,6, 749,8	180,2	2,906, 25,440, 4,270, 4,762, 2,195,
Chemical Merchants'		300,0 600,0	5,809,3	22,227,8	8,347,0	705.6	25,440,
Merchants'	Exchinge	600,0	104,2	3,748,1	468,6	540,5	4,270,
Butchers' &	Drozona'	1,000,0 300,0	1,290,9 279,9	5,804,6	749,8	354,8 85,3	4,762,
fechanics'	& Traders	200,0	203.0	2,081,6	571,2	318,0	2,135,
		200.01	203,0 100,0 503,6	1 187 0	117,0 109,5	130 6	2,918, 1,151, 2,504, 1,446, 2,762,
anther Ma	nnfact'ra	600,0	503.6	9 131 1	5183	277.7	2 504
leventh Na	tional	600,0 300,0	73,9	1,434.9	518,3 343.5	35.5	1.446.
leather Ma leventh Na state of Ne	w York	1,200,0	481.9	3,582,2	296.6	130,6 277,7 35,5 238,2	2,762
merican E	xchange	5,000.0	1,606,2 3,133,4	17,542,0	1,558,0	2,026,0	14,975,
commerce.		5,000,0	3,133,4	18,894,1	1,810,5	1,944,2	13,444,
Broadway Kercantile.	•••••	1.000.01	1.349.0	6,435,4	1,810,5 $1,107,9$	220.9	5,472,
dercantile.		1,000.0	695,4	8.377.8	1,470,1	853,8	9,163,
CITIC		422.7 1,500,0	325,7 824,5	5.804,6 2.687,9 2.681,0 1.187,6 3.131.1 1.434,9 3.582,2 17.542,0 18.894,1 6.435,4 8.377,8 2.2337,1	174,0	312.0	2,762, 14,975, 13,444, 5,472, 9,163, 2,795, 12,870,
bethem	•••••	450,0	559 4	12,337,1		372,1	12,870.
Republic Chatham Peoples' North Amer	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	200,0	214.1	9 188 9	1,054,6 160.0	1283	5,512, 2,611, 4,802, 16,866,
Forth Amer	ica	700,0	552,4 244,1 471,5	12,337,1 5,160,5 2,188,9 4,344,6 15,395,6	538,2	314,6 128,3 289,2	4 802
		1,000,0	1,104,7	15 395 6	3,539,9	1,020,3	16 866
rving.		500,0	264,9	3,077.0 2,876.5	507,3	OGA 9	3,130,
litizans'	**********	600,0	378,6	2,876,5	512.7	254.8	3 024.
rving. litizens'. Nassau. Market & F St. Nicholas		500,0	178,6	2,779,1 4,067,8 2,076,8	323.9	254,8 200,7 224.7 127,7	3,014, 4,217, 2,045,
Market & F	ulton	750,0	663,4	4.067,8	912,7 299,4 777,0	224.7	4,217,
t. Nicholas		500,0	206,0	2,076,8	299,4	127.7	2,045,
snoe oz Lea	LHOT	500,0	211,7	3,084,0	777,0	308,0	3,913,
Jorn Excha	nge,	1,000,0	1,070,9	6,518,4	1,059,1	214,0	5,983,
Continental	**********	1,000,0 300,0	264,6	3,084,0 6,578,4 5,275,6 2,131,0 23,546,6 20,949,7 2,030,7 1,254,5 18,379,3 9,276,0 3,8863,0 5,356,2	874.5	494,8	6,004,
priental mporters' d	Traders'	1 500,0	362,3 4,277,8	29 546 6	206,3 4,863,7 4,110,7	313,1 1,714,8 1,573,3	2,100, 25,031, 24,208, 2,118.
Park	LIBROIS	1,500,0 2,000,0	1,868,7	20 949 7	4 110 7	1 573 3	21 208
North Rive	r	240.01	112.7	2,030.7	114,6	134,9	2 118.
East River. Fourth Nati Central Nat		250.0	120,6 1,358,4	1.254.5	$\frac{240,1}{3.378,8}$	140.5	1.416.
Pourth Nati	onal	3,200,01	1,358,4	18,379,3	3,378,8	1,379,7 $1,293,0$	18.830.
Jentral Nat	ional	2.000 01	496.6	9,276,0	1,435,0	1,293,0	10,913,
econd Nau	onal	300,0 750,0	212,0	3,863,0	1,024,0	126.0	4,638,
Winth Natio	onal	750,0	289,7	5,356.2	1,024,0 1,287,5	280,6	1,416, 18,830, 10,913, 4,638, 5,877,
hist Natio	nai		6,152,5 237,8	5,356,2 23,702,1 7,833,9 1,510,3 2,510,5 2,428,4	3,914,3	1,662,5	23,404,
first Nation Third Nation V. Y. Nat'l	Frehen	1,000,0	199 4	1,510.9	1,951,4	317,2 118,4	23,404, F,831, 1,540, 2,671, 3,118, 2,700,
Rowery	Excuange	250,0	122,6 387,4 130,2	9 510 5	313,6	118,4	1,040,
Sowery	ounty.	200,0	130.9	2 428 4	515,0 623,2	161,0 182,1	3 119
terman-Am	erican	750.0	208.8	2,952,6	455,4	134,4	2,700
hase Natio	nal	500,0	631.2	9.112 3	2.267.1	519.9	10.725
		1000	631,2 703,9 396,8	2,352,6 9,112,3 4,165,8 2,829,3 2,628,2 5,359,4	997.6	122.9	10,725, 4,207,
erman Ex	change	200,0	396,8	2,829,3	158 0	569,0	3,237
Jermania		200,0	365.	2 628,2	117,0 1,318,2	310,8	3,237, 2,788, 5,740, 3,851,
Jimteu Stat	08	500,0	505,8	5,359,4	1,318,2	31,4	5,740,
incoln	•••••	300,0	217.3			239,0	3,851,
arfield	nol	200,0 150,0 300,0	251,4	2,744,7 1,542,5 4,218,5 2,062,0	$352.6 \\ 352.9$	326,5	
lank of the	Metror	300,0	252,4 461,3	1,942,5	302.9	153,4	1,796,
West Side	monop	200,0	218,4	2 062 0	314 0	$256.8 \\ 278.0$	9,131,
baboard		500,0	127.5	3,483,0		393,0	1,796, 5,131, 2,348, 4,106,
leaboard lixth Natio Vestern Na	nal	200,0	80,8	1,910,0	423,0	110,0	2,140,
Vestern Na	tional	3,500,0	152,8	10,724,2	2,071,3	787.4	10,059,
	••••••						
BANKS.	Surplus.	Loans.	Specie.	Legals.	Deposits.	1	
		-					
V. York.*	\$113,904,8 113,904,8 113,904,3 114,215,4 114,215,4	417.070 9	82 976 1	35 264 0	438 770 9	4 354 1	870 180
16	113,904,8	420,406	83.417	35 324 6	442 684 0	1 283 0	689 914
* 23	113,904,3	421,311.4	82,218	34.855 9	441.502 7	4.277 9	656 945
44 30	114,215,4	421,023,2	180,521,7	34,412.6	437,936,7	4,292.9	642,426.
Apr. 6 Boston.*	114,215,4	419,822,9	77,406,3	31,713,5	430,840,9	4,309.7	711,113,
Mch. 23	05.043.5	152,739.2	9,635.6	5.000.7	129 870 9	119 025 0	80 908

			00,411,0 00,024,0		
** 23	113,904,3	421.311.4	82,218,7 34,855,9	441 502 7 4 277 9	656 945 0
** 30	114,215,4	421.023.2	80,521,7 34,412.6	437 936 7 4 999 0	649 426 2
Apr. 6	114.215.4	419.822.9	77,406,3 31,713,5	430 840 9 4 309 7	711 113 8
Boston."	,,-	,,-	,200,001,110,0	200,040,0 4,000,1	111,110,0
Mch. 23	65.043.5	152,739,2	9.635.0 5.000.7	129.870.8 2.925.9	89,898,8
" 30	65.043 5	152,855.3		133,583,2 2,824,8	
Apr. 6		153,181,6		138,640,6 2,696,3	
Phila.*	00,020,0	200,202,0	22,000,0, 4,211,0	100,040,0 2,000,0	01,000,1
Mch. 23	34.552 8	94.391.0	26,669.0	94,397,0 2,314,0	68,161,9
" 30		95,575.0		94.785 0 2.314.0	
A C	94 550 0	0.5 00000	0.000,0	04,100 0 2,014.0	01,112,0

Quotations in Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore:

Following are quotations of active stocks and bonds. A full list is given in the CHRONICLE the third Saturday of each month-

SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask	SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.
BOSTON.	1		Atch. & Top(Cont'd)-		-
RAILROAD STOCKS.	1		Mortgage, 5s.	954	98
Atchison & Topeka	4234	4278	Trust, 6s	97	98
Boston & Albany	213	12.8	Pari & Mo D in No.	01	93
Boston & Lewell	152		Burl. & Mo. R. in Neb	118	110
Boston & Maine	171		Exempt, 6s		119
Boston & Providence		260	Non exempt, 68	110712	****
California Southern		16	Land grant, 7s	11034	
Central of Massachusetts	104		California South1st, 68.	101	103
Professed	22			32	38
Preferred		24	Consol. of Vermont-58	8512	85
Cheshire, pr. f	459		Eastern, Mass6s, new	125	
Chic. Burl. & North'n	1 901		K. C. Ft. Scott & Mem.,68	11111	112
Chic. & West. Mich	324		K. C. Ft. Scott & Glf78	118	
Cleveland & Canton	******		Kans. City Law. & So 68	103	105
Freierred	20 2		K.C. Memph, & Birm-58		99
Concord	ě	138	Kan. Cit. St. Jo. & C. B78	120	122
Connecticut & Passump	111		K. City Sp'd & Memp6s'		1
Connecticut River	196		K. City Clin. & Spr'd 58	994	
Eastern	80%		Little R. & Ft. Sm7s	1011	
Preferred	120		Louisv. Ev. &St. L1st, 68	1095	
Pitchburg, pref	69	70	2d mort., 2-6s	3	61
Flint & Pere Marquette		30	Mar. H. & Ont1908, 6s.		1
Preferred	96%		1993 60	•••••	101
Kan. C. Ft. Scott & Mem.	8.	77 12	1923, 6s Mexican Cen -4s., Tr., sec	F01	
K. C. Memph. & Birm		55	Income -48., 11.,800	17 2	
Louisville Evans. & St. L	1 16		Income	17	18
Preferred	10		N. Y. & N. Eng.—1st, 7s.	•••••	
Mai e Central	3	121	1st mort., 6s	1001	117
Manch ster & Lawrence.	K	121	2d mert., 6s	1081	108
Maxican Control	100	200	Ogdens. & L. C.—Cons., 6s	*****	98
Mexican Central	127	1318		9919	100
N. Y. & New Eng., pref.	116	*****	Southern Kansas-5s	8	87
Northern.	0142	145	Texas Division-5s	67	
Norwich & Worcester	175		Ir comes	70	75
Ogdensb. & Lake Cham	. 6		Wiscon. Cent1st M., 58	87	83
Old Colony	1714		Income, 5s	33	34
Portlai d Saco & Ports		1254			1
Summit Branch	. 8		PHILADELPHIA.		1
Wisconsin Central	164	17	RAILROAD STOCKS		1
Preferred		1	Beli's Gap	44	45
BONDS.	1	1	Camden & Atlantic, pref.	**	30
Atch. & Topeka-1st. 7s.	. 31154	116	East Pennsylvania	55	07
Collat. Trust, 5s	753	1	Élmira & Williamsport	43	1
Plain, 5s.	65		Preferred	69	
† Per share.			Treferred	09	

SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask	SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.
Huntington & Broad Top			Phila. & Eris-con. 5s	112	
Lehigh Valley	4358 5334	46 5378	General mortg. 4s	9934	100
Little Schuylkill	70	99.8	Philadel. & Read.—1st, 6s 2d, 7s, C. & R., 1893	110%	112
Minehill & S. Haven		711	Cons., 7s, coup., 1911	135	136
Nesquehoning Valley		55	Cons., 6s, g., I.R.C.1911	122	
Northern Central	75	76	Imp., 6s, g., coup., 1897.	102	103
North Pennsylvania	84	85	Cons. 5s., 1st ser., 1922.	10178	102
Pennsylvania	5434	54 78 29 12	Deferred incomes, coup	1734	
Phil. & Erie Sunbury & Lewiston	535	29 2	Phil. W. & Balt.—Tr. c., 4s Pitts. Cin. & St. L.—7s.cp.	119	10134
United Co's of N. J	225	226	Schuyl. R. E. S.—1st, 5s		104 3
West Jersey	66		Steuben. & Ind.1st m. 5s.	108	108
West Jersey & Atlantic	8 49		United N. JGen. 4s	103	
RAILROAD BONDS.			Warren & Frank1st, 7s	\$110	114
Allegh. Val.—7 3-10s,'46.	******	114	West Jersey-1st M., 7a	123	124
Inc. 7s, end. coup., 94	23	25	W. Jersey & Atl1st, 6s	106	
Bells Gap—1st M., 7s	104		West Penn6s, 1893	10312	
Cam. & Amb.—M. 6s,'89 Catawissa—M. 7s, 1900	122		Pittsburg Br., 68	1084	
Chartiers—1st mort., 7s	121	123	BALTIMORE.		1
Clearfield & Jeff1st, 6s.		119	RAILROAD STOCKS †		
Connecting-6s	122		Baltimore & Ohio	92	96
Del.&Bd.B1st,7s, 1905.	133		1st pref		127
Easton & AmboyM. 58.	117		2d pref	107	119
Elmira & Wilm.—1st, 6s	3122	110	Central Ohio	47	48
Harris. P. M't J.&L4s.	******	110	Charl. Col. & Augusta	53	40
Hunt'n & B. T1st, 7s 2d mortg., 7s	*****		Western Maryland	12	13
Consol. M., 58.	102	103	RAILROAD BONDS	12	10
Leh. V1st, 6s, C.& R., '98	1185		Atlanta & Char1st, 7s.		1223
2d, 7s, reg., 1910	137		Income, 6s		103 2
Cons. 6s, C. & R., 1923	138		Balt. & Uhio- 4s, 1935	\$1005	
North Penn1st M., 7s.	11934		Cape Fear & Yadlst, 6s	104	
General mort. 7s, 1903.	130	1001	Cent. Ohio-6s, 1890	1024	
N.Y. Phil. & Norf -1st, 6s Income, 6s	1084	108 b	Char. Col. & Aug.—1st, 7s Cin. Wash. & Balt.—1sts.	9634	97
PennGen.6s, coup.1910	130	30 -2	2d 5s	51	5314
Cons. 6s, coup., 1905	100	125	3d, 3s	241	
Cons., 5s, coup., 1919	113	114	1st Inc., 5s, 1931		11
4 128, Trust Loan			Seab'd& Ko'n'ke-54, 1926	108	109
Perkiomen-1st se. 5s. '18	104	105	West. Md., 3d guar., 6s		
Penn. & N. Y. Can78,'90			Wil. Col. & Aug., 68, 1910.		123
† Per share. & Last price	e this v	week.			
			0		

New York Local Searities.

Bank Stock List .- Latest prices this week.

BANKS.	Bid.	Ask.	BANKS.	Bid.	Ask	BANKS.	B:d	Ask
America	185		Garfield	300		N.Y. County.		
Am. Exch	149		German Am.			N.Y.Nat.Ex.		
Broadway		305	Germania	100		Ninth	140	
Butchs'& Dr.			Greenwich					
Central	141		Hanover			North River.		
Chase			Hud. River			Oriental		
Chatham			Im.& Trad's'			Pacific		
Chemical		500	Irving Leather Mfs'	173		Park People's	225	
City	140		Manhattan					136
Citizens'	100		Market& Ful			Phenix		
Commerce	190	1261				Seaboard		
Continental	925	120 2	M'chs'& Trs'.			Second		
East River			Mercantile			Seventh		
11th Ward			Merchants'			Shoe& Leath.	*** **	1534
Fifth Ave	1000		Merch'ts Ex.			St. Nicholas.		120
First			Metroplitan.			State of N.Y.		112
14th Street	157		Metropolis			Tradesmen's.		101
Fourth		152	Nassau			United St'es.		
Gallatin		267	New York			Western		961

Gas and City Railroad Stocks and Bonds.

GAS COMPANIES.	Bid.	Ask.	GAS COMPANIES.	Bid.	Ash
Brooklyn Gas-Light Citizens' Gas-Light	102	104	People's (Brooklyn) Williamsburg	71	73 123
Bonds, 58 Consolidated Gas	100	103	Bonds, 6s. Metropolitan (Brooklyn)	106	111
Jersey City & Hoboken Metropolitan—Bonds	170		Municipal—Bonds, 7s Fulton Municipal	105	90 110 123
Mutual (N. Y.) Bonds, 6s	100	101	Bonds, 6s Equitable	105	109
Nassau (Brooklyn)	110	101		109	114

[City RR. Quotations by H. L. GBANT, Broker, 145 Broadway.]

26 28			108
			135
			110
05 103	42d & Gr'nd St. F'ry-Stk.	210	215
04 12 106	1st mort., 7s, 1893	103	110
04 106	42d St. Manh. & St. N. Ave.	28	31
90 95	1st mort., 6s, 1910	113	115
28 132			45
05 107			
50 165			112
40 1150	Second AveStock	100	101
14 145 14			
18 125			165
90 93			108
	Third Ave -Stock	200	225
24 1127	Roude 7e 1800	102	
	Twenty third St. Stock	225	228
			112
00 111	15t more, 18, 1000	110	110
00 (111)		1	1
	13 115 505 165 104 104 106 106 106 107 107 107 107 108 108 109 109 109 109 109 109 109 109	13	13

Unlisted Securities.—Quotations from both Exchanges:

SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.	SECURITIES.	Bid	Ark.
Am. Bank Note Co	39	41	Mt. Des.& East Sh. Ld.Co.		2 00
Atch. & Pike's P'k, 1st 6s			Newb. Dutch.& Conn	17_	20
Atl. & Char. Air Line 1st, 7s, 1907	122		N. J. Southern N. O. Pac. Land Grant	18	20
Brooklyn Elev'd-stock	364		Newp. N. & Miss. Val	1212	14
Brunswick Co	217		N. Y. V. S. & Buff	2	
California Pacific			N. Y. & Green'd Lake, 1st		
1st mort., 4 98			2d mort	5	
2d mort., guar			N.Y. Loan & Impr	50	
Chic. & Atl Ber eficiary.	649	7	N. Pac. P. d'Oreille 1 iv	102	
C.V. W. & M Cen. D.1st.	90	93	Mis outi Divis on	103	
Co: tinental Con. & Imp.	33	40	North Riv. Cons. Co. scrip.	1	19
Dul. S. Shore & At Stk.	5	7	O.I.&W1st acc.int.cert.	61	64
Pref	15	20	2d acc. int. cert		40
Georgia PacStock	1334	1412			
1st 6s	110%	111	Pensacola & Atlantic	2	4
2ds			Postal Telegraph-Cable.	32	35
Consol. 5s	774		St. Louis & Ch.cago		4
Income 5s	243	25	Fref		25
Jarvis-Conklin, M. Deb.68	98	103	St. Paul E.& Gr. Tr., lat 6s	101	
Kanawha & Ohio			Fcioto Valley, 1st, 78	981	
1st pref	4	6	Toledo Peoria & West		
2d pref	2	34	Utah Central.—1st 6s	98	1014
1st 6s			Vicksb. & Meridial-1st.	1034	106
Keely Motor	64		2d mort	38	42
Kingst'n & Pemb., 1st M			Incomes	34	34
Lehigh & Wilkes, Coal		30	Stock, pref	1,0	39
L. N. A.&CC.& I. D.v., 68			West N (arCon. 6s	84	
Memphis& Cha'st. consols			Co'un b'a Bank		
Mex. Nat. Construct'n Co.		274	Produce Exchange Bank.		
Michigan & Ohio		1	Third National Bank	114	

Investment Kailroad Intelligence.

The INVESTORS' SUPPLEMENT, a pamphlet of 150 pages, contains extended tables of the Funded Debt of States and Otties and of the Stocks and Bonds of Railroads and other Companies. It is published on the last Saturday of every other month—viz., January. March, May, July, September and November, and is furnished without extra charge to all regular subscribers of the CHRONICLE. Extra copies arc sold to subscribers of the CHRONICLE at 50 cents each, and to others at \$1 per copy.

The General Quotations of Stocks and Bonds, occupying six pages of the CHRONICLE, are now published on the third Saturday of each month.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

	Latest E	arnings R	Jan. 1 to Latest Da'e.		
ROADS.	Week or Mo		1888.	1889.	1888.
		\$	*	\$	-\$
Allegheny Val Ashv.& Spartan.	February March	162,609 10,025	156,350 8,364	331,678 29	$311,505 \\ 26,474$
Atch. T. & S. Fe St. L. K.C. & Col.	February February	1,378,847 $2,683$		2,791,805 5,490	
Gulf.Col.&S.F. Califor'a Cent.	February February	224,373 85,727	173,015	5,496 467,823 180,324	354,705
Califor'a So	February February	64,535	172,775 1,730,686	$145,486 \\ 3,844,158$	323,826
Total systemi. Atlanta & Char.	January March	133,048 36,769	122 502	133,048 126,066	3,438,458 $123,592$ $116,966$ $674,282$
Atlanta & W.Pt. Atlantic & Pac.	1st wk Apl.	55,492	49,286	748,142	
B.&O. East Lines Western Lines	February February	$1,128,845 \\ 343,872$	32,393 49,286 1,088,352 393,291	2,363,080 715,956	2,181,626 764,786 2,946,412
Balt. & Potomac	February February	1,472,717 $113,774$ $67,157$	113,949	3,079,036 $229,475$	200,44/
Beech Creek Buff.Roch.& Pitt	February 1st wk Apl.		90,055 34,641	141,674 489,886	167,988 515,398
Bur.C.Rap.&No. Cairo V. & Chic.	March 1st wk Apl.	228,259 14,557 29,126 43,339	209.597	650,015 175,963	638,856
Camden & Atl. Canada Atlantie	February March	29,126 43,339	12,324 33,341 40,145	65,166 113,513	178,309 66,275 105,406
Canadian Pacific	lst wk Apl. March	262,000 35,630	260,000 27,026	3,064,984 102,419	105,406 2,867,722 82,931
Cp.F'r&Yad.Val Cent. Br. U. P	January	58,000	64,867	58,000 1,349,502	04,867
Cen.RR.& Bg.Co Central of N. J Central of S. C	February February	658,807 843,608	64,867 634,756 930,391	1,888,527	1,314,414 1,765,896 10,104
Cent. Vermont	January January	$10,628 \\ 316,368$	10,104 290,611	10,628 $316,368$	290,611
Charlest'n & Sav Char.Col. & Aug.	February March	316,368 61,574 87,850	83,002	$\frac{123,566}{252,415}$	108 681
Cheraw. & Darl. Ches. & Ohio	February March	336,163	376,803	123,566 252,415 17,799 1,022,294 491,718 7,141	259,628 17,536 1,099,217
Ches. O. & S. W.	March	7.141	160,628 8,108	491,718	477,151 8,108
Ches. & Lenoir . Chie. & Atlantic.	1st wk Apl. February	38,734 149 203	165 124		523,008 273,959
Chic. Burl. & No Chic. Burl. & Q.	February	1,796,901	1,686,519 431,254 51,413 452,382 1,676,493	307,831 3,713,106	3,357,813
Lines contr'l'd Chic. & E. Ill.(d).	February . 4thwk Mch	615,432	51,413	1,163,853 625,359	902,053 619,658
Chie. & N'thw'n	1st wk Apl. February	457,500 $1,560,879$	1,676,493	5,810,518 3,174,124	3,247,782
Chic. & Oh. Riv. Chic. Pe. & St. L.	March February	26,345	20,390	19,825 51,469	5,412,380 3,247,782 10,210 42,099
Cmc. St. P. & K.C.	4thwk Meh February	88,205 429,173	70.193	616,686 795,807	
Chic.St.P. M. &O. Chic. & W. Mich. Cin. Ga. & Ports.	1st wk Apl. February	28,974 3,820	438,927 27,571 3,911	795,807 345,732 7,796 655,350	763,815 324,548 7,987 620,190
Cin. Ga. & Ports. Cin. Ind. St. L. & C Cin. Jack. & Mac	4thwk Meh 4thwk Meh	68,469 14,621	65,857 12,462	655,350 131,061	620,190 $105,080$
Cin. N. O. & T. P. Ala. Gt. South.	4thwk Meh 4thwk Meh	108,002 53,207	164,231 46,643	885,448 460,873	846,500 393,118
N. Orl. & N. E. Vicksb. & Mer.	4thwk Meh	24,255 17,100 18,310	28,064	277,649 150,596	219,339
Vicks. Sh. & P.	4thwk Mch 4thwk Mch	18,310	14,543 16,898	148,241	128,482 137,238
Erlanger Syst. Cin.Rich.& Ft.W	ithwk Meh ithwk Meh	220,874 11,117	16,898 210,379 10,862	148,241 1,922,807 103,345	1,724,677 101,758
Cin. Sel. & Mob. Cin. Wab. & Mich.	March	9,993 35,300		71,775	65,000
Cin. Wash. & Balt Clev. Akron & Col	1st wk Apl. 4thwk Mch	35,300 42,722 17,352	34,306 38,355 16,414 26,370	154,648	139,451
Clev. & Canton Clev.Col.C.& Ind	February March	646,895	$26,370 \\ 642,334$	58,181 $1,767,081$	52,903 1,739,848
Clev. & Marietta Color. Midland	4thwk Meh 4thwk Meh	6,853 43,044	642,334 6,418 29,665	56,087 375,860	68,626 262,087
Col. & Greeny	March 4thwk Mch	72,425 8,012	57,960 7,950	215.775	185,653 74,571
Col. & Cin. Mid Col. Hock. V.& T. Day. Ft. W. & Chi.	1st wk Apl.	37,224 41,023	47,879 33,268	77,879 618,365 78,145	631,420
Denv. & Rio Gr.	February 1st wk Apl.	131.000	127,000	1,754,692	68,085 1,769,984
Denv. 8. P'k&Pac	4thwk Meh January	32,675 57,016 12,775	36,175 74,634 14,517	$311,383 \\ 57,016 \\ 124,564$	275,358 74,634
Det.Bay C.& Alp Det.Lans'g & No Duluth S.S.& Atl	4thwk Mch 1st wk Apl.	12,775 19,892 81,367	16,636	260,591	101,288 $224,833$
E Tenn Va & Ca	February 4thwk Meh	149,438	73,786 138,775 3,603	178,753	150,836 1,376,625
Evans. & Ind'plis Evansy. & T. H.	ist wk Apl.	5,091	13.823	1,497,510 68,895 219,819	56,029
Fitchburg Flint, & P. Marq.	February	15,768 $393,312$ $70,349$	389,173 69,170	818,481	207,238 $767,108$ $593,454$
Flor. Ry Nav. Co Ft. W.& Den. City	4thwk Mch 4thwk Mch 3d wk Mch	27,549 27,828 50,000	25,981 14,719	$\begin{array}{c} 606,529 \\ 306,231 \\ 223,212 \end{array}$	278,985 177,594
	February	50,000	21,686		44,557
Den. T. & Gulf. Den. T. & Ft.W Whole Syst'm. Georgia Pacific.	February March	56,600 210,000 109,149	100.110	118,819 577,137 344,438 521,707 49,994	633 803
Gr. Rap. & Ind	4thwk Meh	04.130	$102,142 \\ 71,408$	521,707	322,599 $502,019$
Grand Trunk	Wk Meh 30	7,121	71,408 5,865 340,473 69,055	49,994	45,465 3,856,263 771,199
Chie. & Gr. Tr. Det.Gr.H.& M.	Wk Meh 30 Wk Meh 30	365,621 69,509 20,830		4,317,307 815,755 232,912	234.941
Housatonie Hous.&Tex.Cen.	February	20,830 $70,309$ $201,507$	67,680 162,667	156,638 656,044	$134,701 \\ 502,382$
Toda Concell.		202,001	202,001		202,032

1	Roads.	Latest Earnings R		eported.	Jan. 1 to I	alest Date.
	TOADS.	Week or Mo	1889.	1888.	1889.	1883.
	Humest'n&Shen	March	\$ 10,500	\$ 10,189	\$ 30,500	\$ 36.150
	Hunt.&Bd. Top. Ill.Cen.(Ill.&So.) Cedar F.&Min. Dub. & Sio'x C.	February	35,602 1,078,373	38,147 879,830	78,737 3,119,372	71,533 2,753,101 19,179
•	Cedar F.&Min. Dub. & Sio'x C.	March	6,121 134,165	879,830 7,513 149,988	19,016	19,179 404,510
	Total all	March	1,218,659	106,761	377,448 396,464 3,515,836	423,689 3,176,790 78,926
	Ind.Dec.& West. Iowa Central	March 1st wk Apl.	26,482 22,864	25,123 25,983	3,515,836 95,957 379,983	78,926 356,521
1			4,399 83,392	5,083 69,853	66,103	64,374
	Kanawna & Onio K.C.F.S. & Mem. Kan. C. Cl. & Sp. K. C. Wy. & N.W.	3d wk Meh February	30,690	4,003	1,022,247 55,584 57,120	905,591 51,566
	Kentucky Cent. Keokuk & West.	4thwk Meh	81,819 7,361 6,338	76,377 7,791 5,971	216,103 77,121 38,168	220,387 79,396 35,282
	Kingst'n & Pem. Knoxy, & Ohio.	4thwk Meh January	43,006	43,094	436.0006	35,282 43,094
	L. Erie All. & So. L. Erie & West	February 1st wk Apl.	5,031 42,397 19,037	3,412 33,237 13,339	10,376 641,375	6,581 475,583 46,921
	Lehigh & Hud L. Rock & Mem.	March 3d wk Meh		15,459	10,376 641,375 56,795 142,270	183,844
	Louis.Ev.& St.L.	March 1st wk Apl.	201,736 21,969 309,570	168,917 16,424 275,305	334,310	518,193
	Louis, Ev. & St. L. Louisv. & Nashv. Louis, N. A & Ch. Louisv. N. O. & T.	1st wk Apl. 1st wk Apl.	41,136	37,688	4,528,640 539,753	4,123,719 487,565
	Louisv. South II.	January	38,884 37,303 7,926	35,920	730,656 37,303 22,603	677,196
	Mar. Col. & No Maryland Cent.	March	10,804	6,656 9,354	28,206	21,886 26,679
	Memphis & Chas	1st wk Apl.	29,999 100,490	30,362 121,023	464,064 1,561,824	427,174 1,665,515
1	San Luis Div.	1st wk Apl. March Wk Mch 23	2,416 321,167	209,667	1,561,824 22,216 900,041	576,521
	; Mexican R'way Mil.L.Sh. & West Milwaukee & No	1st wk Apl.	75,209 52,697	78,973 39,120 18,317	1,021,001 644,742 281,466 16,112	960,329 484,710 241,214 12,310
	Mineral Range	February	20,880 7,597	5,803	16,112 283,390	12,310
1	Minneap. & St. L. Mo. Kan. & Tex. Missouri Pacific.	March March	$\begin{array}{c} 105,000 \\ 472,517 \\ 931,181 \\ 254,733 \\ \end{array}$	100,161 479,900 842,283	1,366,140	1.397.999
1	Mobile & Ohio Nash. Ch. & St. L.	February March	$\begin{array}{c} 331,181 \\ 254,733 \\ 290,838 \end{array}$	842,283 203,588 257,133	1,853,616 $816,686$ $859,545$	1,651,524 621,790 776,774
	Natchez Jac.&C. New Brunswick.	4thwk Meh February	3,677 58,532	3,499 54,799	45,284 117,153 30,177	42,077 101,108
	N. Jersey & N.Y.	February March	14,473 13,906	15,951 11,559	30,177 40,826	33,215 44,521
	New Orl. & Gulf N. Y. C. & H. R. N. Y. L. E. & W. N. Y. Pa. & Ohio N. Y. & N. Eng N. Y. & North'n. N. Y. Ont. & W	March February	2.861 599	2,849,609 2,048,280	8,033,479 3,635,468	33,215 44,521 8,152,796 3,938,463
	N. Y. Pa. & Ohio N. Y. & N. Eng	February February	1,711,177 427,049 385,713	444,647 386,953	896,451 798,284	913,85 7 778,492
1	N. Y. & North'n. N. Y. Ont. & W.	March 1st wk Apl.	45,573 30,983	29 864	190 000	113,662 353,976
-	N. Y. Ont. & W. N. Y. Susq. & W. Norfolk & West.	January 1st wk Apl.	$103,247 \\ 109,658$	119,527 81,376 59,704 454,751 319,213 32,923 68,463	383,282 103,247 1,316,384	119,527 1,205,354 59,704
	N'theast'n (S. C.) North'n Central.	January February	70,937 435,191	59,704 454,751	70,937 899,940	59,704 907,192
1	Northern Pacific Ohio Ind. & W	1st wk Apl. 4thwk Mch	402,217 $25,774$	319,213 32,923	4,412,801 350,517	$\begin{array}{c} 907,192 \\ 3,166,081 \\ 354,562 \end{array}$
	Ohio & Miss Ohio River	1st wk Apl. 1st wk Apl.	81,479 9,250	8.295	993,413	956,888 89,253
1	Ohio Val. of Ky.	4thwk Mch January	3,298 38,880	3,211 35,764 384,745	118,045 29,766 38,880	28,600 35,764
1	Oregon Imp. Co. Oreg. R. & N. Co.	February February	305,057 362,745	384,745 445,217	603,693 718,944	727.624
1	Pennsylvania	January	4,421,157	445,217 133,150 4,379,455	8,949,901	717,845 133,150 8,573,435
1	Peoria Dec.&Ev. Petersburg Phila. & Erie	1st wk Apl. February		4,379,455 10,274 38,748	181,614 84,967	172,025 70,767
1	Phila. & Erie Phila. & Read'g. Coal & Iron Co.	February February	42,296 $284,782$ $1,326,524$ $721,620$	272,052 1,106,357 283,444	$\begin{array}{c} 543,352 \\ 2,942,571 \\ 1,770,572 \end{array}$	2,036,597
1	Tot, both Co.'s	T. COLL COLL A		1,389,801	4,713,143	616,272 2,652,869 62,065
1	Pitts. Clev. & T. Pitts. Pain. & F. Pittsb. & West'n	February February 1st wk Apl.	30,485 12,710 37,454	31,622 14,011 34,939	69,192 33,291 533,214	27,900 435,354
1	Pt. Royal & Aug. Pt. Roy. & W.Car.	February February	33.060	39,194 35,310	62,472	75,410 66,637
I	Prescott & Ariz.	March	$\begin{array}{c} 42,221 \\ 10,762 \\ 21,562 \end{array}$	7,983 13,059	80,985 32,561 293,663	25,205 144,789
1	Rich. & All'ghy. cR. & Dan. Sys'm Rich. & Petersb.	1st wk Apl.	$210,650 \\ 23,366$	165,600 22,194	3,033,019	2,701,853 42,198
1	Rome W. & Ogd.	February	203,925 23,695	224,059	47,453 456,237 289,889 243,751	437.257 273.615
1	St. Jos. & G. Isl. St.L.A.&T.H. B's St.L. Ark. & Tex.	4thwk Mch 1st wk Apl.	23,090 45,202	$\begin{array}{c} 21,842 \\ 21,761 \\ 40,811 \end{array}$	$243,751 \\ 790,718$	230,991 677,564
1	St. L.& San Fran. St. Paul & Dul'th	1st wk Apl. March	96,500	93,485	1,389,469 209,908	1,327,409
1	S.Ant.&Ar.Pass.	March 4thwk Meh	79,350 642,552 21,689	92,581 736,729 16,148	$\frac{1,518,809}{241,017}$	241,163 1,771,162 188,417
1	Scioto Valley Seattle L. S. & E.	February	$48,180 \\ 19,027$	32,103	98,981	106,182
1	Shenandoah Val South Carolina .	March February	70,000 126,315	70,940 $135,552$	52,950 180,000 260,903	179,501 263,129
1	So. Pacific Co.— Gal. Har. &S.A.	February	287,115	313,600 73,251	613,075 166,552	589, 665 137, 274
١	Louis'a West Morgan's L&T.	February February	71,696 402,084	418 2271	847,3011	890,493
1	N. Y. T. & Mex. Tex. & N. Orl.	February	$8,112 \\ 110,932$	7,860 106,980 919,916	17,718 237,392 1,882,039	15,687 202,566
١	Atlantic sys'm Pacific system Total of all	February	879,939 2,268,685	919,916 2,542,875	4,781,337	4,873,873
1	So. Pac. RR.—		3,148,023	3,462,791	6,663,395	6,709,556
١	So. Div. (Cal.)	January	134,705 500,091	110,389 398,056	134,705 500,091	110,389 398,056
١	New Mex. Div.	January	173,024 87,223 8,684	207,399 83,964	173,024 87,223	207,399 83,964
1	So. Pac. RR.— No. Div. (Cal.) So. Div. (Cal.) So. Div. (Cal.) Arizona Div. New Mex. Div. Spar. Un. & Col. Staten I. Rap. T. Summit Branch. I ytens Valley	March	51.146	8,852 42,988 121,719	8,684 144,896 219,054	8,852 127,339 278,692
1			99,494 63,752 105,753 17,353	121,719 94,773 96,795 11,531	$\begin{array}{c} 219,054 \\ 151,952 \\ 1,539,444 \end{array}$	
-	Texas & Pacific. Tol. A. A.& N. M. Tol. Col. & So	1st wk Apl.	17,353 20,086	11,531	236,931	194,115 1,627,706 145,894 36,764
1	Tol. & Ohio Cent.	1st wk Apl. 4thwk Meh	18,577	13,615 $20,145$ $18,862$	55,292 252,907 213,557 229,321	310,096 210,335 112,288
1	Tol. P. & West Tol. St. L. & K.C. Union Pacific	1st wk Apl.	16,039	$\begin{array}{c} 18,862 \\ 7,520 \\ 1.917.938 \end{array}$	229,321 3,663,861	112,288 3,645,770
1	Tol. St. L. & K.C. Union Pacific Total system Utah & North'n. Valley of Ohio	January	2,457,676 161,984	2,168,543 120,451	2,457,676	2,168,543 120,451
1	Vermont Valley	February	49,055 11,306	43,407 12,168	23,722	23,053
1	Virginia Midi'd.	March February	11,306 147,300 485,461	12,168 $126,300$ $428,540$	424,304	389,483
1	Wash O & West	1st wk Apl. March	$\substack{105,408\\9,450\\44,742}$	92,449 7,304 35,247	$\substack{1,445,739\\22,260\\152,291}$	1,300,969 20,492
	Western of Ala.	March	44,742	35,247	152,291	20,492 136,110

ROADS.	Latest Ed	ırnings Re	Jan. 1 to Latest Date.		
	Week or Mo	1889.	1888.	1889.	1888.
West. N. Y & Pa. West. N. Carl'a. ; West Jersey	March February	\$ 56,200 72,975 76,548	\$ 50,600 52,853 85,030	\$ 765,537 217,165 159,507	\$ 706,906 160,418 170,735
W.V.Cen.&Pitts. Wheeling & L.E. Wil. Col. & Aug. Wisconsin Cent	1st wk Apl. January	54,114 $16,154$ $87,651$ $67,912$	36,737 16,633 74,769 68,864	$\begin{array}{c} 115,134 \\ 225,415 \\ 87,651 \\ 872,339 \end{array}$	$74,411 \\ 228,768 \\ 74,769 \\ 846,805$

* And branches. ; Mexican currency. || All lines included. † Including lines in which half ownership is held. b Including in 1889 Guadalajara branch. c Earnings of entire system, including all road operated. d Including Chicago & Indiana Coal.

Latest Gross Earnings by Weeks .- The latest weekly earnings in the foregoing table are separately summed up as follows:

The improvement over last year on the 49 roads which have reported for the first week of April reaches \$285,238, or 9.53 per cent.

1st week of April	1889.	1888.	Increase.	Decrease.
	*	8	*	8
Atlantic & Pacific	55,492	49,286	6,206	
Buffalo Roch & Pittsburg.	32.26	34,641		2,381
Cairo Vin. & Chie	14 55	12,324	2,233	2,001
Canadian Pacific	262,000	260,00	2,000	*******
Chicago * Atlantic	38.734	50,983	2,000	12,249
Chicago Mil. & St. Paul	457,500	452,383	5,117	12,240
Chicago & West Mich	28,974	27,571	1,403	
Cin. Wash. &. Balt	42,722	3 -, 355	4.367	
Col. H. Val. & Toledo	37,224	47,-79	4,007	10,655
Denver & Rio Grande	131,000	127,000	4.000	
Detroit Lans. & North	19,89.	16,636	3 256	*******
Evansville & Indianap	5,091	3,603	1.488	•••••
Evansville & T. H	15,768	13,823	1,945	•••••
Iowa Central	22,864	25,983	1,010	3,119
Kanawha & Ohio	4,399	5,083		684
Lake Erie & Western	42,397	33,237	9,160	
Louisv, Evans, & St. L	21,9+9	16,424	5,145	*******
Louisville & Nashville	309,570	275, 05	34,265	*******
Louisville N Alb. & Chie.	41,136	37,688	3,448	•••••
Louisv. N. O. & Tex	38,884	35,920	2,964	********
Mexican Central	100,490	121,923	2,304	00 500
Milwaukee L. Sh. & West.	52.697	39,120	13,577	20,533
Milwaukee & Northern	20,880	18,317	2,563	******
N. Y. Ont. & West	30,985	29,864	1.119	*******
Norfolk & Western	109.65-	81,376	28,282	********
Northern Pacific	402,217	319,213		*******
Ohio & Mississippi	81,479	65,463	83,004 13,016	*******
Ohio River	9,250	8,295	955	*******
Peoria Dec. & Evans	11.034	10,274	760	*******
Pittsburg & Western	37,454			*******
*Richmond & Alleghany.	21.562	34,939 13,059	2,515	*******
Rich. & Dany. (7 roads)	210,650	165, 00	8,503	******
St. Joseph & Gr. Island	23,695	21.842	45.050	
Bt. Louis Ark. & Texas	45,202	40.811	1,853	
St. Louis & San Fran	96.500		4,391	******
Texas & Pacific	105,753	93,485	3,015	*******
Toledo Ann A. & No. Mich	17,353	96,795	8,958	*******
Toledo & Ohio Central	18,577	11,531	5,822	*******
Toledo St. L. & Kan. C	16,039	20,145	0.510	1,568
Wabash Western	105,408	7,520	8,519	*******
Western N. Y. & Penn	56,200	92,449	12,959	*******
Wheeling & Lake Erie	16,154	50,600	5,600	********
Wisconsin Central	67,912	16,633	******	479
Wisconsin Central	67,312	68,864	******	952
Total (49 roads)	3,279,580	2,994,342	337,858	52,620
Net increase (9.53 p. c.)			285,23	

* For week ending April 6.

For the fourth week of March the final statement shows 5.35 per cent increase on 83 roads.

4th week of March.	1889.	1888.	Increase.	Decrease.
		8		8
Prev'ly report'd (44 roads)	4,331,883	4,119,744	36 1,175	157,036
Chicago St. P. & K. C	88.205	70,193	18,012	
Chicago & West Mich	39.431	37.050	2,381	*******
Cin. Ind. St. L. & C	68,469	65,857	2,612	
Cincinnati Jack, & Mack.	14,621	12,462	2,159	
Cin. N. O. & Texas Pac	108,002	104,231	3,771	
Alabama Gt. Southern	53,207	46,643	6,564	
New Orleans & N. E	24.2 5	28,064	0,002	3.809
Vicksburg & Meridian.	17,100	14,543	2,557	
Vicksburg Shrev. & Pac.	18,310	16,898	1,412	******
Cincinnati Rica. & Ft. W.	11,117	10,862	255	******
Cieveland Akron & Col	17,352	16,414	938	
Cleveland & Marietta	6,853	6,418	435	******
Colorado Midland.	43,044	29,665	13,379	*******
Denver & R. Gr. West	32,675	36,175		3,500
Detroit Bay C. & Alpena.	12,775	14.517	******	1,743
East Tenn Va. & Ga	149,438	138,775	10,66	
Flint & Pere Marquette	70,349	69,170	1,179	
Florida Ry. & Nav. Co	27,549	25,981		*******
Grand Rapids & Indiana.	64,190	71,408	1,568	7,218
Other lines	7,121	5,865	1,256	
*Grand Trunk of Canada	365,621			******
	23,479	340,473	25,148	14.000
Iowa Central Keokuk & Western		38,307	******	14,828
Kingston to Downlands	7,361	7.791		430
Kingston & Pembroke	6.338	5,971	367	*******
Memphis & Charleston.	29,999	30,362	******	363
Natchez Jack. & Col' n. bus.	3,677	3,499	178	****
Ohio Indiana & Western.	25.774	32.923	******	7,149
Ohio Valley of Kentucky.	3,298	3,211	87	******
Rich. & Dany. (8 roads)	226,154	169.206	56,948	******
St. L. Alt. & T. H. Brehs	23,090	21,761	1.329	******
San Antonio & Ar. Pass	21.689	16,148	5,541	******
Toledo Peoria & Western.	16,451	18,862		2,411
Total (83 roads)	5,958,877	5,629,449	527,914	193,486
Net increase (5 .85p. c)			329,428	

* For week ending March 30.

Net Earnings Monthly to Latest Dates.—The tables following show the latest net earnings reported this week, the returns for each road being published here as soon as received but not kept standing from week to week. The figures cover the latest month and the totals from January 1, and also the

totals for the fiscal year on those companies whose fiscal year does not correspond with the calendar year.

does not correspond with				
	1889.	1888.	-Jan. 1 to 1889.	Feb. 28
Roads.	8	8	\$	\$
Atch. Top. & S. Fe *. Gross.	1,378.847		2,791,805	
Net	392,568		771,870	
St. L. K. C. & Col Gross.	2,683		5,490	
Net	def. 1,671		def. 5,097	
Gulf Col. & S. Fe Gross.	224,373	173,015	467,823	354,705
Net	def. 7,429		def. 30,415	
Cal. Central Gross.	85,727		180,324	
Net	9,773	********	29,420	
California South'n. Gross.	64,535	172,775	145,486	323,826
Net	2,909	75,316	8,961	121,824
Tot.lines contr'ld.Gress.			3,590.929	
Net	396,150	*******	774,739	
Roads jointly owned-	***		250 220	
Atchison's half Gross.	108,817	********	253,228	
	lef.13,367	*****	def. 4,042	
Grand totalGross.	1.864,983		3,844,158	
Net	382,783	322,029	770,697	636,166
Cairo. Vin. & Chic Gross .	50,929	54,914	104,993	111,366
Net	14,325	12,269	29,128	23,770
May 1 to Feb. 28, \ Gross.			617,449	653,863
May 1 to Feb. 28, Gross. 10 months Net			29, 128 617,449 211,641	221,6 20
Chesapeake & Ohio. † Gross.	338.072	339,172	686,131	722,413
Net	58,215	48,906	132,545	130,749
Ches. O. & So'west'n Gross.	163,910	155,762	334,236	316.522
Net	71,960	49,262	147,504	102,630
	149,203			273.959
Chie. Butl. & North. Gross.	52,674	165,124	307,931 $103,082$	34,217
Net		41,469	103,002	34,217
Col & Hock.C & I.Co. Gross.	98,645	*******	******	
Net	13,887	11,620		
Denv. & Rio Grande. Gross.	497,077	514,701	1,069,669	1,101,138
Net	156,258	109,866	313,639	266,029
Den. & Rio G. West. Gross.	95,833	88.049	217,733	179,408
Net	28,931	13,588	72,158	28,903
Flint & Pere MarqGross.	171,507	190,585	373,570	384.980
Net	39.618	39,657	87,707	70,674
Iowa Central Gross.	128,656	107.954	245,317	206,226
Net	29,436	7,483	50,684	6,597
				717,845
Oreg. Ry. & Nav. Co. Gross.	362,745	445,247	718,944	182,733
	def.16,505	151,175	def.16,:34	
Phila. & Erie Gross.	2-4,782	272.052	543,352	495,796
Net	88,327	109,510	126,791	161,657
So. Pac. Co. Pac. sys. Gross.	2,268,685	2,542,875	$4.7 \times 1,357$	4,873,873
Net	588,346	897,076	1,169,770	1,579,898
Total of all Gross.	3,148.623	3,462, 91	6.663.395	6, 09,556
Net	763,674	1,152,167	1,633,706	2,084,643
	Mare	ch	-Jan. 1 to M	arch 31
Road.	1.89.	1888.	1889.	1888.
	\$	*	*	\$
Illinois Central Gross.	1,078,373	879,830	3,119,372	2,753,101 $727,854$
Net	386,743	233,639	1,097,738	
Mar. Col. & No Gross.	7.926	6.656	22,603	21,886
Net	4, 85	2,327	11,423	8,346
Natchez Jack'n &Col. Gross.	13,156	12,117	45,284	42,077
Net	3,556	2,336	13,844	10,350
		uary		Jan. 31
Road.	1839.	1889.	1889.	1888.
20000	*	85	*	- 8
Mexican NationalGross	287.637	178,133	287,637	178,133
Net	43,705	178,133 def.8, 82	297,637 43,705	def. 8,682
* Including Chicago line,				
New Mexico & Arizona, and	Sonora			
† Not including Richmond	& Allegha	ny or Cine	innati Divisi	on.
		_		

ANNUAL REPORTS

Norfolk & Weste n Pailroad.

(For the year ending Dec. 31, 1888.)

An abstract of the figures in comparison with previous years is given below. A feature of the operations of this road which the managers point to with much satisfaction is the growth of local business. This has been very large, and the percentage of earnings from absolute through business is relatively small. The full report of the President, Mr. F. J. Kimball, gives many details concerning the property in all its departments, and this report will be found at length on subsequent pages under "Reports and Documents"; the balance sheet of Dec. 31 1888 is also given with the report.

31, 1888, is also given with the report.

The comparative statistics for four years have been compiled

The comparative			is nave bee	n compneu
for the CHRONICLE	as follows:			
	1885.	1886.	1887.	1888.
Miles ow'd & oper'd.	510	533	554	594
Operations-				
Passengers carried.	3 48,037	400,269	552,951	771,248
Passenger mileage	19.151.534	19,580,000	26,703,579	35,385,815
Rate per pass. p'r m.	3 027 ets.	3.122 ets.	3.041 ets.	2.833 ets.
Freig't (tons) carr'd.	1,199,790	1,555,867	2,268,688	2,763,376
Freight (tons) ml'ge.		403,008,903	541,917,945	669,526,740
Rate per ton per m.	0.741 ets.	0.655 cts.	0.635 ets.	0.582 cts.
Earnings-	8	\$	*	8
Passenger	458,445	486,231	685,257	861,778
Freight	2,138,120	2,5:0,827	3,405,220	3,820,167
Mail, express, &c	174,555	174,998	164,317	217,654
Total gross earn's.	2,771,120	3,252,056	4,254,794	4,899,599
Operating expenses		010 -0	400 400	****
Mainte ce of way, &c	255,149	312,587	486,188	581,687
Mainte ce of equip't.	138,833	174,716	255,834	297,198
Motive power	455,074	551,714	687,265	548,464
Transport'n expen	576,237	686,840	899,000	1,406,439
General	223,993	235,053	155,493	168,139
Total (incl'g taxes)	1,649,291	1,960,910	2,483,780	3.001,927
Net earnings	1,121,829	1.291.146	1.771.014	1.897,672
P.c.of op. ex. to earn.	60 0	60.29	58.38	61.00
	INCOM	E ACCOUNT		
	1885.	1886.	1887.	1888.
Receipts-	*	8	8	\$
Net earnings	1,121,829	1,291,146	1,771,014	1.897.672
Other receipts		34,303	109,497	147,438
Total income	1,121,829	1,325,449	1,880,511	2,045,110

\$124.874

Disbursements— Inter on bonds, &c.	1885. \$ 1,139,991	1886. \$ 1.184.547	1887. \$ 1.237.134	1888. \$ 1,296,551
Divid'nd, t 2 on pref. Miscellaneous	55,699			330,000
Total disbursem'ts	1,195,690			-,
	1,195,690	1,193,786		

Pittsburg Cincinnati & St. Louis.

(For the year ending Dec. 31, 1888.)

In advance of the pamphlet report the CHRONICLE has been furnished with the following figures for the year 1888.

Total gross earnings. Op. exp. and taxes	1885. 4,033,623 2,681,633	1886. 4,752,596 3,130,690	1887. 5,808,378 4,017,219	1988. 5,388,547 4,193,011
Net earnings	1,351,990	1,621,906	1,791,159	1,195,536
P.c.of op.ex.to earn's	66.43	65.87	69.16	77.81
	INCOME	ACCOUNT.		
Receipts-	1885.	1886. \$	1887. \$	1888. \$
Net earnings	1,352,579	1,621,906	1,791,159	1,195,536
Rentals and interest	4,835	4.974	5,778	5,318
Net from l'sed roads.	378,330	432,897	654,955	431,556
Total income	1,735,744	2,059,777	2,451,892	1,632,42)
Disbursements—	\$	*	\$	\$
Rentals paid	830.881	931,518	938,683	914,953
Interest on fund. d'bt	646,990	646,990	64 .990	646,990
Other interest	178,615	133,104	150,054	147,092
Int.on C.&M. Val.bds.	52,500	*****	******	*******
Loss on St. L. V.&T. H.	60.013	*******	******	18,739
" Cin.& Mus.V. RR. Miscellaneous	66,917	14.172	113,217	*******
Miscellaneous		14,172	113,217	*******
Total	1,775,903	1,725,781	1,848,944	1,727,674
Balance	def. 40,159 s	ur. 333,993	sur. 602,948	def. 95,254

GENERAL BA	LANCE AT CL	OSE OF EACH	I FISCAL YEA	R.
	1885.	1886.	1887.	1888
Assets—	- 8	8	8	8
RR., equipment, &c	20,870,740	20,965,392	21,202,977	21,330,957
Stocks owned, cost	1,085,967	1,085,967	1,085,967	1,085,967
Bonds owned, cost	23,750	23,750		****
Betterm'tstol's'dr'ds	38,170	16,021	16.130	20,683
Bills & acets, receiv	1.036,391	951,613	1,191,589	1.146.421
Materials, fuel, &c	389,995	330,697	580,465	684,272
Cash on hand	276,134	322,045	293,843	250,913
Cin. Str. Conn. Ry	64,639	64,639		
Profit & loss balance	428,482	119,300		
Total assets	24,214,263	23,879,426	24,370,071	24,519,213
Liabilities-	*	*	*	*
Stock, common	2,508,000	2,508,000	2,508,000	2,508,000
Stock, preferred	5,929,200	5,929,200	5,929,200	5,929,200
Bonds	12,617,000	12,617,000	12,617,000	12,617,000
All other dues & acc'ts	2,013,724	1,680,136	1,787,248	2,160,:11
Due Little Miami RR.	845,826	845,290	759,639	759,€39
Cin. Street Conn.bds.	262,500	262,500	262,500	262,500
Miscellaneous	38,018	37,298	37,299	37,299
Profit & loss balance			469,185	245,361

Total liabilities .. 24,214,268 23,879,426 24,370,071 24,519,213 Panama Railroad.

(For the year ending Dec. 31, 1888.)

The report says: "The increased gross earnings are due in The report says: "The increased gross earnings are due in great measure to closer collections of revenue earned. The increase of net earnings is to be attributed to the same cause, combined with closer supervision of expenditures. While it is true that the accompanying statements show increase of business, such apparent increase is due chiefly to fuller and more accurate returns, especially in our local business. Our revenues were lessened by new and lower rates for the Canal Company, as well as by the reduced passenger rates for the public which prevailed during the entire year, whilst only in force for a portion of the previous year. In addition to the above, it should be borne in mind that our freight rates were also still further reduced on the first of July. The through freight above, it should be borne in mind that our freight rates were also still further reduced on the first of July. The through freight business, however, shows a slight improvement, which is believed to be genuine and promises to continue. The expenditures for the operation and maintenance of the different departments show marked decrease as a general rule, and where this seems not to have been the case, the increase has been for work directly or indirectly connected with the canal, and for which we received or anticipated 10 per cent profit."

The report gives no general balance sheet, but the earnings and income have been compiled for the Chronicle as follows:

Earnings-	1885.	1886.	1887.	1888.
Passenger	383.991	484,422	525,602	563,445
Freight and treasure	2,522,348	2,077,790	2,454,826	2,306,078
Mail, express, &c	32,488	36,109	19,674	21,930
Total grosss earnings.	2,938,827	2 598,321	3,000,102	2,891,453
Operat's expen's & taxes.		2,406,199	2,348,468	2,036,037
Net earnings	283,454	192,122	651,634	855,416
	INCOME A	CCOUNT.		
	1585.	1886.	1887.	1888.
Receipts -	\$	- 8	\$	\$
Net earnings	233,454	192,122	651,634	855.4 6
Other receipts	329,096	455,238	489,481	799,205
Total income	612,550	645,360	1,141,115	1,654 621
Disbursemen s-	*	*	\$	*
Interest on debt	429,006	412,063	391,529	377.379
Sub bond redeemed	57,000	60,000	64,000	68,000
Dividends	700,000	*******	*** ****	1,610,000
Subsidies	35,000	35,000	35,000	35.000
Miscellaneous	20,034	19,716	27,684	23,699
To al disbursements	1,241,040	526,779	521,213	2,114,078
Balance surplus* d	f. 628,490	119,581	619,902	df.459,457

Kentucky Central Railway Company.

(For the year ending Dec. 31, 1888.)

The report of the President, Mr. I. E. Gates, gives the following statement:

EARNINGS	AND	EXP	ENSES

oss earnings	\$1,042,680 559,056	\$1,067,463 612,116
Earnings over operating expenses	\$493,624	\$455,352

INCOME ACCOUNT, 1888.	
Earnings over operating expenses for the year Other receipts.	\$483,624 4,490—\$488,114
The fixed and other charges for the year were— Taxes Miscellaneous expenses. Rental for Maysville branch. Rental for Richmond branch. Rental Roundstone to Livingston Interest on Coving on & Lexington bonds Interest on first mortgage bonds.	\$31,384 13.249 28.000 24,000 3,265 12,140

The decrease in freight earnings is entirely due to the dimin-The decrease in freight earnings is entirely due to the diminution in earnings from through freight, which in this year have been \$183,152, a decrease of \$54,765, or 23°01 per cent, with a decrease of 26°22 per cent in the tonnage; from local freight the earnings have been \$328,114, an increase of \$6,000, or 1°86 per cent, with an increase of 5°59 per cent in the tonnage, and from coal, \$78,931, an increase of \$7,063, or 9°82 per cent, with a decrease of 7°16 per cent in the tonnage.

Surplus over charges.....

There has been an increase in the tonnage.

There has been an increase in the passenger earnings of \$10,-835, or 2.96 per cent. Of this sum \$7,170 was contributed by local passengers and \$3,665 by through passengers. The earnings from local passengers have been \$302,186, an increase of \$300 per cent. 2.09 per cent

200 per cent.

The operating expenses have absorbed 53:37 per cent of the gross earnings, as against 57:84 per cent in 1887, and are \$53,-059 less than in the previous year. While the road-bed, track and equipment have been steadily improved during the current year, the above reduction results from the policy adopted in past years of constantly appreciating the physical condition of the company's property. There has been expended for construction and improvement \$13,481; for equipment, including the purchase of three 18x24 ten-wheel locomotives, 250 box and 50 gondola cars, \$175,203, and \$38,331 for real estate, aggregating \$297,015, which has been charged to the capital account of ing \$227,015, which has been charged to the capital account of

the company.
"The bridge across the Ohio River between Covington and "The bridge across the Ohio River between Covington and Cincinnati was completed at the close of this year, and satisfactory arrangements have been made with the bridge company for a direct entrance into Cincinnati. The completion of this bridge will give this company a share of the traffic which it has never been able heretofore to control, and also relieve it from a part of the heavy transfer charges it had to pay upon all its through and Cincinnati business."

GENERAL INVESTMENT NEWS.

Cedar Falls & Minnesota—Dabuque & Sionx City.—At Chicago, April 8, Judge Blodgett, in the Federal Court, allowed a motion in the suit of Jesup and others against the Illinois Central Railroad Company and others, made by the Dubuque & Sioux City Railroad Company, to restrain Jesup from prosecuting a suit which he began in the District Court of Dubuque, Iowa, since the appearance of the Dubuque & Sioux City Railroad Company in the suit of Jesup against the Illinois Central Railroad in the Chicago Federal Court. The injunction was granted on condition that the Dubuque & Sioux City Railroad Company should pay into court, within thirty days, the amount of rental now due, which is the subject matter of the suit in Dubuque; so that if the Dubuque & Sioux City fails in its contention that the lease was obtained by fraud, the money will be ready to be disbursed to the parties entitled to it. A motion to compel the Cedar Falls & Minnesota Railroad to pay over to a new receiver \$28,000, which was paid by it to the Dubuque & Sioux City Railroad, was denied. denied.

Chicago St. Paul & Kansas City.—This company has authorized a general mortgage 4 per cent 100 year bond, the issues to be made from time to time to meet the requirements of the be made from time to time to meet the requirements of the company in making improvements and strengthening the property. It is thought that \$1,000,000 to \$1,500,000 of the bonds will be put out during the current year. The mortgage further provides for the retiring of the prior issues, which will probably be assented to by many bondholders who are stockholders in the C. S. & K. C. Company.

Chesapeake & Ohio.-This road was operated by a Receiver Chesapeake & Ohio.—This road was operated by a Receiver during part of 1888, and the connection to Cincinnati and Bridge over the Ohio River were not completed. No construction account was kept, and all betterments were charged to operating expenses. Under these circumstances the net earnings for the year have little significance, and give no indication of what the road can earn hereafter. The account for 1888 is as follows: Gross earnings, \$4,415,236; net earnings, \$887,638. On the basis of allowing 65 per cent of gross earnings for operating expenses, the net earnings would be \$1,545,250.

Houston & Texas Central.—The Farmers' Loan & Trust Company, trustee, has begun a separate foreclosure suit under the first mortgage on this division, and the H. & T. C. receiver has been appointed as receiver in this action.

Missouri Kansas & Texas.—The Board of Directors met this week, but nothing has been given out for publication; it is reported that a plan of reorganization was discussed at the meeting, the details of which provide for an assessment of 10 per cent on the stock, the issue of a new first mortgage 4 per cent bond at the rate of \$20,000 a mile, and a 5 per cent income bond. The directors are said to be agreed that no reorganization can be successful which calls for fixed charges in excess of \$1,500,000. It is stated that preferred stock is to be given the first mortgage bondholders in consideration of their permanent reduction of interest; also for the cash amount on stock. Missouri Kansas & Texas.—The Board of Directors met this

San Francisco & North Pacific—This California road, and several small lines, have been con-citated into one company under the above name, having a mileage of about 160 miles. The property has been purcha at his a syndicate composed of the Seligmans, Ladenburg, Tham... & Co., and Erlanger of Frankfort. The new company has a capital stock of \$6,000,000, and has authorized an issue of \$4,000,000 five per cent 30-year house.

Shenandoah Valley.—At Richmond, April 11, the Court of Appeals, in the case of the Fidelity Insurance Trust & Safe Deposit Company against the Shenandoah Valley Railroad Company, sustained the right of general mortgage bondholders to the \$1,500,000 of first mortgage bonds deposited with their trustees as part of the security for the generals. In the second branch of the case, the appeal of the Car Construction Company, an opinion was delivered by Judge Lewis reversing the decrees of the Court below on the ground that Virginia acts of Assembly giving priority of lien to those furnishing engines, cars and other supplies to railroad companies were void, because the title of the acts did not fully express the purpose and effect of the acts, as required by the constitution of Virginia. This reverses that part of the decree which gave a priority of lien to Clark and Kimball, the holders of the income or third mortgage bonds and of the notes and other obligations

priority of lien to Clark and Kimball, the holders of the income or third mortgage bonds and of the notes and other obligations of the Shenandoah Valley Railroad Company for moneys advanced by them to the railroad company.

— The gross earnings of the Shenandoah Valley Railroad for the year 1888 are given at \$831,947; operating expenses, \$818,605, and net earnings, \$13,342. Included in the operating expenses are \$100,000 expended for betterments to the road, and in addition there was expended \$36,633 for permanent improvements. As compared with the previous year the gross earnings decreased \$70,914.

Texas & Pacific.—The Dallas News reports Gov. John C. Brown as saying that he has accepted the presidency of the Tennessee Coal & Iron Company from personal reasons and a desire to reside again in Tennessee. His relations with the Texas Pacific people were always of the most harmonious

character.
Since Gov. Brown became connected with the Texas & Pacific (in 1875), it has grown from 400 miles to nearly 1,500 miles in length, and has grown in importance equally in every other way, until it is one of the smoothest and most completely equipped roads in the Southwest, for which, as everybody knows, the credit is mainly due to the retiring President. Gov. Brown says arrangements have been made in the East to largely increase the motive power and rolling stock of the road, and the policy that has worked so well up to this time will be carried out.

Gov. Brown says that Mr. Gould and the directors were very much pleased—in fact they were agreeably surprised—with the

much pleased—in fact they were agreeably surprised—with the condition in which they found the road on their recent tour, which embraced all of the road except the Rio Grande Division.

Western Maryland .- This railroad has been granted permiswestern maryiand.—Inis railroad has been granted permission to build an independent line to tidewater at Baltimore. An ordinance permitting the construction of the new line and allowing that company to construct terminals of its own in the southern section of the city, has passed both branches of the Baltimore City Council, and it has received the approval of the Mayor.

Western Union Telegraph.—Judge Wallace refuses an injunction in favor of the Western Union preventing the Board of Electric Control from taking down wires and poles from streets where there are subways, but grants to the Western Union an injunction against the Board of Electric Control from interfering with the use of the elevated railroad structures for stringing one rating and maintaining cables. tures for stringing, operating and maintaining cables.

Wilkesbarre & Western.—A press dispatch from Philadelphia, April 10, said: "In the best informed railroad circles here it was stated to-day that F. C. Hollins, a New York broker, representing a syndicate of New York and Philadelphia capitalists, has secured by purchase a controlling interest in the Wilkesbarre & Western Railroad, which will be utilized as a short line from the Beech Creek coal fields to New York, through a connection with the New York Susquehanna & Western Road, and to the Poughkeepsie Bridge by means of the Lehigh Valley and Pennsylvania Poughkeepsie & Boston roads. The same syndicate are said to have secured a charter for a railroad to be called the Beech Creek & Hudson River Railroad, that will run from Newberry Junction, a mile above Williamsport, where the Reading & Fall Brook Coal Company's lines now connect, to Turbotville, a small town on the Wilkesbarre & Western aoad. This new road will be about 30 miles long, and the contractors expect to have it finished by December 1."

For balance of Investment items see pages 481 and 494.

Reports and Documents.

NORFOLK & WESTERN RAILROAD.

E(GHTH ANNUAL REPORT-FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1888.

To the Shareholders of the Norfolk & Western Railroad Company:

The Board of Directors herewith submits its Report of the operations of the Company for the year ending December

PROPERTY.

alst, 1888:

PROPERTY.

The high standard to which your property had been brought was maintained throughout the year, and the improvements made were more extensive and important than in any previous year, and were necessitated by the continuous and rapid growth of your Company's traffic and by the increased length of its road. Your railroad originally consisted of about 408 miles of main track and 20 miles of branches, and was conveniently operated in 2 divisions (the Eastern and Western) of 214 miles each, with Lynchburg as the dividing point. All of the extensions to your line have penetrated the mineral territory lying north and south of your Western Division, and were, therefore, incorporated in that division. Until 1888 the operation by divisions east and west of Lynchburg was continued, and as one branch after another was constructed into the coal and ore fields, and the volume of traffic increased, the Western Division became too large for economical or efficient operation. To meet the immediate needs of your business, and to provide for its future growth, the operated portion of your line was in 1888 re-arranged in 4 operating divisions of nearly equal mileage, with Crewe, Roanoke, Radford and Bluefield as divisional points. The improvements made during 1888, therefore, include yards, engine houses, repair shops and storehouses at Crewe and Bluefield, and enlargements of the yard at Roanoke and at Radford. The yard track thus added, together with the additional sidings provided at many points, aggregate 43:20 miles of track. An engine house was also built at Bristol, and there were erected 8 new station buildings, 3 division offices, 5 coaling stations, 27 water tanks, 24 houses for employes, and numerous minor structures, together with 22 large and important iron bridges, and many other permanent improvements. The cost of this work was 8943,784 51.

There were added to your lines, exclusive of the Clinch Valley Extension, 16:42 miles of branches, which, including the completion of the Flat Top Tunnel,

ments and extensions to your property amounted to \$1,277,-

Work upon the Clinch Valley Extension continued steadily throughout the year, during which period there was expended \$1,295,035 15, making the total expenditure to the close of the year \$1,967,919 16.

The graduation upon the greater portion of the Extension is completed, and track laid upon about 30 miles, of which 23.5 miles is in operation, and it is expected that the entire work will be completed and in operation during 1889.

The average mileage operated during the year was 542 miles, and at the close of the year 1888 the length of completed line was 594.12 miles, as follows:

	Miles.
Main Line, Norfolk to Bristol	408.3
City Point Branch	10
Saltville Branch	9.5
Short branches	1.16
New River Division:	
Radford to Elkhorn 84.25 miles.	
Branches to coal mines18.59 "	
Cripple Creek Extension30.40 "	
Branches to ore mines 8.42 "	
Clinch Valley Division	141.66 23.5
Total.	594.12
Sidings	162.25

ROLLING STOCK.

The additions made during the year 1888 to the rolling stock of the Company consisted of

24 Locomotives.

11 Passenger cars.

1.478 Freight cars.

63 Caboose and other road cars.

At the close of the year the Company had in service:

174 Locomotives.

82 Passenger cars.

6,667 Freight cars.

463 Caboose and other road cars.

The average mileage of passenger engines in 1888 was 124.93 The average mileage of passenger engines in 1888 was 124-93 miles per day per engine, as compared with 140-66 miles in 1887, and of freight engines 89-21 miles per day per engine, as compared with 92-55 miles in 1887.

The average mileage of freight cars of all kinds during the year was 43-88 miles per day per car, as compared with 41-31 miles during the preceding year.

The average mileage of freight equipment for a series of years is shown in the following statement:

Gross earnings

Q1 900 502 90

AVERAGE NUMBER OF MILES MADE PER DAY PER CAR.

Year.	Box Cars.	Coal and Coke Curs.	Stock and Flat	Average, all kinds.
1884				32·45 42·42
1886	55.33	49.71	12.14	44.83
1887	53·53 54·24	43.91 46.95	12.44	41·31 43·88

The relatively small mileage of stock and flat cars is owing

The relatively small mileage of stock and flat cars is owing to the limited season for live stock and to the almost exclusive use of flat cars in the transportation of lumber and building material between local stations, with short hauls and long detentions, both loading and unloading being dependent upon the condition of the weather.

The average mileage of coal and box cars tends to decrease as the products of the mines and furnaces find additional markets at distant points upon other lines. When used in the local traffic of your own line better service is obtained.

The liability to detention from the passing of frequent trains increases with the growth of traffic, rendering it necessary that increased facilities, such as yards, sidings and passing points, be provided proportionately with the increased traffic. Your management appreciates the fact that every additional mile made by its equipment increases to that extent its carrying capacity, and that increased service from its equipment is an important element in the economy of operation and in the earning capacity of your railroad: earning capacity of your railroad:

REVENUE.

Operating expenses. including taxes Proportion of expenses to earnings, 61 per cent.	3,901,927	13
Net earnings Other income, interest, dividends, etc	\$1,897,671 147,437	76 74
Fixed charges: Interest on funded debt	\$2,045,109	50
Total interest charges.	1,296,550	83
N-t income for the year 1888	, ,	
Leaving balance of surplus income for the year 1888	\$418,558	67
As compared with the previous year the gross earnings increased	or 21 per ce	nt.

The results of operating your lines for a series of years are shown by the following comparative statement:

Year.	$Gross\\Earnings.$	Operating Expenses.	Net Earnings.
1851	\$2,267,288 62	\$1,163,232 75	\$1,104,055 87
	2,429,740 12	1,322,576 63	1,107,163 49
	2,812,776 59	1,509,573 56	1,303,203 03
1884	2,711,153 27	1,516,858 34	1,194 294 93
	2,771,120 87	1,649,291 68	1,121,829 19
	3,252,056 59	1,960,909 36	1,291,147 23
1887	4,254,794 03	2,483,780 21	1,771,013 82
1888	4,599,598 89	3,001,927 13	

The growth of the traffic and revenue is shown separately for passengers and freight in the following tables:

PASSENGER TRAFFIC.

	Passengers Carried.			Earnings.			
	Local.	Thro'.	Total.	Local.	Through.	U.S. Mails, Express,&c	: Total.
				. 8	. 8	. 8	. \$
1881	203,098	12,808	215,904	329,137 86	67,681 22		519,087 18
1882	248,513	14,834	263,347	369,637 40	74,664 03		575,194 95
1883	289,511	18,416	307,927	403,477 25			621,353 81
1884	396,199	16,253	412,452	448,478 84			645,902 07
1885	365,896	22,191	388,087	387.687 62	70.757 77	121,323 34	579,768 79
1886	382,052	18,187	400.269	422.811 42	63,419 93	125,132 11	611,363 46
1887	535,597	23,354	558,951	590,689 49			812,091 06
1888	744,269	26,979	771.248	754,802 93			1,002,550 67

As compared with the previous year the earnings from through passenger traffic increased 18 per cent and from local passenger traffic 28 per cent. This increase is due to the growth of the cities and towns upon your line, and the improved facilities and accommodations provided by your com-

Additional passenger equipment, particularly excursion cars, will, in the opinion of your management, lead to still better results, by enabling your passenger department to offer and promote excursions to the various resorts and places of interest upon or near your line.

FREIGHT TRAFFIC.

		The state of the s						
	Tons of Freight Carried.			Earnings.				
	Local.	Thro'.	Total.	Local.	Through.	Misc.	Total.	
1881	950 969	178.840	538,102	901 174 87	748 (4)7 93	11 019 54	1.748.201 44	
1882	417,140	192,587	609,727	1,092,888 96	749,494 35	11,861 86	1,854,245 17	
1884	660,871	231,641	892,512	1,198,600 42 1,235,037 64	790,049 02	40,164 54	2,065,251 20	
1885 1886	1.288,601	289,266		1,778,457 2	812,369 36	49,886 49	2,640,793 13	
1887	1,829,516	379,172	2,208,688	2,581,531 27	873,688 84	37,482 84	3,442,702 97	

The increase in revenue from the transportation of freight

The increase in revenue from the transportation of freight is due almost exclusively to the increase in local traffic. Although the number of tons of through freight transported has increased 121 per cent during the last 8 years, the revenue therefrom has increased but 13 per cent.

Notwithstanding the additions made to the freight equipment during the year, further additions are needed, especially for the transportation of coal, coke and ores.

The earnings from local traffic, that is traffic originating at, or destined to, points upon your line, represent a rapidly increasing proportion of the aggregate earnings. In 1880 the earnings from local passenger and freight traffic were 57 per cent of the total, while in 1888 they were 80 per cent.

The mineral traffic of your line, which practically commenced in 1882, increased during the past year 542,866 tons over the previous year. The growth of this class of local traffic is shown in the following table:

	1	(1	1			
	1º82. Tons.	1883. Tons.	1884. Tons.	1885. Tons.	1886. Tons.	1987. Tons.	1888. Tons.
Iron Ore.	1.399	51,915	49,302	60,825	65,851	128,696	195,350
Pig Iron.	13,372	24,611	23,591				95,389
Coal	4,735		153,229		739,018		
Coke		23,762					202,808
Stone &		,	00,000	10,011	00,022	202,212	202,000
marble.	6,181	20,217	27,718	15,623	24,451	30,948	49,573
Salt	9,270	11,482	13,238	13,495	15,820		13,288
Plaster		4.214	4,272				5,761
Zinc ore		96	19	13	598		13,019
Zinc spel-	-,0	-		1	1	,,,,,,,	10,010
ter	490	681	1,166	1,008	839	1.153	2,460
Mangan-	1		-,	-,	1	2,200	-,
ese	1.648	125	386	1,168	256	762	563
Other		120	000	2,200	200		000
minerals	4,939	7,292	13,095	17.816	15,919	40,082	38,392
***************************************	2,000	-,202	10,000	11,010	10,010	20,000	001002
Total	48,311	198,947	347,376	685,271	961,366	1,417,549	1,960.415

COAL AND COKE TRAFFIC.

The quantity of coal and coke transported over your line during 1888 (including 224,671 tons used by your Company), was 1,770,791 tons, an increase of 462,197 tons as compared with the previous year.

The growth of this traffic is shown by the following statement:

Year.	Tidewater. Tons.		
1883	None,	105,805	105,805
1884	None.	272,178	272,178
1825	373,246	278,741	651.987
1886	569,349	360,286	929,6 5
1887	741,875	566,719	1,308,594
1888	988,842	781,949	1,770,791

The increased consumption for local purposes is particularly gratifying as showing the continually increasing number of manufacturing establishments upon, or tributary to, your line. The superior quality of the coal and coke is now so well established and appreciated that the further development of this class of traffic depends entirely upon the transportation facilities provided by your Company.

ORES AND IRON.

ORES AND IRON.

The mineral properties upon the completed portion of the Cripple Creek Extension, and at various points upon your line west of Lynchburg, were further developed during the year and furnished an increased tonnage. The shipments of iron ore were 195,350 tons, an increase of 66,654 tons, or 52 per cent, as compared with 1887. The shipments of zinc ores increased from 7,424 tons in 1887 to 13,019 tons in 1888, or 75 per cent.

The requirements of the furnaces and rolling mills now in operation or in process of construction, give assurances of a large and continually increasing traffic.

large and continually increasing traffic.

FINANCIAL.

Equipment Mortgage.

In order to acquire upon favorable terms the additional equipment required from time to time for the increasing business of your Company, and to provide means to fund the principal of outstanding Car Trust obligations, there was created June 1st, 1888, under authority given at your last annual meeting, an Equipment Mortgage to secure an issue of bonds not exceeding \$5,000,000, bearing interest at 5 per cent per annum and maturing in 1908. A sinking fund of 3 per cent per annum on the bonds issued is provided, to be applied by the Trustee during the first 10 years to the purchase of Equipment Mortgage Bonds at par or under, if obtainable, otherwise to the purchase of other mortgage bonds of the Company, and after that time to compulsory drawings by lot. The right is reserved by the Company to redeem the bonds at par and interest at any time after ten years.

at any time after ten years.

The Equipment Mortgage Bonds are further secured by new equipment, costing \$1,000,833, transferred to the Trustee by the Roanoke Machine Works in consideration of the surrender and cancellation of the Roanoke Machine Works Equipment

and cancellation of the Rolling Market Machine Works Equipment Trust Bonds then held by your Company.

Of the Equipment Mortgage Bonds \$1,000,000 were sold during the year and the proceeds applied to the acquisition of additional equipment, and \$222,000 were used for funding Car Trust obligations; the aggregate amount issued during the year being \$1,222,000.

The payments to the sinking fund for the year 1888 amounted to \$17,910.

Improvements and Extensions.

During the year the Norfolk Terminal Company, under the terms of the redemption clause of its mortgage of November

28, 1883, redeemed at 105 per cent its outstanding bonds, amounting to \$579,000, of which \$525,000 were held by the Trustee of the Improvement and Extension Mortgage as part of its security, the remaining \$54,000 being in the treasury of your Company. The Trustee applied the \$551,250 thus received in payment for improvement and extensions to your line, as provided by the terms of the Improvement and Extension Mortgage.

The expenditures during the year for the purposes specified in the Improvement and Extension Mortgage (including the application of the above amount) were as follows:

appi	ication	or the at	ove amo	unt) were a	as IUI	iows.	
. New	River	Division,	Elkhorn	Extension	and	short	
`bra	nches t	o coal mine	S				\$258,231 50
				t branches			75,200 43
				branches			943,784 51
				8			59.364.78

ancipal of Car Trust obligations	59,364 18
Total	\$1,336,581 22

The total amounts expended, to the close of the year 1888, for purposes provided for in the Improvement and Extension Mort-

Bugo, meruang meruang	
New River Divis'n, Extens'n, and branches to ceal mines	\$747,577 06
Cripple Creek Extension and branches to ore mines	1,402,351 66
Improvements to Main Line and branches	1,777,690 00
Principal of Car Trust obligations	843,214 06

...... \$4,770,832 78

Total.

Amount received from sale of \$1,500,000 of bords.

Premium received on \$525,000 Norfolk

Terminal Company's bonds, redeemed

December 1, 1888. 26,250 00

4.053.422.41 \$717,410 37 Balance.....

Of the issue of \$1,500,000 Improvement and Extension Bonds of the issue of \$1,300,000 Improvement and Extension Bonds authorized at your annual meeting in 1887, none were sold during that year, the other resources of the Company having been used in paying for Improvements and Extensions during that period. During the year 1888 \$1,000,000 bonds were sold; and your Company now has in its treasury \$500,000 bonds, which, estimated at 102½ per cent, makes the excess of expenditures over the amount realized from the issue of \$5,000,000 Improvement and Extension Bonds, and not represented by an issue of bonds. \$204,910 37. issue of bonds, \$204,910 37.

Divisonal Liens.

For the purpose of retiring Divisional Securities to the amount of \$5,000, which had matured January 1, 1888, and were acquired during the year, and \$167,500 maturing January 1, 1889, \$182,000 of your General Mortgage Bonds were withdrawn from the Trustee as provided under the terms of the mortgage, and sold. The premium on the bonds was credited to Property Account.

The Trustee retains a sufficient amount of General Mortgage.

The Trustee retains a sufficient amount of General Mortgage Bonds, estimated at 95 per cent, to acquire the remaining outstanding Divisional Securities at par.

INVESTMENTS IN OTHER COMPANIES.

Nerfolk Terminal Company.

Nerfolk Terminal Company.

The property of the Norfolk Terminal Company is operated by your Company, under an arrangement which provides that your Company shall assume all operating expenses and the interest on the bonds of the Terminal Company and shall receive all the revenues from the operation of its railroad and terminal facilities. The results from such operations are included in your earnings.

The receipts of the Terminal Company from securities owned enabled it to pay dividends amounting to \$11,278 75 upon its capital stock. The amount received by your Company from this source is included in your Revenue Account under the head of "Other Income."

Of the real estate not required for the purposes of the Terminal Company there were sold during the year lots to the leaves of \$8,805 02.

The Terminal Company, under its mortgage of November

while of \$8,805 02.

The Terminal Company, under its mortgage of November 28th, 1883, had issued \$579,000 of 6 per cent bonds out of the total authorized issue of \$1,000,000. It was considered advisable to pay off these outstanding bonds and to create a new mortgage for a larger amount, in order to make reasonable provision for future requirements, and at a lower rate of interest. Accordingly, under the terms of the redemption clause contained in its mortgage, the bonds were redeemed at 105 per cent, and a new mortgage, the bonds were redeemed at 105 per cent, and a new mortgage created to secure an issue of bonds not to exceed \$2,500,000, bearing interest at 5 per cent and maturing in 70 years. The new bonds are secured upon the Terminal Company's real estate and other property at Norfolk and Lambert's Point, including its railway, coal pier, warehouses, elevator, &c., &c. Bonds in excess of \$700,000 can only be issued for additional terminal facilities and such other purposes as are specified in the mortgage.

can only be issued for additional terminal facilities and such other purposes as are specified in the mortgage.

Of the \$700,000 bonds to be first issued, your Company purchased \$684,000 at 90 per cent, to enable the Terminal Company to liquidate its indebtedness. These bonds appear in your Company's balance sheet at par; the discount has been credited

to property account.

Roanoke Machine Works.

The works were operated to their full capacity during the year upon repairs to, and construction of, rolling stock, and the results from the operations of the year enabled the Company, after meeting its interest charges, to pay dividends amounting to \$50,088 upon its capital stock. The receipts of your Company from this source are included in your Revenue Account, in "Other Income."

Virginia Company.

For several years the title to valuable real estate at junctional and other points upon your line has been vested in the Virginia Company. Owing to the re-divisioning of its line during 1888, it became necessary for your Company to construct yards, engine houses, repair shops, storehouses and other improvements at various points, and it was deemed advisable, when acquiring the real estate actually needed, to purchase such outlying and adjoining land as would be made valuable by the improvements, so that your Company might derive the benefit. The land required for the purposes of the railroad was paid for and deeded directly to your Company, and the adjoining lands were acquired and paid for by the Virginia Company. The properties so acquired at Crewe and Bluefield were laid off into lots, of which a considerable number were sold during the year; upon other lots dwelling houses were erected and sold or rented to the employes of your Railroad Company were constructed at both places. Many purchasers of lots have erected dwellings and stores, and at the close of the year both Crewe and Bluefield were active and progressing stations.

To provide means for the expenditures required, the capital stock of the Virginia Company was increased to \$100,000, all of which was taken by your Company, and such further sums as were required were advanced by your Company. The balance sheet attached to this report shows the acreage and cost of the real estate and improvements at the several points. The net profits of the Virginia Company during the year amounted to \$44,156 32, out of which a dividend of 6 per cent was paid, and the balance, \$38,156 32, was carried forward as a surplus. Your investment in this Company promises to be very remunerative. and other points upon your line has been vested in the Virginia Company. Owing to the re-divisioning of its line during 1888,

remunerative.

The Shenandoah Valley Railroad Company.

The Shenandoah Valley Railroad Company.

The property of this Company is still operated by the receiver, and during the year its physical condition was very materially improved. The gross earnings were \$831,947 97, and the amount charged to operating expenses was \$818,605 46, leaving as net earnings \$13,342 51. As during the previous year, there was included in operating expenses considerable expenditures for renewals of wooden bridges and trestles, and for other purposes which will not be necessary after the contemplated improvements to the property are completed. The amount there was also expended upon permanent improvements \$36,633 06.

As compared with the previous year the gross earnings de-

ments \$36,633 06.

As compared with the previous year the gross earnings decreased \$70,914 44, or 8 per cent.

During the year 1888 the gross earnings of your Company from business interchanged with the Shenandcah Valley Railroad were as follows: From passengers. \$29,231 68 From freight 245,741 47

Total gross earnings from business interchanged..... \$274,973 15

Legal complications have delayed the reorganization of this Company. A final decision in the foreclosure proceedings is expected during 1889, after which it is anticipated that a reorganization will be promptly effected.

CHANGES IN ORGANIZATION.

CHANGES IN ORGANIZATION.

At the last annual election for Directors, Mr. Edward W. Clark having declined re-election, Mr. Howland Davis, of New York, was elected as his successor.

The re-divisioning of the line for purposes of operation necessitated some changes in the organization of your Company, and at the time of making these changes some slight alterations were made in the By-Laws. Copies of the By-Laws and Organization of the Company can be obtained by any of the shareholders upon application to the Secretary of the Company.

CONNECTIONS.

East Tennessee Virginia & Georgia Railway.

East Tennessee Virginia & Georgia Railway.

Of the \$4,899,599 gross earnings of your Company during the year 1888, \$947,579 was from through passenger and freight traffic; that is, traffic received from and delivered to connecting lines, and of this amount \$885,507 was from through traffic interchanged with the East Tennessee Virginia & Georgia Railway, \$105,649 being from passenger traffic and \$779,858 from freight traffic.

Your Company also earned \$274,468 on local traffic interchanged during the year with the East Tennessee Company, that is, gross earnings on passenger and freight traffic originating at or delivered to local points upon your line, of which \$46,529 was from passenger traffic and \$227,939 from freight.

Your aggregate gross earnings from all classes of traffic, both through and local, interchanged with the East Tennessee Company, amounted to \$1,159,975, of which \$661,588 was on traffic delivered to and \$498,387 on traffic received from that Company.

Company

The details of traffic interchanged during 1888 with the East Tennessee Virginia & Georgia Railway and the earnings there-from, are shown in the following statement:

THROUGH TRAFFIC.

	No. of Tons.	Pass-	Revenue from Through Freight.	from	
Deliv'ed to E. T. V. & G. Ry. Received from "	176,506 192,003	16,725 9,483	\$463,083 316,775	\$61,466 44,183	*524,54 9 360,958
Totals	368,509	26,208	\$779,858	\$105,649	\$985.507

311071	No. of Tons.	No. of Pass- engers	Revenue from Local Freigh!.	Revenue from Local Pass'rs.	Total Revenue Local Traffic.
Deliv'ed to E. T.V. & G. Ry. Received from "	103,807 66,606		\$113,829 114,110		\$137,039 137,429
Totals	172,413	10,943	\$227,939	\$16,529	\$274.168

The volume of business interchanged with the East Tennessee Company has materially increased, the through freight traffic increasing from 257,308 tons in 1883 to 368,509 tons in 1888, and the local traffic from 82,359 tons in 1883 to 172,413 tons in 1888; but your gross earnings from this traffic have not increased, being \$932,903 in 1893 on through freight, and only \$779,858 in 1888, and on local freight traffic being \$213,649 in 1883, and \$227,939 in 1888.

Prior to the development of your Company's local traffic, its earnings from through traffic interchanged with the East its earnings from through traffic interchanged with the East Tennessee Company, were relatively more important than at present; in 1883 they were about one-half the total freight earnings, whereas at present, although the volume of through tonnage is 43 per cent greater, your gross earnings therefrom are actually less. Owing to the great increase in that part of your local traffic in which the East Tennessee Company does not participate, your earnings on through traffic interchanged with that Company (particularly as regards traffic received from it) form a comparatively small proportion of your total earnings.

earnings.

The figures given, whilst indicating the value of this con-The figures given, whilst indicating the value of this connection to your Company, also show that the benefits derived are reciprocal; that in fact the East Tennessee Company receives more traffic from than it delivers to your Company. The two roads form a natural and continuous route from the Atlantic Ocean to the Mississippi River and the Gulf of Mexico, and, if operated in harmony, their interchange of traffic, both through and local, should materially increase from year to year. from year to year.

Louisville & Nashville Railroad.

Reference has been made in previous annual reports to the connection to be made in Wise County, Virginia, between the lines of your Company and those of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad Company. As previously stated in this report, that portion of the connecting line to be constructed by your Company, known as the Clinch Valley Extension, will be completed during the year 1889. The line to be built by the Louisville & Nashville Railroad Company, in order to connect its Cumberland Valley Branch (now practically completed to its Cumberland Valley Branch (now practically completed to Cumberland Gap) and your Clinch Valley Extension, is about 65 miles in length, and its early completion is assured.

Northwestern Connection.

Surveys for a line to connect the present terminus of your New River Division with the Ohio River and the railway sys-tems beyond were continued throughout the year, and are now practically completed, the line having been located to Ironton, Ohio.

Ironton, Ohio.

This line, 190 miles in length, extends for nearly its entire length through a territory containing steam, coking, gas and cannel coals, and heavily timbered, and from its local resources alone will undoubtedly furnish sufficient traffic to justify the construction of the line; and in addition, this line will add largely to the through business of your Company, and afford new and desirable markets for the products of the industrial establishments upon your line. At your annual meeting in 1883 you authorized the construction of this extension, whenever in the opinion of the Management of the Company it was deemed advisable, and in order that your Company may be in a position to undertake this work, it is considered proper to ask you to re-affirm your action and take such further action as will enable your Management to make the necessary financial arrangements. cial arrangements.

Southeastern Extension. Surveys have also been made for the further development of Surveys have also been made for the further development of the iron ore territory between your Cripple Creek Extension and the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railroad. The distance between the present termini of the two lines is about 45 miles, and that portion of the connecting link to be built by your Company, 35 miles in length, will develop the resources of a section of country containing iron, zinc and copper ores, and furnish considerable local traffic. Your Management con-siders the proposed connection an important one, and that it should be undertaken in the near future. should be undertaken in the near future.

CONCLUSION.

Although the results of your Company's operations for the year were in general satisfactory, there were several causes which operated during the latter part of the year to the porarily check the increase in earnings which had continue for so long a period. The demoralization in trunk line ates affected to a considerable extent the earnings of your own time. anected to a considerable extent the earnings of your owarine. The low selling prices for coal and iron necessitated lower rates for transportation. The prevalence of yellow fever at points upon connecting lines, the continued decrease in the quantity of cotton transported over your line, owing to its diversion to other lines and seaports, and the diversion of other through traffic by the East Tennessee Virginia & Georgia Railway, resulted in some loss of revenue to your Company. Not through traffic by the East Tennessee virginia & Georgia Rainway, resulted in some loss of revenue to your Company. Notwithstanding these causes, the passenger traffic increased 38 per cent and the freight traffic 25 per cent, as compared with the previous year. The gross earnings increased 15 per cent the previous year.

and the net earnings increased 7 per cent. The gross earnings per mile increased \$966.24 and for the year amounted to \$9,039.85 per mile.

It will be seen by the map accompanying this report, that over that portion of your line between Radford and Roanoke, a distance of 46 miles, passes not only all the traffic of the main line, but also the traffic from both of its mineral branches before its partial distribution over connecting lines. If, as may be anticipated from the many new industrial enterprises that are in progress, the traffic of your Company continues to increase, it may be necessary to double-track that part of the line not later than 1890.

The increased facilities afforded account to some extent for The increased facilities afforded account to some extent for the increase in the passenger traffic, but the increase is mainly due to the increasing population in the territory tributary to your lines. This is approximately shown by the number of local passengers arriving at the several stations, and, in illustration of the increase that has occurred, the following statement is submitted, showing the ARRIVALS during a series of received at 19 stations. Although these are selected as showing years at 12 stations. Although these are selected as showing the greatest increase, nearly every station upon your line shows constantly increasing traffic:

		1	1	1	1	
	1883.	1884	1885.	1886.	1887.	1888.
Norfolk	7,758	17,685	18,562	19,558	21,790	27,498
Petersburg	21,165	30,178	30,324	29,549		35,495
Crewe Lynchburg	31,304	37,686	37,792	37,859	40,191	10,028 45,476
Roanoke	20,146		21,281	23,042		
Radford	5,764 239	5,962 439	6,548	5,123		17,344
Pocahontas	3,801	7,605	9,243	11,488	19,877	27,383
Bramwell		6,781	2.885	4.169 5.512		18,289 25,414
Abingdon	9,242	12,335	12,637	12,711	18,171	23,399
Bristol	10,004	11.924	13,229	12.007	16.758	21.196

As the local population increases by the growth of cities and towns, the revenue derived from the transportation of passentowns, the revenue derived from the transportation of passengers and general merchandise paying higher rates will increase, but the principal increase in revenue will be from the continued development of the mineral traffic paying lower rates of freight, and it is, therefore, to be anticipated that the average rate per ton per mile will continue at a low figure. The general tendency throughout the country is to lower rates and more prompt, efficient and economical transportation of freight. It is therefore necessary that every effort be made and all modern appliances used to reduce the cost of operation, and it is essential that your road-bed and appurtenances should be of a permanent and substantial character, maintained at a high standard, and that the equipment should not only be of the latest and most approved pattern, but the workmanship of the latest and most approved pattern, but the workmanship and materials used should be the best obtainable.

of the latest and most approved pattern, but the workmanship and materials used should be the best obtainable.

Within a period of 8 years the annual gross and net earnings of your Company have more than doubled, a result entirely due to the development of local traffic. To accomplish this there has been expended by your Company during the period referred to \$2,911,959 81 for general improvements to your property, including 112 miles of sidings and yards, \$4,745,500 37 for equipment, and \$6,295,688 99 for extensions, the total cash expenditures aggregating \$13,953,128 27.

The funded debt of your Company has been increased during, the same period from \$25,184 per mile to \$35,692 per mile, which, however, represents equipment to the value of \$8,000 per mile, and investments in, and advances to, other companies: equivalent to \$3,654 per mile. The extensions to your system have been for the purpose of developing the mineral resources in the mountainous section of Southwest Virginia, and were necessarily expensive, averaging \$29,295 per mile. These extensions, as feeders to your main line, will become more productive and valuable as additional mines and other operations are opened upon them. Neither of your most important extensions has yet been completed through to a connection with other railway systems. When this is accomplished, the development of traffic upon your line will receive a most important important. opment of traffic upon your line will receive a most important impetus.

It has been the persistent policy of your management to extend all reasonable facilities and encouragement to the development of local traffic, believing that the establishment: development of local traffic, believing that the establishment of mining and manufacturing industries upon your line will inure to the permanent advantage of your Company in continually increasing the traffic and revenue, and greatly benefit the section of country through which your road passes. The traffic in minerals and their product has increased from 48,311 tons in 1882 to 1,960,415 tons in 1888, which indicates; what may be anticipated in the future. The fact that every such undertaking on your line is financially successful, will have an important bearing upon the future development of manufacturing industries and the continued increase in your Company's traffic and earnings.

manufacturing industries and the continued increase in your Company's traffic and earnings.

As will be seen from the supplemental reports, heretoe attached, the companies in which your Company owns the controlling interest (with the exception of the Shenandoah Valley Railroad) have, in addition to meeting the interest upon their headed and other industries and the interest upon Valley Railroad) have, in addition to meeting the interest upon-their bonded and other indebtedness, paid dividends upon their-capital stocks. In all these companies your Company owns: all the bonds and shares, with the exception of one share each held by the several directors.

The net income for the year amounted to \$748,558 67, equivalent to 3 4-10 per cent upon the preferred shares. Your-Company has no floating debt.

Your Directors, believing that the condition of the Company's affairs, its earnings and its prospects for the future, justified

affairs, its earnings and its prospects for the future, justified semi-annual distributions of at least a portion of the surplu

ven 1e, declared a dividend, payable October 25, of 11/2 per

The left declared a divident, payable October 25, of 1% per c.nt u ion the preferred shares.

The Treasurer's condensed balance sheet is hereto appended. The Board takes pleasure in acknowledging the ability and fidelity with which the officers and employes have discharged the duties intrusted to them during the year.

By order of the Board,

F. J. KIMBALL, President.

CONDENSED BALANCE SHEET.

	General Le Iger Norfolk & Western Railroad Company, Dec. 31, 1888.
	Assets.
1	Railroad premises, property and franchises \$45,700,862 19

Rolling stock	4,565,823 88
Car Trusts, additional rolling stock:-	
Chargeable to principal	
Chargeable to interest 269,051 08	
	1.188,359 25
Norfolk & Western Railroad Co. common stock owned,	-,,
1.157 sha es	39,781 00
Investments in other companies:-	00,102 00
Reanoke Machine Works bonds \$500,000 00	
Roanoke Machine Works stk., 4,167 shs. 364,600 00	
Norfolk Terminal stock, 3,219 shares 321,900 (0	
Virginia Company stock, 993 shares 99,300 00	
	3 040 000 00
	1,342,900 00
Suspense account	169,127 76
Sinking Fund Equipment Mortgage	17,910 00
Materials and supplies	287,363 15
Advances to Roanoke Machine Works, representing	
value of materials and supplies carried by that Co	337.237 80
Advances to Virginia Company	140,808 71
Accounts receivable (current balances)	243,373 47
Improvement and Extension bonds on hand	500,000 00
Norfolk Terminal Company bonds on hand	684,000 00
Cook	201 057 00

\$55,911,804 41

Liabilities.	400,011,001 11
Capital stock-Preferred\$22,000,000 00	
Common	
	\$29,000,000,00

r unucu Dent.—		
Divisional Liens.		
Norfolk & Petersburg RR. Co	\$196,000 00	
Southside RR. Co	1.178,600 00	
Virginia & Tennessee RR. Co	2,036,100 00	
Norfolk & Western RR. Co.		
General Mortgage	7.094.000 00	
New Rive Division First Mortgage.	2,000,000 00	
Improvement and Extension Mort-	,,	
gage	5,000,000 00	
Adjustment Mortgage	1,500,000 00	
Convertible Debenture bonds	525,000 00	
Clinch Valley Division First Mortg.	2,500,000 00	
Equipment Mantenes loop	1 000 000 00	

Equipment Mortgage loan..... 1,222,060 00 23,551,700 00 Car Trust Lease Warrants, principal.... Car Trust Lease Warrants, interest 1,188,359 25 409,975 44 651,694 11

Less dividend on preferred shares of 113 per cent paid October 25, 1888...... 330,000 co 330,000 00

Surplus of income, December 31, 1888..... 1.110.075 61

\$55,911,904 41

Cieveland St. Louis & Kansas City.—The work on this railway is progressing between Alton and Boonville. Seventy miles of road have been built west from Alton, and twenty-three miles are in operation. The approaches to the bridge over the Mississippi River at Alton have also been finished. The company have acquired a franchise to build a bridge over the Missouri River, which will give the company a line to St. Louis for local business.

Seattle Lake Shore & Eastern.—The Seattle & Eastern Construction Company, of 35 William Street and 41 Exchange Place, has issued a circular to its shareholders, under date of the 9th, in which it is stated that "this company has just acquired the contract for the construction of the Northern Branch of the Seattle Lake Shore & Eastern Railway (formerly the West Coast Railway). This is the road that is to connect with the Canadian Pacific Railway at the international boundary, an arrangement having been consummated some time since between the Seattle Lake Shore & Eastern Railway Co. and the Canadian Pacific Railway Co. for this connection. By this arrangement the Canadian Pacific Railway Co. agrees to build down to the boundary and have its part of the line ready for operation by the time our road is completed to that point, and in pursuance of this agreement has already begun work on the bridge across the Frazer River." * * * "The connection of the Spokane Division of the Seattle Lake Shore & Eastern Railway with another of the trans-Continental lines has also been arranged for and will be pushed to completion by midsummer.

"In order to place the company in a sufficiently strong fiver."

by midsummer.

"In order to place the company in a sufficiently strong financial position to satisfactorily accomplish the above-mentioned work, and to render it independent of bond sales, your Board, after consultation with the largest shareholders, has deemed it wise to recommend an increase of the capital stock of the company to \$3,000,000. Of the \$2,000,000 new stock, \$1,000,000, we are assured, will be taken by parties whose identification with us will insure the early completion of our system. The other \$1,000,000 of the new stock is offered for subscription to shareholders of record in amounts equal to their present holdings, up to and including the 25th day of April, 1889."

The Commercial Times.

COMMERCIAL EPITOME.

FRIDAY NIGHT, April 12, 1889.

Arrangements have been completed for celebrating on a scale of much magnificence the Centennial of the Inauguration of the first President of the United States, during the week beginning April 29. It is expected that the occasion will draw together many thousands of people from all sections of the United States, and that it will give an active though temporary impulse to business; and leading tradespeople are, in this view, making liberal preparations to meet increased demands upon them. Naturally, in most branches this means comparative dulness at present. The weather has been quite spring-like, and there are no complaints of crop prospects, except, to a moderate extent, of drought in some of the wheat growing sections. Indian corn materially de-clined, leading to a renewal of activity in exports. The speculation in cotton shook off the stagnation that had pre-

speculation in cotton shook off the stagnation that had prevailed, and became quite active, with spurts of buoyancy; but breadstuffs were quite depressed.

Lard on the spot has been only moderately active, and prices, in sympathy with the course of speculative values, have had a downward tendency, and to-day was quite dull and nearly nominal at 6.70c. for prime city, 7.17½ @7.20c. for rime Western and 7.30@7.35c. for refined to the Continent. The speculation in futures was inactive and somewhat unsettled in tone, prices showing some weakness, a further decline being made to-day under free offerings, with sales to the extent of 6,750 tcs., closing at inside prices.

DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF LARD FUTURES.

Saturd'y.	Mona'y.1	"uesd'y.	Wedn'sd'y.	Thursd'y.	Friday.
April delivery c.7.28		7.23	7.19	7.18	7.15
May delivery c.7.31		7.23		7.13	7 15
June delivery c.7:33 July delivery c.7:35		7·25 7·27	$\frac{7.22}{7.24}$	$7.21 \\ 7.23$	7.18
Aug. delivery c.7.37		7.30		7.25	7.24
Sept. delivery c.7.39		7.34	7.28	7.28	7.26

somewhat irregular, operators on both sides moving with much caution. To-day there was a hardening tendency, but speculation was very dull, closing with sellers as follows:

April. 16 70c. July 17.05c. October 17.30c. May 16:85c. August 17:15c. November 17:35c. June 16:95c. September 17:30c. December 17:45c.

COTTON.

FRIDAY, P. M., April 12, 1889.

THE MOVEMENT OF THE CROP, as indicated by our telegrams from the South to-night, is given below. For the week ending this evening the total receipts have reached 40,407 bales, against 46,500 bales last week, and 51,573 bales the previous week; making the total receipts since the 1st of Sept., 1888, 5,313,744 bales, against 5,162,104 bales for the same period of 1887–8, showing an increase since Sept. 1, 1888, of 151,640 bales.

Receipts at-	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Total.
Galveston	930	603	726	861	609	768	4,497
El Paso, &c						107	107
New Orleans	1,164	1,613	2,159	8	1,321	1,858	8,123
Mobile	33	118	351	38	156	104	800
Florida							
Savannah	674	607	582	597	638	421	3,519
Brunsw'k, &c.							
Charleston	670	171	224	323	66	127	1,581
Port Royal,&c						240	240
Wilmington	27	. 28	12	71	6	1,263	1,407
Wash'gton, &c						3	3
Norfolk	281	98	191	120	199	181	1,070
West Point	992	565	733	530	1,111	2,068	5,999
N'wp't N's,&c.						2,187	2,187
New York	825	881	989	1,032	708	937	5,372
Boston	1,235	396	744	130	312	305	3,122
Baltimore						1.136	1,136
Philadelph'a,&c	398	436	94	287	29		1,244
Totals this week	7,229	5,516	6,805	3,997	5,155	11,705	40,407

For comparison we give the following table showing the week's total receipts, the total since September 1, 1888, and the stock to-night, compared with last year.

Peccinte to	188	88-89.	188	37-88.	St	ck.
El Paso,&c. New Orleans. Mobile	This Week.	Since Sep. 1, 1888.	This Week.	Since Sep. 1, 1887.	1889.	1888.
Galveston	4,497	648,310	1,225	640,695	6,624	8,108
El Paso, &c.	107	20,132				
New Orleans.	8,123	1,623,828	13,891	1,654,210	167,102	219,983
Mobile	800	206,632	340	201,117	8,853	21,726
Florida		26,467	11	23,336		
Savannah	3,519	798,517	2,263	832,148	21,369	22,659
Bruns., &c.		141,464	2	73,591		
Charleston	1,581	366,806	1,656	395,008	2,052	14,854
P. Royal,&c	240	14,686	165	15,224		79
	1,407	151,220	224	166,693	4,362	4,216
	3	4,363	3	1		-,
Norfolk	1,070	471,876	2.073		4,870	16,499
West Point.	5,999	399,847	1,023	382,166		,
NwptN.,&c	2,187	127,432	1,243	104,539	10,781	224
New York	5,372		2,488		232,891	254,806
Boston	3,122		1,873		8,000	12,000
Baltimore	1,136		6		8,605	17,368
Phil'del'a, &c	1,244		18		13,825	18,381
Totals	40,407	5,313,744	28,504	5.162,104	489.334	610.903

In order that comparison may be made with other years, we below the totals at leading ports for six seasons:

Receipts at-	1889.	1888.	1887.	1886.	1885.	1884.
Galv'ston, &c	4,604	1,225	1,291	7,741	864	1,581
New Orleans	8,123	13,891	7,938	11,275	10,752	7,305
Mobile	800	340	335	841	226	1,520
Savannah	3,519	2,263	2,610	9,179	3,174	1,599
Charl'st'n,&c	1,821	1,821	1,313	6,454	707	996
Wilm'gt'n,&e	1,410	227	239	1,137	146	210
Norfolk	1,070	2,073	1,347	9,625	1,950	1,683
W't Point, &c	8,186	2,266	564	6,314	967	597
Allothers	10,874	4,398	5,990	3,739	4,937	14,783
Tot.this week	40,407	28,504	21,627	56,305	23,723	30,274
Since Sent 1	5313 744	5162 104	5001 010	1051 000	1001 010	1050 040

The exports for the week ending this evening reach a total of 93,078 bales, of which 54,725 were to Great Britain, 12,978 to France, and 25,375 to the rest of the Continent. Below are the exports for the week, and since Sept. 1, 1888.

Exports	We	ek Endi Export		12,	From Sept. 1, 1888, to Apr. 12, 1886 Exported to-				
from-	Great Brit'n.	France	Conti- nent.	Total Week.	Great Britain.	France	Conti- nent.	Total.	
Galveston					202,164	21,076	84,900	308,140	
New Orleans	16,930	11,339	8,434	36,703	687,638	259,718	388,410	1,315,766	
Mobile					50,498			50,498	
Savancah			4,075	4,075	82,479	11,542	224,837	318,858	
B. unswick					44,909	5,352	38,054	88,315	
Charleston			4,147	4,147	54,133	25,740	164,957	214,830	
Wilming on					78,082		22,665	100,747	
Norfolk	4,678			4,6:8	217,187		43,953	261,139	
West Point					148,665		12,361	161,026	
Nwpt Nws, &c.					82,217			82,217	
New York	25,75	1,139	6,250	33,140	571,711	49,971	220,621	842,809	
Boston	6,7.2		54	6,826	184,236		2,515	186,751	
Baltimore		500	2,415	2,915	115,420	1,300	46,317	163,097	
Philadelp'a,&c	594			594	34,299		12,120	46,419	
Total	54,725	12,978	25,375	93,079	2,583,638	374,899	1,261,709	4,170,046	
Total 1887-89	52,550	776	18,851	72 177	9,499,519	345,789	1.197,798	9 099 099	

In addition to above exports, our telegrams to-night also give us the following amounts of cotton on shipboard, not cleared, at the ports named. We add similar figures for New York, which are prepared for our special use by Messrs. Carey, Yale & Lambert, 24 Beaver Street.

	O						
Apr. 12, AT-	Great Britain. Fran		France. Other Foreign		Total.	Stock.	
New Orleans Mobile	18,901 None.	None.	9,787 None.	4,631 None.	33,319 None.	133,783 8,853	
Charleston Savannah	None.	None.	300 4,400	800 2,100	1,100 6,500	952 14,869	
Galveston Norfolk	None.	None.	None.	5,694 2,575	5,694 2,575	930 2,295	
New York Other ports	7,600	1,300 None.	8,800 1,500	None. None.	17,700 9,000	215,191 36,573	
Total 1889	34,001	1,300	24,787	15,800	75,888	413,446	
Total 1888 Total 1887	20,438 22,568	8,708 2,907	20,153 22,410	7,687 2,126	56,986 50,011	553,917 425.998	

The speculation in cotton for future delivery at this market has been much more active for the week under review. On Saturday this crop was slightly dearer, but the early and favorable planting season, with the prospect of an increased acreage, began to be taken into the account, and the next crop was easier. On Monday stronger foreign advices caused a further advance for this crop, with which the next partially sympathized, the early months reflecting an increased volume of business. On Tuesday the opening was buoyant, with a good degree of excitement in response to an advance of 4-64ths at Liverpool and very strong accounts from Manchester. But at 10-41c, for June and 10-55c, for August the selling for those months became very heavy and prices gradually yielded, until at Wednesday's close (Liverpool making some reaction toward lower figures), prices had declined prices gradually yielded, until at Wednesday's close (Liverpool making some reaction toward lower figures), prices had declined 7(@8 points for this crop, and the next had returned to the closing figures of Monday. Yesterday an irregular opening was followed by a quick advance in response to a better report from Liverpool, where there were some indications of manipulation for the rise by the bull party, and a still further advance took place. To-day a buoyant opening on a much better report from Liverpool was followed by some decline as that market reacted, and the selling movement continued, until prices returned to about the closing figures of yesterday. Cotton on the spot advanced 1-16c. on Monday and again on Tuesday, with a good business for home consumption. Yester-Tuesday, with a good business for home consumption. Yester-day there was an advance of ½c., with a pretty full business. To-day there was a good business for export at 10½c. for middling uplands.

The total sales for forward delivery for the week are 589,400 bales. For immediate delivery the total sales foot up this week 7,046 bales, including 2,505 for export, 4,391 for consumption, 159 for speculation, and — in transit. Of the above — bales were to arrive. The following are the official quotations for each day of the past week—Apr. 6 to Apr. 12.

UPLANDS.	Sat.	Mon	Tues	Wed	Th.	Fri.
Ordinary 3 lb.	712	7916	759	758	734	734
Strict Ordinary	71516	8	8116	8116	8'16	8316
Good Ordinary	878	81516	9	9	918	918
Strict Good Ordinary	9:18	938	9718	9718	9916	9916
Low Middling	91316	978	91516	91516	10116	10116
Strict Low Middling		1018	10318	10316	10316	10516
Middling	104	105:6	1038	10^{38}	1012	1012
Good Middling	1034	101318	1078	$10^{7}s$	11	11
Strict Good Middling	11	11116	1118	1118	1114	1114
Middling Fair	11716	1112	11919	11916	1111116	111111
Fair	12116		12316	12316	12516	12516
GULF.	Sat.	Mon	Tues	Wed	Th.	Fri.
Ordinary	734	71316	778	778	8	8
Strict Ordinary	8316	814	85.6	8516	8716	8716
Good Ordinary	918	9316	914	914	938	938
Strict Good Ordinary	9916	958	91110	91116	91316	
		1018	10316	10316	10518	10518
Low Middling	10110					
Low Middling	$\frac{101_{16}}{105_{16}}$	1038	10716	10716	10914	10910
Low Middling Strict Low Middling	10516	10^{3} 8	10716	10716	10918	10916
Low Middling Strict Low Middling Middling. Good Middling.	10^{5}_{16} 10^{1}_{2} 11	$\frac{10^{3}8}{10^{9}16}$	10 ⁷ 16 10 ⁵ 8 11 ¹ 8	$\frac{10^{7}16}{10^{5}8}$	1034	1034
Low Middling Strict Low Middling Middling Good Middling Strict Good Middling.	$10^{5}16$ $10^{1}2$ 11 $11^{1}4$	$10^{3}8$ $10^{9}16$ $11^{1}16$ $11^{5}16$	10^{7}_{16} 10^{5}_{8}	$\frac{10^{7}16}{10^{5}8}$	$10^{9}16$ $10^{3}4$ $11^{1}4$	103 ₄ 11 ¹ 4
Low Middling Strict Low Middling Middling.	$10^{5}16$ $10^{1}2$ 11 $11^{1}4$	$10^{3}8$ $10^{9}16$ $11^{1}16$ $11^{5}16$	10^{7}_{16} 10^{5}_{8} 11^{1}_{8} 11^{3}_{8}	10^{7}_{16} 10^{5}_{8} 11^{1}_{8} 11^{3}_{8}	1034	103 ₄ 111 ₄ 111 ₉

7^{3}_{8} 8^{15}_{16} 9^{3}_{4} 77₁₆ 81₁₆ 9 913₁₆ MARKET AND SALES,

Sat.

..... 10 lb.

Mon Tues Wed

Th.

STAINED.

Good Ordinary Striet Good Ordinary... Low Middling... Middling...

The total sales and future deliveries each day during the cook are indicated in the following statement. For the conweek are indicated in the following statement. For the convenience of the reader we also add a column which shows at a glance how the market closed on same days.

	SPOT MARKET CLOSED.	SALE	S OF SE	FUTU RES.				
		Ex- port	Con- sump.		Tran- sit.	Total.	Sales.	D'liv-
	Firm Firm @ 1 ₁₆ adv.	1,205 50	1,309 322		1	2,514		
Tues.	Firm @ 116 adv	50	387		::::		105,200	
Thur.	Steady @ 18 adv.	300				1,606 968	98,600	
	Firm	900					110,300	
Total		2,505	4,391	150		7,046	539,400	

The daily deliveries given above are actually delivered the day previous to that on which they are reported.

THE SALES AND PRICES OF FUTURES are shown by the follow-

2,004,400 pp.1, 00 12,004,400	Average price, week.	Closing	Sales, total	6.6 6.0	Closing	-		-	Prices paid (range) Closing	Monday, Apr. 8— Sales, total	Closing	Sales, total	rolongs.	Sales of
2,004,400	000,100	Steady.	Variable. 110,300	0	Dull. Buoyant.	Lower. 95,400	9.69 # 10.55 Steady.	Buoyant.	4	Firmer.	9.63 a 10.40 Irregular.	Variable. 38.900	Total Sa es.	Range and
1,243,400	10.25	10.35 # 10.40	Aver10-38	6,700 10-20 a 10-35 10-33 10-34	10.20 a 10.26 10.20 - 10.21 Aver . 10.28	Aver16.23	10.26 %10.29	Aver10-28	10.17 @10.21	Aver 10:16	10.14 20.16	Aver 10-15	April.	-
1,438,500	10:30	10-33 10-36 10-38 10-47 10-45 10-53 10-52 10-56 10-56 10-65 10-84 10-85 10-88 10-89 10-45 10-46 10-52 10-53 10-58 10-58 10-59	Aver10-38 Aver10-43 Aver10-50 Aver10-56 Aver10-61 Aver10-03	6,700 14,600 18,500 Aver. 10.09 Aver. 10.09 10.20 Aver. 10.00 10.2	10-20 a 10-26 10-26 a 10-30 10-38 a 10-37 10-40 a 10-41 10-45 a 10-30 10-38 a 10-37 10-40 a 10-41 10-45 a 10-30 10-30 10-30 10-40 10-41 10-45 a 10-37 10-34 a 10-45 a 10-45 a 10-47 a	Aver10-23 Aver10-29 Aver10-36 Aver10-43 Aver10-48 Aver10-00 Aver 9-77 Aver —	9-69-10-55 10-26 10-29 10-30-31-34 10-37 31-041 10-43 21-049 27-200 33-900 81eady. 10-28 10-29 10-30-31-34 10-37 31-041 10-43 21-0-51 10-52 10-01 31-04 10-32 10-3	Aver 10.28 Aver 10.32 Aver 10.39 Aver 10.46 Aver 10.51 Aver 10.03	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Aver 10:18 Aver 10:24 Aver 10:30 Aver 10:36 Aver 10:41	9-63 a 10-40 10-14 a 10-16 10-19 a 10-20 10-26 a — 10-32 a 10-34 10-38 a 10-30 10-34 10-38 a 10-30 10-34 10-38 a 10-30 1	Aver 10-15 Aver 10-19 Aver 10-26 Aver 10-33 Aver 10-39 Aver 9-95 Aver 9-74	May.	And the second s
1.209.300	107,800	10.45 @ 10.53 1	Aver 10:50 2	18,500 15,200 30,200 40,000 16,500 15,900 30,200 10,300 10	10:33 @ 10:37 10:34	Aver 10:36	$\begin{array}{c} 24,200 \\ 10.37 @ 10.41 \\ 10.39 & 10.40 \end{array}$	Aver 10:39	10.28 ± 10.33 $10.30 - 10.31$	Aver 10:30	10.26 0.27	Aver 10-26	June.	
406.700	10.44	10.53 10.52 - 10.59 10.56 10.58	Aver 10:56	15,900 10:40@10:54 10:52 10:53	10-40 % 10-44	Aver 10.43	18,000 $10.43 - 10.48$ $10.46 - 10.47$	Aver 10:46	10-38 #10-39 10-36 = 10-37	Aver 10:36	10.32 a 10.34 10.32 10.33	Aver 10-33	July.	DAILY PL
956 000	162,300 10·49	10.56 2 10.65	Aver 10-61	Aver10'54 30,200 10'45#10'60 10'57 - 10'58	10.46 % 10.50 10.46 10.47	Aver 10-48	$27,200$ 10.49×10.55 10.51×10.52	Aver 10:51	23,100 10:39@10:44	Aver 10-41	10.38 ± 10.40 10.38 ± 10.39	Aver 10:39	August.	DAILY PRICES AND SALES
119 500	16,200 10.00	9.97 27.007		Aver10.02 4,300 9.96@10.05 10.04 10.05	86-6 - 96-6 9-99-2-10-00 9-96-7-10-00	Aver 10.00	3,900 10.01 #10.04 10.02 10.02	Aver 10.03	9.93 a 9.98	Aver 9.95	9.94 # 9.96 9.93 - 9.94	Aver . 9.95	September.	SALES OF
10000	9.77	9.75 a 9.84 9.75 — 9.76	Aver 9.79 Aver	Aver 9.79 4,300 9.75 æ 9.82 9.82 9.84	87.6 82.6 	Aver 9.77	1,300 - # 9.80 9.79 - 9.80	Aver 9:80	9.73 # 9.77	Aver 9.75	9.73 æ 9.74 9.72 9.73	Aver 9.74	October.	OF FUTURES
-	4,900 9.67	9.66- 9.67	1	Aver 9.79 Aver 9.71 Aver 4.300 2.300 9.75 9.82 9.69 9.72 9.70 9.70 9.82 9.84 9.79 9.73 9.73	9.66 9.67	Aver	9.69 @ 9.70	Aver 9.80 Aver 9.60 Aver	9.65 2	Aver		ha	November.	FOR EACH MON
-	1,800 9.69	9.68 @ 9.75 9.67 - 9.68	Aver	Aver 9.70 600 9.70 * 9.71	9.68	Aver	9::		9.64 a	Aver			December.	H MONTH.
	9.80	9.78 a 9.84 9.76 - 9.37	Aver 9.82	Aver . 9.81 1,200 9.78 @ 9.83	3.400 9.77@ 9.80 9.77 - 9.78	Aver 9.78	9.80 a 9.81 - a -	9.77 9.78	9.75@ 9.78	Aver 0.77	9.72		Januaru	
-	9.88	9.84 - 9.86	9.74 Aver 9.82 Aver 9.91 Aver	9-70 Aver	9.77~ 9.80 9.86~ 9.88 - % - 9.91~ 9.96	Aver 9.86	1,500 Aver Aver	9.85- 9.87	200 900 AVEL AVEL AVEL	16.6 -62.6 02.8 -10.0 0.10	9	Aver	February	
		9.92 - 9.94	Aver	Aver	9-94- 9-9	Aver	Aver	9-93 9-95	Aver	8.6 -68.6	e : :		Morah	

* Includes sales in September, 1888, for September, 165,300; September-Detober, for October, 394,100; September-November, for November, 585,500; September-December, 980,400; September-Jacuary, for January, 1,650,500; September-February, for February, 881,300; September-March, for March, 1,944,800.

Transferable Orders—Saturday, 10·15c.; Monday, 10·20c.; Tuesday, 10·30c.; Wednesday, 10·25c.; Thursday, 10·35c.; Friday, 10·35c.

The following exchanges have been made during the week:

The following exchanges have been made during the week:

12 pd. to exch. 600 Apr. for June.

29 pd. to exch. 200 Sept. for May.

106 pd. to exch. 100 Apr. for May.

11 pd. to exch. 100 Apr. for June.

18 pd. to exch. 600 May for June.

18 pd. to exch. 100 Apr. for May.

19 pd. to exch. 100 May for May.

12 pd. to exch. 100 May for May.

12 pd. to exch. 100 May for May.

12 pd. to exch. 1,200 June for Aug.

19 pd. to exch. 1,200 Apr. for July.

19 pd. to exch. 1,200 June for May.

25 pd. to exch. 100 July for Aug.

27 pd. to exch. 100 July for Aug.

27 pd. to exch. 100 Nov. for Mar.

THE VISIBLE SUPPLY OF COTTON to-night, as made up by cable and telegraph, is as follows. The Continental stocks, as well as those for Great Britain and the afloat are this week's returns, and consequently all the European figures are brought down to Thursday evening. But to make the totals the complete figures for to-night (Apr. 12), we add the item of exports from the United States, including in it the exports of Friday only.

1889. 1888. 1887. 1886.

C4.0-1-4 Y1	1889.	1888.	1887.	1886.
Stock at Liverpoolbales.	. 871,000	881,000	983,000	
Stock at London	. 13,000	23,000		
Total Great Britain stock	. 884,000	904,000	998,000	071.000
Stock at Hamburg	9 200			
Stock at Bremen	31 000			
Stock at Amsterdam	17,000			
Stock at Rotterdam	400			
Stock at Antwerp	12,000			
Stock at Havre	12,000			
Stock at Marseilles	133,000			
Stock at Barcelona	3,000			
Stock at Genoa.	70,000			76,000
Stock at Trieste				
Stock at Trieste	10,000	5,000	11,000	3,000
Total Continental stocks	288,600	332,300	396,300	320,800
Total European stocks	1,172,600	1,236,300	1,394,300	971,800
India cotton afoat for Europe.	276 000		290,000	
Amer. cott'n afloat for Europe.	275,000	237,000	300,000	
Egypt, Brazil, &c., aft for E'r'ne	21,000	46,000	34,000	
Stock in United States ports	489,334	610,903	476,009	
Stock in U. S. interior towns.	115,090	223,111		
United States exports to-day.	13,040	7,240	99,197	272,956
to day.	10,010	1,240	8,208	12,625
Total visible supply	2.362.064	2 565 554	0.001.714	0.505.051

,554 2,601,714 2,567,351 Of the above, the totals of American and other descriptions are as follows: American-

Liverpool stockbales Continental stocks American afloat for Europe United States stock. United States interior stocks. United States exports to-day.	$184,000 \\ 275,000 \\ 489,334 \\ 115,090$	214,000 $237,000$ $610,903$ $223,111$	293,000 300,000 476,009 99,197	$\begin{array}{c} 254,000 \\ 316,000 \\ 756,970 \\ 272,956 \end{array}$
Total American	1,767,464	1,951,254	1,986,414	2,080,551
Liverpool stock. London stock Continental stocks India afloat for Europe Egypt, Brazil, &c., afloat	13,000	23,000 118,300 205,000	15,000 103,300	21,000 66,800
Total East India, &c Total American	594,600 1,767,464		615,300 1,986,414	486,800 2,080,551
		STREET, SQUARE,	-	

The imports into Continental ports this week have been

54,000 bales. The above figures indicate a decrease in the cotton in sight to-night of 203,490 bales as compared with the same date of 1888, a decrease of 239,650 bales as compared with the corresponding date of 1887 and a decrease of 205,287 bales as compared with 1886.

At the Interior Towns the movement—that is the receipts for the week, and since Sept. 1, the shipments for the week, and the stocks to-night, and the same items for the corresponding period of 1887-88—is set out in detail in the following

Total, all	Total, new towns	Newberry, S. C. Raleigh, N. C. Petersburg, Va. Louisville, Ky.* Little Rock, Ark Brenham, Tex. Houston, Tex.	Total, old towns.	Augusta, Ga. Columbus, Ga. Macou, Ga. Macou, Ga. Macou, Ga. Moutgonery, Ala Selma, Ala Selma, Ala Selma, Hennis, Teom Nashville, Teom Dallas, Texas. Palestine, Texas. Palestine, Texas. Shreveport, La Vicksburg, Miss. Erfaula, Ala Geriffin, Ga. Allanta, Ga. Rome, Ga. Charlotte, N. C. St. Louis, Mo. Clucinnati, Ohio	TOWNS.	
21.762	4,274	428 137 395 304 168 2,842	17,488	159 159 159 159 159 159 159 158 168 168 168 168 168 168 168 168 168 16	This week.	W
21.762 3.352,724	809,429	15,427 29,599 18,045 16,669 73,025 27,202 634,462	2,543,295	181,435 52,451 98,451 98,824 70,769 80,615 83,961 98,676 98,769 921,086 72,087 72,087 72,087 72,087 74,659 942,951	Receipts. Since Sept.1,'88.	m in
41,200	6,295	379 186 344 1,462 405 3,519	34,905	1,561 638 443 327 11,892 1,749	Shipm'ts This week.	apr. 12,
128,779	13,689	888 967 1,153 3,687 1,534 5,460	115,090	6,756 1,368 1,468 1,225 1,225 1,225 1,386 3,567 2,765 2,765 2,765 1,083 1,083 1,083 1,083 8,402	Stock Apr. 12.	1889.
15,710	2,275	131 197 161 15 281 100 1,390	13.435	310 310 313 313 3138 3138 3138 3138 3138	This week.	
3.248.913	778,559	17,138 31,385 14,990 12,720 65,148 25,769 611,409	2,470,354	193,258 57,153 51,154 65,1154 799,567	Receipts. Since Sept. 1,'87	Movement to Apr. 13, 1888.
29.481	4,996	131 388 394 126 1,653 240 2,064	24,485	1.241 6.299 6.299 3100 3100 2.588 2.588 2.288 2.	Shipm'ts This week.	Apr. 13,
235.765	12,654	1,309 1,959 611 4,569 1,420 2,786	223,111	22,076 5,279 2,279 2,133 8,123 8,123 3,133 6,060 7,164 1,082 1,082 1,082 1,784 1,082 2,798 1,082 2,798 1,082 2,798 1,082 2,798	8 Stock	1888.

The above totals show that the old interior stocks have decreased during the week 17,417 bales, and are to-night 108,021 bales less than at the same period last year. The receipts at the same towns have been 4,053 bales more than the same week last year, and since Sept. 1 the receipts at all the towns are 103,811 bales more than for the same time in 1887–88.

QUOTATIONS FOR MIDDLING COTTON AT OTHER MARKETS In the table below we give the closing quotations of middling cotton at Southern and other principal cotton markets for each day of the past week:

Week ending	CLOS	ING QUOTA	ATIONS FOR	R MIDDLIN	G COTTON	on-
Apr. 12.	Satur.	Mon.	Tues.	Wednes.	Thurs.	Fri.
Galveston	1018	1018	1014	10516	1038	1012
New Orleans	1018	10 16	10516	104	10^{3} 8	10^{3} 8
Mobile	10	10	10	1018	1018	104
Savannah	91116	91116	91116	9~3	978	10 -
Charleston.	1018	1018	1014	1014	1014	1014
Wilmington.	978	978	10	10	10	1018
Norfolk	10118	10318	1014	1014	104	10516
Boston	1038 4 12	10387 12	1038 7 12	1012 # 58	1012 @ 58	10127 58
Baltimore	10 16	10516	1038	1038	1038	1012
Philadelphia	1038	10 16	10716	1012	1012	10:116
Augusta	1018	1018	10316	10316	10316	1014
Memphis	10116	1018	104	1014	1014	1038
St. Louis	10	10	1018	10 16	10316	1014
Cincinnati	10	10	1018	1018	1014	1038
Louisville	10	10	10	10	104	1012

RECEIPTS FROM THE PLANTATIONS.—The following table indi-RECEIPTS FROM THE PLANTATIONS.—The following table indicates the actual movement each week from the plantations. The figures do not include overland receipts nor Southern consumption; they are simply a statement of the weekly movement from the plantations of that part of the crop which finally reaches the market through the outports.

Week	Receipt	s at the	Ports.	St'k at	Interior	Towns	Rec'pts	ant'ns	
Ending-	18-7.	1888.	1869.	1887.	18 %.	18-9.	1887.	1888.	18-9.
Mar. 8	72,95	73,484	81.638	236,562	302,508	246,002	43,924	51,389	56,668
" 15	57.71	47,333	80 026	200,914	284,870	215,270	21,668	29,695	49,294
* 22	46.29	38,380	84,273	173.84	276,960	195,62-	19,230	30,470	64,631
" 29	31.115	33 396	51.57%	143,16-	162 7.7	175,633	3,437	19,173	31,578
Apr. 5	29 305	29.5ts	46.500	132,220	249,53	148 217	18,360	26,3 11	19,084
" 12	21,627	27,504	40,407	119,046	2 15,765	128,779	8,438	14,733	20,969

The above statement shows: 1.—That the total receipts from

The above statement shows: 1.—That the total receipts from the plantations since September 1, 1888, are 5,427,148 bales; in 1887–88 were 5,374,039 bales; in 1886–87 were 5,162,804 bales.

2.—That, although the receipts at the outports the past week were 40,407 bales, the actual movement from plantations was only 20,969 bales, the balance being taken from the stocks at the interior towns. Last year the receipts from the plantations for the same week were 14,733 bales and for 1887 they were 8,453 bales.

AMOUNT OF COTTON IN SIGHT APR. 12.—In the table below we give the receipts from plantations in another form, and add to them the net overland movement to Apr. 1, and also the takings by Southern spinners to the same date, so as to give substantially the amount of cotton now in sight.

	1888-89.	1887-88.	1886-87.	1885-86.
Receipts at the ports to Apr. 12 Interior stocks on Apr. 12 in		5,162,104	5,091,818	4,954,929
excess of September 1	113,404	211,935	70,986	279,960
Tot. receipts from plantat'ns Net overland to Apr. 1 Southern consumpt'n to Apr. 1	5,427,148 843,550 376,000	855,124	720,395	682,645
Total in sight Apr. 12	6,646,698	6,578,163	6,186,199	6,170,534
Northern spinners' takings to Apr. 12		1.527.069	1.427.108	1.515.367

It will be seen by the above that the increase in amount in sight to-night, as compared with last year, is 68,535 bales, the increase as compared with 1886-7 is 460,499 bales, and the increase over 1885-6 is 496,164 bales.

Weather Reports by Telegraph.—Our telegraphic advices from the South continue of a very favorable tenor. Planting is making good progress and in some localities cotton is coming up. At a few points rain would be beneficial.

Galveston, Texas.—The weather has been dry all the week. The thermometer has averaged 69, the highest being 74 and the lowest 64.

Palestine, Texas.—There has been one splendid shower during the week, the rainfall reaching seventy hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 69, ranging from 60 to

San Antonio, Texas.-It has rained lightly on two days of the week, the rainfall reaching six hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has ranged from 49 to 82, averaging 66.

New Orleans, Louisiana.-There has been no rain all the week. Average thermometer 67.

Shreveport, Louisiana.-We have had no rain all the week. The thermometer has averaged 67, the highest being 83 and the lowest 53.

Columbus, Mississippi.-It has rained on one day of the week, the rainfall reaching ninety-four hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 58, ranging from 35 to

Leland, Mississippi.—There has been no rain all the week. The thermometer has ranged from 42 to 82, averaging 63.4. Greenville, Mississippi.—Rain has fallen to the extent of one hundredth of an inch during the week. Average thermometer 65.5, highest 79 and lowest 48.

Meridian, Mississippi.—The weather has been warm and dry all the week and rain is needed.

Clarksdale, Mississippi.—The weather has been favorable for planting operations. The week's precipitation has been sevén hundredths of an inch.

Ciarkstate, Aussissippi.—The week's precipitation has been seven hundredths of an inch.

Vicksburg, Mississippi.—There has been no rain all the week. The thermometer has averaged 70, ranging from 47 to

Little Rock, Arkansas.-Rain has fallen on two days of the past week, but the weather is now clear and pleasant. The rainfall reached sixty hundredths of an inch. Cotton planting began this week in a small way. The thermometer has ranged

began this week in a small way. The thermometer has ranged from 46 to 79, averaging 60.

Helena, Arkansas.—We have had one light shower, and the balance of the week has been warm and favorable for farmers, though rather dry. The rainfall reached two hundredths of an inch. Average thermometer 63, highest 80 and lowest 43.

Memphis, Tennessee.—We have had clear and dry weather all the week, but rain is falling now. Farm work has made good progress and planting has begun in some sections. The thermometer has averaged 61, the highest being 81 and the lowest 41.

Nashville, Tennessee. - It has rained on one day of the week,

Austriue, Tennessee.—It has rained on one day of the week, the rainfall reaching four hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 56, ranging from 31 to 85.

Mobile, Alabama.—Rain would be beneficial. Planting is approaching completion and in some sections cotton is up. Prospects are excellent. The thermometer has ranged from

44 to 79, averaging 62.

Montgomery, Alabama.—There has been no rain all the week.
Plowing is progressing finely and the outlook at present is excellent. Average thermometer 62, highest 87, lowest 41.

excellent. Average thermometer 62, highest 87, lowest 41. Selma, Alabama.—There has been no rain all the week. Crops in prairies are about all planted; in other sections seeding is not quite through, but is progressing rapidly. We are needing rain to bring the plants up, but altogether prospects are very satisfactory. Cloudy to-day and indications are that we will have rain soon. The thermometer has averaged 63, the highest being 78 and the lowest 45.

Auburn, Alabama.—The absence of moisture is somewhat unfavorable to farming interests, as the soil is very dry. The thermometer has averaged 61.5, ranging from 38 to 81.

Madison, Florida.—The weather has been fair and very dry all the week. The thermometer has ranged from 40 to 82.

The thermometer has ranged from 40 to 82, all the week.

averaging 64. Columbus,

Averaging 64.

Columbus, Georgia.—No rain all the week. Average thermometer 67, highest 78, lowest 50.

Savannah, Georgia.—The weather has been pleasant all the week. The thermometer has averaged 58, the highest being 84 and the lowest 42. 84 and the lowest 42.

Augusta, Georgia.—The weather has been clear and pleasant all the week. Preparations for planting are nearing completion. Light frost on Monday morning but no damage done. Very little cotton has been put in as yet, but corn is doing well. The thermometer has averaged 60, ranging from 37 to

Charleston, South Carolina.-We have had no rain all the week. The thermometer has averaged 60, the highest being 78 and the lowest 42.

78 and the lowest 42.

Stateburg, South Carolina.—Cotton planting is progressing well. No rain has fallen during the week. The thermometer has averaged 57, ranging from 39 to 77.5.

Wilson, North Carolina.—We have had rain and snow on one day of the week. Average thermometer 56, highest 84,

The following statement we have also received by telegraph. showing the height of the rivers at the points named at 3 o'clock Apr. 11, 1889, and Apr. 12, 1888.

	Apr.	11, '89.	Apr. 1	2, '88.
	Fret.	Inch.	Feet.	Inch.
New Orleans Above low-water mark.	10	9	13	5
MemphisAbove low-water mark.	16	2	35	2
Nashville Above low-water mark.	8	1	26	8
Shreveport Above low-water mark.		9	21	5
Vicksburg Above low-water mark.	28	3	40	6

India Cotton Movement from all Ports.—The receipts and shipments of cotton at Bombay have been as follows for the week and year, bringing the figures down to Apr. 11.

BOMBAY RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS FOR FOUR YEARS.

	Shipments this week.				en's since	Receipts.		
Year	Great Frit'n.	Conti-	Total.	Great B. itain	Conti- nent.	Total.	This eek.	Since Jan 1.
				206,000				1,007,000
1887	13,000	34,000	47,000	107,000 $121,000$ $136,000$	341,000	$410,000 \\ 462,000 \\ 447,000$	79,000	728,000 $770,000$ $691,000$

According to the foregoing, Bombay appears to show a decrease compared with last year in the week's receipts of 1,000 bales, and an increase in shipments of 23,000 bales, and the shipments since Jan. 1 show an increase of 304,000 bales. The movement at Calcutta, Madras, and other India ports for the last reported week and since the 1st of January, for two years, has been as follows. "Other ports" cover Ceylon, Tuticarin Kurraches and Cocanada. corin, Kurrachee and Coconada.

	Shipme	uls for th	e week.	Shipmen	ts since Jan	uary 1.
	Great Britain.	Conti- nent.	Tota'.	Great Britain.	Continent.	Total.
Calcutta -						
1889		2,000	2,000	24,000	38,000	62,000
1888		6,000	6,000	21,000	56,000	77,000
Madras-		-,	-,	,		,
1889				5,000	2,000	7,000
1888				7,000	2,000	9,000
All others-				.,		-,
1889		2,000	2,000	23,000	14,000	37,000
1888		1,000	1,000	15,000	13,000	28,000
Total all -						
1889		4,000	4,000	52,000	54,000	106,000
1888		7,000	7,000	43,000	71,000	114,000

EXPORTS	TO	EUROPE	FROM	ALL	INDIA.

Shipments	18	89.	18	888.	1887.		
to all Europe from—	This week.	Since Jan. 1.	This week.	Since Jan. 1.	This week.	Since Jan. 1.	
Bombay All other ports.	68,000 4,000	714,000 106,000	45,000 7,000	410,000 114,000	47,000 16,000	462,000 135,000	
Total	72,000	820,000	52,000	524,000	63,000	597,000	

ALEXANDRIA RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS.—Through arrangements we have made with Messrs. Davies, Benachi & Co., of Liverpool and Alexandria, we now receive a weekly cable of the movements of cotton at Alexandria, Egypt. The following are the receipts and shipments for the past week and for the corresponding week of the previous two years.

18	88-89.	188	87-88.	188	86-87.
2,7	5,000		10,000 43,000	2,8	3,000 47,000
This week.	Since Sept. 1.	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	This wek.	Since Sept. 1.
					244,000 137,000
	345,000	7,000	366,000	7,000	381,000
	2,7 This week. 3,000 4,000	2,702,000 This Since week. Sept. 1. 3,000 213,000 4,000 132,000 7,000 345,000	2,702,000 2,8 This Since week. Sept. 1. week. 3,000 213,000 4,000 4,000 7,000 345,000 7,000	7,000 213,000 2,843,000 2,843,000 2,843,000 2,843,000 2,843,000 2,843,000 2,843,000 2,800 2,800 2,800 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 3,000 2,000 2,000 3,000 2,000 2,000 3,000 2,000 3,000 2,000 3,000 2,000 3,000 2,000 3,000 2,000 3,000 2,000 3,000 2,000 3,000 2,000 3,000 2,000 3,000 3,000 2,000 3,000 3,000 2,000 3,000	2,702,000 2,843,000 2,8 This Since This Since Week. Sept. 1. Week. Sept. 1. Week. Sept. 1. 3,000 226,000 4,000 132,000 4,000 140,000 3,000 7,000 345,000 7,000 366,000 7,000

MANCHESTER MARKET.—Our report received by cable to-night from Manchester states that the market is firm for both yarns and sheetings, and that the demand in each case continues poor. We give the prices for to-day below, and leave those for previous weeks of this and last year for comparison:

	1	_ 1	188	9.			1888.						
	32s Cop. Twist.	1	81, Sai	lbs rting		Mid. Uplds	329	Cop.		Shi	4 lb	e. 18.	Cott'n Mid. Uplds
Mar. 8	d. d. 715 ₁₆ @87 ₁₆ 715 ₁₆ @87 ₁₆	8.	d. 1	8. 27 27	d. 1½ 1½	d. 558	d. 71116	d. @85 ₁₆	5.5	d. 712		d. 012 019	
" 22 " 29	71518 @ 871 71518 @ 871	6 6	1	a7 a7	1^{1_2} 1^{1_2} 1^{1_2} 1^{1_2}	51116	79_{16}	78 ⁵ 16 78 ⁵ 16 78 ⁵ 16	555	7 ¹ 2	a7 a7 a7	0 0	5316 538
12	715 ₁₆ 287 ₁ 81 ₁₆ 289 ₁₈	6	3	7	312	513 A	79167	8316	5	7	a7	ő	55 ₁₆

EAST INDIA CROP.-From Messrs. Gaddum, Bythell & Co.'s report, dated Bombay, March 8, we have the following:

Receipts into Bombay, though rather below those of last week, are still large. Bengals have been in good inquiry, and prices have advanced two rupees per candy, and we close firm. Western crop is now pretty well assured, and is reported to be of satisfactory quality; arrivals into the western up-country markets are still very small.

JUTE BUTTS, BAGGING, &C.—There has been a fair demand for bagging during the week, and orders for small lots are coming in more freely. Prices are steady, and sellers are quoting 8c.@10c. as to quality. Not much activity is reported in jute butts, only a few buyers being in market for small parcels. For paper grades sellers ask 2½c., while bagging qualities are held at 2¼@2½c.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.—Cable advices to the Associated Press from Caire, of date April 11, state that "owing to the scarcity of water, the area of cotton culture this season is much restricted."

SHIPPING NEWS.—The exports of cotton from the United States the past week, as per *latest mail* returns, have reached

91,831 bales.	
Total	baler.
NEW YORK-To Liverpool, per steamers Alaska, 2,598Adri-	
a'ie, 1,872 Aurania, 2,273 Circ 4881n, 535 C ty of	
Berlin, 3,060 Crown of Arragon, 696 Cufic, 7,059	
Gallia, 2,723 Lake Huron, 814 Plato, 1,382	
	4,317
To Hul', per steamer Apollo, 1,434	
To Havre, per steamer La Bourgogne, 1,139	1,434
To Bayre, per steamer La Bourgogne, 1,139	1,139
To Bremen, per steamers Fulda, 638Lahn, 706	1,344
To Hamburg, per steamers Gellert, 263 Moravia (addi-	
tional), 400	€63
To Amsterdam, per steamer Leerdam, 700.	700
To Antwerp, per steamers De Ruyter, 276 Rhynland,	
1,080Westernland, 2,187	3,543
NEW ORLEANS-To Liverpool, per steamers Explorer, 3,197	
Francisca, 6,600 Jamsican, 2,101 West Indian, 2,419. 1	4,317
To Bremen, per steamer Eduardo, 3,787	3,787
To St. Petersburg, per bark Susanna, 1,236	1,236
BAVANNAH-To Amsterdam, per bark Carlo, 2,450	2,450
To Reval, per bark Ilos. 2,500	2,500
To Barcelova, per bark Mario, 1,400	1,400
CHARLESTON-To Barcelona, per bark Vittoria, 1,275	1,275
To Genoa, per bark Concezione, 1,175	1,175
GALVESTON-To Vera Cruz, per steamer Whitney, 1,206	1,206
NORFOLK-To Liverpool, per steamer Gleniffer. 3,814.	3.814
WEST POINT—To Liverpool, per steamer Energia, 9,021.	
NEWIOLT NEWS-To Liverpool, per steamer Norfolk, 2,814	9,021
MENTORI MENS-10 Inverpoor, per steamer Moriora, 2,514	2,814

Tot	al bales.
Boston-To Liverpool, per steamers Bulgarian, 734 Istrian,	
1,165 Palestine, 2,509 Roman, 2,305 Samaria, 1,084	7,797
To Yarmouth, per steamer Yarmouth, 88	88
BALTIMORE-To London, per steamer Minnesota, 1,200	1,200
To Bremen, per steamer Hermann, 2,065	
To Rotterdam, per steamer Lero, 895	895
PHILADELPHIA-To Liverpool, per st'r British Princess, 1,083	1,083 568
To Antwerp, per steamer Illinois, 568	
Total	91,831

The particulars of these shipments, arranged in our usual form, are as follows:

			B	e'gium,			
				Hol-	•	Vera	
	Hull			land		Cruz	
	and		Brem.&	and	B'lona.	ana	
Liv	er- Lon-		Ham-	Rus-	and	Yar-	
pe	onl. don.	Havre.	burg.	sia.	Genoa.	m'th.	Total.
New York., 24,3	317 1,434	1,139	2,007	4,243			33,140
N. Orleans . 14.	317		3,787	1,236			19,340
Savannah				4,930	1,400		6,350
Charleston					2,450		2,450
Galveston						1,206	1,206
Norfolk 3,8	814						3,814
West Point. 9.0	0 1						9,021
	81 4					*****	2,814
	797					83	7,885
Baltimore	1,200		2,065	8:5			4,160
Phil'delph'a 1,	083			568			1,651

Total..... 63,163 2,634 1,139 7,859 11,892 3,850 1,294 91,831 Below we add the clearances this week of vessels carrying cotton from United States ports, bringing our data down to the latest dates:

the latest da'es:

New ORLEANS—To Liverpool—Apr. 5—per steamer Editor, 2,275.

To North Shields—Apr. 8—per steamer Straits of Gibraltar, 5,392.

To Havre—Apr. 6—per steamer Marseille, 6,584.

To Bremen—Apr. 6—per steamer Meferation, 5,925.

To Antwerp—Apr. 6—per steamer Marseille, 500.

SAVANNAH—To Barcelona—Apr. 6—per steamer Kingdom, 4,075.

BOSTON—To Liverpool—Apr. 2—per steamer Bavarian, 1,454....Apr. 5—per steamer Catalonia, 2,571... Apr. 8—per steamer Norseman, 2,747.

To Yarmouth—Apr. 5—per steamer Yarmouth, 54.

ALTIMORE—To Liverpool—Apr. 5—per steamer Barrowmore, ——.

To Havre—Apr. 6—per steamer Fort Williams, 500.

To Rotterdam—Apr. 4—per steamer Handel, 397.

To Antwerp—Apr. 5—per steamer Mareca, 842.

PHILADELPHIA—To Liverpool—Apr. 9—per steamer Ohio, ——.

Balow was give all paws received to date of dissectors to year.

Below we give all news received to date of disasters to vessels carrying cotton from United States ports, &c.

BENBRACK, steamer.—Advices dated Mar. 23 state that 105 bales cotton were salved on the 22d from steamer Benbrack, ashore at Texel. Cargo all out; salvers working energetically and seriously to float vessel; Lahneck sailed for Bremen with 1,571 bales.

Cotton freights the past week have been as follows:

	Satur.	Mon.	Tues.	Wednes.	Thurs.	Pri.
Liverpool, steam d.	316	316	316	316	316	1164
Do via Gl'sg'w.d.			****			****
Havre, steam c.	1532	1532	1532	716	716	718
Do sailc.						
Bremen, steam c	12	19	19	12	19	716
Do via Leithd.						
Hamburg, steam.c.	716	716	716	1332	1332	38
Do via London.d.						
Amst'd'm, steam.c.	5212*	5219*	5219*	5219*	5212*	5249*
Do via London.d.						
Reval, steamd.	14@1764	14@1764	14@1764	14@17(4	1421764	14'01764
Do saild.						••••
Barcelona, steam d.	516	516	5 ₁₆	516	518	516
Genoa, steamd.	14	14	14	14	14	14
Trieste, steam d.	516	518	B ₁₆	5 ₁₆	516	616
Antwerp, steam d.	1164	1164	1164	1164	1164	1164

LAVERPOOL .--By cable from Liverpool we have the following statement of the week's sales, stocks, &c. at that port.

	Mar. 22.	Mar. 29.	Apr. 5.	Apr. 12.
Sales of the weekbales	51,000	49,000	58,000	85,000
Of which exporters took	2,000	2,000	3,000	4,000
Of which speculators took	2,000	3,000	2,000	6,000
Sales American	43,000	38,000	48,000	65,000
Actual export	5,000	7,000	7,000	11,000
Forwarded	69,000	61,000	74,000	81,000
Total stock-Estimated	793,000	846,000	860,000	871,000
Of which American-Estim'd	613,000	652,000	665,000	691,000
Total import of the week	109,000	121,000	103,000	102,000
Of which American	89,000	93,000	74,000	97,000
mount adoat	252,000	258,000	223,000	175,000
Of which American	149,000	136,000	120,000	59,000

The tone of the Liverpool market for spots and futures each day of the week ending Apr. 12, and the daily closing prices of spot cotton, have been as follows:

Spot.	Saturday	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednes.	Thursd'y.	Friday.
Market, (Fully maint'ned	Harden'g.	Good demand.	Harden'g.	Steady.	Active.
Mid.Upl'ds.	534	534	51316	51316	51316	513 ₁₆ .
Sales Spec. & exp.	10,000 1,000	12,000 1,000	12,000 1,500	15,000 2,000	12,000 1,000	18,000 4,000
Futures. Market, 2:30 P.M.	Steady at 1-64 adv.	Steady at partially 1-64 adv.	Firm at 1-64@2-64 advance.	Firm at 1-64 ad- vance.	Steady at 1-64 de- cline.	Firm at 1-84@3-84 advance.
Market,	Firm.	Firm.	Firm.	Steady:	Strong.	Steady.

The opening, highest, lowest and closing prices of futures at Liverpool for each day are given below. Prices are on the basis of Uplands, Low Middling clause, unless otherwise stated,

nce and 64ths thus: he prices are given in poly, and 6 01 means 6 1-64d.

	Sat., Apr. 6.				Mon., Apr. S.				Tues., Apr. 9.			
	Open	High	Low.	Clos.	Open	High	Low.	Clos.	Open	High	Low.	Oles
	d.	d.	4.	4.	d.	a.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.
April	5 48	5 48	5 48	5 48	5 50	5 51	5 50	5 51	5 53	5 54	5 53	5 54
April-May		5 48	5 48	5 48	5 50	5 51	5 50	5 51	5 53	5 54	5 53	5 54
May-June	5 49	5 49	5 49	5 49	5 50	5 51	5 50	5 51	5 54	5 55	5 54	5 55
June-July	5 49	5 50	5 49	5 50	5 51	5 52	551	5 52	5 55	5 55	5 55	5 55
July-Aug	5 49	5 50	5 49	5 50	5 51	5 52	551	5 52	5 35	5 55	5 55	5 55
AugSept	5 47	5 47	5 47	5 47	5 48	5 49	5 48	5 49	5 52	5 53	5 52	5 59
September .	5 47	5 47	5 47	5 47	5 48	5 49	5 48	5 49	5 52	5 53	5 52	5 53
	5 93	5 34	5 33	5 84	5 83	5 38	5 35	5 36	5 39	5 39	5 39	5 39
OctNov	5 25	5 25	5 25	5 25	5 26	5 27	5 26	5 27	5 29	5 80	5 29	5 30

	Wednes., Apr. 10.				Thurs., Apr. 11.				Fri., Apr. 12.				
	Open	Open	High	Low.	Clos.	Open	High	Low.	Clos.	Open High		Low.	Clos.
	d.	a.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	a.	d.	
April	5 52	5 53	5 52	5 53	5 53	5 55	5 53	5 55	5 59	5 60	5 53	5 58	
April-May	5 52	5 58	5 52	5 58	5 53	5 55	5 53	5 55	5 59	5 60	5 58	5 58	
May-June	5 53	5 54	5 53	5 54	5 53	5 58	5 53	5 56	5 60	5 60	5 59	5 59	
June-July	5 53	551	5 53	5 54	5 54	5 55	5 54	5 55	5 59	5 60	5 58	5 59	
July-Aug	5 53	5 54	5 53	5 54	5 54	5 55	5 54	5 55	5 59	5 59	5 58	5 58	
AugSept		5 52	5 51	5 52	5 51	5 52	5 51	553	5 55	5 5 3	5 54	554	
September.	5 51	5 52	5 51	5 52	551	5 52	5 51	5 53	5 55	5 56	5 54	554	
SeptOct	5 37	5 38	5 37	5 38	5 37	5 39	5 37	5 39	5 41	5 41	5 39	5 40	
OctNov	5 28	5 28	5 28	5 28	5 27	5 29	5 27	5 29	5 31	531	5 30	5 30	

BREADSTUFFS.

FRIDAY, P. M., April 12, 1889.

The flour market has been at times rather more active, but the increased volume of bus ness has been almost uniformly at some decline in values. The revision of quotations is mainly the reduction of outside figures, but the business done was mostly in the grades to which these figures app y-the lower grade having remained dull-not, however, without rather more ir quiry for export, especially for the product of spring wheat in sacks. To-day the market was very dull and

The wheat market has been affected by conflicting influ-The wheat market has been affected by conflicting influences, which have kept prices somewhat unsettled—fluctuating frequently, yet not widely—but in the aggregate making some further decline. For example, at yesterday's market (which was a fair specimen of the whole week) the favorable Bureau report caused a weak opening; dull cable advices and needed rains at the West added to the depression; but the appearance of some export demand caused buying from the "shorts," on which prices advanced, to again fall off in the later dealings. The export demand has been mainly from Great B itain, and embraced yesterday No. 2 red winter at about 86% (26%) c. delivered. To-day there was some further decline, under improved weather in the Northwest, and the export business was mainly on consignment.

DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF NO. 2 RED WINTER WHEAT.

	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.
April deliveryc.	8614	854	8558	8519	85 4	8458
May delivery	8712	8638	8634	8658	8578	8518
June delivery	8358	8712	8778	8778	87	864
July delivery	89	8778	8818	8834	8712	87
August delivery	873	87'8	8714	8712	8634	864
September delivery c.	8183	871_{2}	8758	873	87	8658
December deliveryc.	90 2	90	9014	9019	8958	8914

Indian corn steadily declined down to the close of yester-day's business. The story is a simple one. It is "too much corn." At the concession in spot corn there was, on Wednesday, a large business done, for export mainly, in No. 2 mixed, at 43% @44c. delivered, but at even a further decline yesterday's market was less active. White corn continued in limited supply and brought pretty full prices. To-day the market was steadier, but only moderately active, neither side to the speculation being inclined to operate freely.

DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF NO. 2 MIXED CORN.

	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.
April delivery	4358	434	43	4259	424	4214
May dellvery	434	43	4258	4238	4218	4218
June delivery	434	4278	4212	424	4218	4018
July delivery	$43^{7}8$	4312	434	43	4278	4231
August delivery	433	444	44	4331	4319	4334

Oats have been without feature and very inactive at drooping prices. To-day the market was dull, and the later options

DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF NO. 2 MIXED OATS

April deliveryc. May deliverye.	Sat. 31 3034	Mon. 31 3019	Tues. 31 3038	Wed. 3118 3014	Thurs. 31 3014	Fri. 3078
June delivery	3012	3018	3018	3078	30	2934
July deliveryc.				304	3010	297

Rye and barley are nearly nominal, but well held. The following are the closing quotations:

		FLO	OUR.		
Fine	\$2 20 08	3 10	Southern com. extras.	\$3 25 æ	3 75
Spring wheat extras.	2850	3 40	family brands	4 000	4 75
Minn. clear and stra't. Wintershipp'g extras.	3 75 70	5 00 3 65	Rye flour, superfine	2850	3 00
Winter XX and XXX.	3 750	5 00	Corn meal-		
Patents	5 00 a 2 75 a			2 700	2 85
				2 00 4	

			GR	AIN.			
Wheat-	c.		c.	Rye-	C.		C.
Spring, per bush	80	01	05	Western 9 bu.	53	1	55
Spring No. 2	90	0	95	State and Jersey	58	0	60
Red winter No. 2	85	2	87	Oata-Mixed	30	0	33
Red winter	80	0	93	White	32	0	39
White	82	0	92	No. 2 mixed	313		33
Corn - West'n mixed.	42	0	45	No. 2 white		20	344
West'n mixed No.2.	421	20	4334		72	0	75
Steamer No. 2	421	40	434		65	0	70
Western yellow	43	0	45	Two-rowed State	65	0	68
Western white	43	0	46	Six-rowed State	68	0	70
Southern white	46	0	60	1			

The movement of breadstuffs to market is indicated in the statement below, prepared by us from the figures of the New York Produce Exchange. We first give the receipts at West-ern lake and river ports, arranged so as to present the com-parative movement for the week ending April 6, 1889.

Receipts at-	Flour.	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Barley.	Rye
	Bbls.198lbs	Bush.60 lbs	Bush.56 lbs	Bush.32 lbs	Bush.48 lbs	Bu. 58 lbs
Chicago	54,989	117,763	583,552	470,143	183,145	7,688
Milwaukee	52,092	103,575	5,010	33,000	77,100	2,800
Duluth	9,351	85,444	6,448	7,941	******	*****
Minneapolis.		549,750		*****		
Toledo	2,385	20,127	54,825	1,080		
Detroit	3,244	21,374	20,335	33,063	22,363	
Cleveland	5,085	116,704	8,550	31,982	18,543	1,406
St. Louis	20,155	85,837	291,930	139,935	18,900	1,040
Peoria	1,150	14,724	100,200	135,000	10,200	5,500
Tot.wk, '89,	148,431	1,109,305	1,070.850	852,146	327,350	18,432
Same wk.'88.	216,485	1,634,037	907,571	837,607	253,289	17,234
Same wk.'87.	242,912	1,289,153	2,430,957	761,035	832,857	24,088
Since Aug. 1.						
1888-9	6,857,369	78,498.587	88,023,779	59,083,503	23,125,394	4,208,388
1887-8	8,529,896	87,389,277	62,790,401	52,585,741	20,971,982	1,627,507
1886-7	7,789,794	70,191,504	66,973,994	49,022,781	19,854,504	1,688,985

The exports from the several seaboard ports for the week ending April 6, 1889, are shown in the annexed statement.

from-	Wheat.	Corn.	Flour.	Oats.	Rye.	Peas.
	Bush.	Bush.	Bbls.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.
Vew York	215,821	628,715	46,991	5,737	17,562	5,258
Boston Portland.		184,793 41,362	16,236			25,575
Montreal.						
Philadel.		207,010	2,779			*****
Baltim're	12,000		24.261			*****
N. Orl'ns .		463,621	415			
N. News.		107,000	3,603			
Richm'd .	*****					*****
Fot. w'k.	257,821	1,985,287	94,288	5,737	17,562	30,836
1888	781,520	315,113	208,510	3,187		2,599

The visible supply of grain, comprising the stocks in granary at the principal points of accumulation at lake and seaboard ports, and in transit by water, April 6, 1889:

ports, and in the	Wheat,	Corn.	Oats.	Rye,	Barley.
In store at-	bush.	bush.	bush.	bush.	bush.
New York	6,542,486	1,481,521	679,274	96,306	59,981
Do afloat	64,000	8,000	13,000	8,000	45,000
Albany	600	55,000	77,500	36,500	33,425
Buffalo	2,205,357	97.937	35,584	60,249	198,071
Chicago	4,459,967	4,240,534		875,583	119,654
Do afloat	148,500	1.841,569	26,2 28		
Milwaukie	629,053	12,412	17,995	185,325	109,710
Do afloat	50,000		********		
Duluth	2.039.531	1.067,238	42,326		
Toledo	1,392,533	807,718	56,685	36,003	
Do afloat		105,386			
Detroit	588,152	742,216	48,411	4,775	22,750
Oswego		10,000	10,111	4,,,,	85,000
St. Louis	1,760,014	3,566,*40	362,487	33,692	97,533
Do afloat		201,277		00,002	
Cincinnati	85,000	40,000	19.00	82,000	52,000
Boston	11.897	353,921	313,977	1,573	44,415
	115,224		3,994	1,073	181,780
Toronto	436,554	33,864			51,979
Montreal				• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Philadelphia	249,050	287,152	87,245	04. 770	FO 0:0
Peoria	131,828	31,493	401,127	93,533	72,659
Indianapolis	164,129	7,522		6,833	
Kansas City	138,147	234,870		9,656	
Baltimore	842,902	317,701	72,673	15,946	*******
Minneapolis	6,189,528	2,500	153,178	*******	7,390
St. Paul	290,000		*******		
On Mississippi	70,000	414,152	54,070	*******	
On lakes	124,900	540,920			

Tot. Apr. 6, '89. 22.779.354 16.501.763 7.008.644 1,545.994 1,181.377 Tot. Mar. 30, '89. 29.439.231 16.831.835 7,187.768 1,547.889 1,348,144 Tot. Apr. 7, '88. 33.583.420 8,803.951 3,777.491 327.286 1,556,142 Tot. Apr. 9, '87. 21.914.116 29.130.673 4.233.791 390.229 965.763 Tot. Apr. 10, '86. 47,682,492 16,487.865 2,236,693 496,398 832.902

THE DRY GOODS TRADE.

NEW YORK, Friday P. M., April 12, 1889.

The market for dry goods has shown very little animation during the week under review, and the volume of business transacted by commission houses and jobbers was light and disappointing. There was a moderate representation of outof-town package buyers in the market, but their selections were individually light and collectively moderate. The continued activity of the distributing trade in some sections of the West was reflected in a fair re-order demand from Western jobbers, but orders from other parts of the country were neither numerous or important in the aggregate amount. The jobbing trade was more or less quiet, buyers on the spot

having taken hold sparingly, while the order demand was strictly moderate. The event of the week was a peremptory trade sale of 10,400 rolls carpets, the manufacture of Messrs. Stephen Sanford & Sons, Amsterdam, N. Y. The sale attracted a large company of representative buyers and all the sample lots and duplicates were disposed of and well distributed at low average prices.

DOMESTIC COTTON GOODS.—The exports of cotton goods from this port for the week ending April 9 were 2,418 packages, valued at \$171,642, their destination being to the points specified in the table below.

		1889.	1888.		
NEW YORK TO APRIL 9.	Week.	Since Jan. 1	Week.	Since Jan. 1.	
Great Britain	72	2,710	81	663	
Other European	88 450	560 14,384	2,053	1,223 19,355	
India	55	2,175 1,254	600	2,359 3,260	
ArabiaAfrica	39	1,414		1,235	
West Indies Mexico	351 127	4,637 1,129	172 26	4,498 1,320	
Central America South America	195 716	1,567 10,642	170 799	1,221 7,940	
Other countries	325	1,099	92	732	
Total	2,418	41,601	4,0:0	43,806	
* China, via Vancouver		20,110		10,200	
Total	2,418	61,711	4,070	54,006	

^{*} From New England mill points direct.

The values of the N. Y. exports since January 1 have been

\$2,437,705 in 189, against \$2,604,63 in 1898.

The demand for plain and colored cotions at first hands was almost wholly of a hand to mouth character and light in the amost whomy or a hand to mouth character and light in the aggregate, while the jobbing trade was restricted in volume. Agents' prices are without quotable change, but it is a buyers' market for print cloths and for Southern three-yard sheetings. Print cloths are quiet in demand and prices for 64x64s

have receded to 334c., while 56x60s are in a measure nominal at 314c. Stocks last Saturday and for the three previous years were as follows:

	1889.	1888.	1887.	1886.
Stock of Print Cloths-	April 6.	April 7.	April 9.	April 10.
Held by Providence manuf'rers.	22,600	20,000	67,000	79,000
Fall River manufacturers	5,000	10,000	91,000	43,000
Providence speculators	None.	None.	47,000	255,000
Outside speculators (est)	None.	5,000	40,000	15,000
-				
Total stock (pieces)	27,000	35,000	245,000	392,000

Prints ruled quiet and steady, and there was a moderate business in printed sateens, challies, fine ginghams, seersuckers, &c., and white goods and quilts continued in good

ers, &c., and white goods and quilts continued in good request.

Domestic Woolen Goods.—The woolen goods market was characterized by the same general features reported of late. Heavy woolens for men's wear continued in light and irregular demand, but a very fair business was done in a few specialties in worsted suitings and trouserings, heavy cassimeres, &c. For light-weight worsteds and cassimeres there was a steady call at first hands, resulting in a fair aggregate business, and there was a fair movement in spring overcoatings and indigo blue flannel suitings on account of back orders. Agents continued to make steady shipments of heavy overcoatings, worsteds, cassimeres, satinets, &c., on account of former transactions, and desirable makes are well sold up and firm in prices. Low grade fall cloakings have met with considerable attention from the manufacturing trade, and there was a light movement in Jersey cloths, stockinets, flannels and blankets. Soft wool dress fabrics, as plain and mixed tricots, plaids, side band effects, &c., also Henriettas, cashmeres, mohairs, fancy worsteds and other dress fabrics were in moderate request and steady in price.

Foreign Dry Goods.—The demand for imported goods at first hands was chiefly of a hand to mouth character, and the jobbing trade, though by no means active, was of fair proportions for the time of year. Prices are practically unchanged, and the most staple goods are steadily held as a rule.

Financial.

E. W. Clark & Co.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,
No. 139 South Fourth St., Philadelphia,
Railroad, Municipal and other desirable investment Securities for sale.
Transact a general banking business. Allow
interest on deposits.
Members of the Philadelphia and New York
Stock Exchanges, and connected by private wire
with New York

Wm. G. Hopper & Co.,

28 South Third Street. Philadelphia. Stocks and Bonds bought and sold on commission, Daily market letter mailed upon application. Frivate Wire and Long Distance Telephone to New York.

Robert Garrett & Sons, BANKERS,

No. 11 SOUTH STREET, BALTIMORE,

TRANSACT A GENERAL DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN BANKING BUSINESS.

RICHARD D. FISHER. WM. CHECKLEY SHAW

Fisher & Shaw,

INVESTMENT BANKERS. Members Baltimore Stock Exchange.

BALTIMORE, MD.

PITTSBURG, PA. ESTABLISHED 1877.

Whitney & Stephenson,

BANKERS AND BROKERS, No. 57 FOURTH AVENUE. Oldest Pittsburg members N.Y. Stock Exch. ge.

JOSHUA WILBOUR, CHARLES H. SHELDON, JR., BENJAMIN A.JACKSON, WILLIAM BINNEY, JR.

Wilbour, Jackson & Co.,

No. 52 WEYBOSSET STREET, PROVIDENCE, R. I.

Dealers in Commercial Paper, Government at & her first-class Bonds and Securities and Foreign Private telegraph wire to New York and Boston.

Financial.

Rea Bros. & Co.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS, AND

DEALERS IN FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

423 Wood Street, Pittsburg, Pa. MEMBERS

New York and Philadelphia Stock Exchanges. Pittsburg Petroleum, Stock and Metal Exchange. Private wires to New York and Philadelphia. Direct wire to Chicago Board of Trade.

H. B. MOREHEAD.

WM. FAIRLEY

H. B. Morehead & Co., STOCK, BOND AND NOTE BROKERS,

No. 51 West Third Street, CINCINNATI, OHIO.

Wilson, Colston & Co.,

(Members of Baltimore Stock Exchange),

(Members of Baltimore Stock Exchange),

BALTIMORE.

(INVESTMENT and SOUTHERN SECURITIES a specialty.)

Correspondence invited and information furnished.

N. Y. Correspondents—MCKIM BROTHERS & Co.

CARPETS for OFFICES.

We are giving SPECIAL ATTENTION to furnishing OFFICES with CARPETS, LINOLEUM, OIL CLOTH, RUGS, MATS, &C., and have a large variety of patterns specially designed for this purpose at very moderate cost.

ORDERS PROMPTLY EXECUTED.

ESTIMATES FURNISHED IF DESIRED.

J. & J. DOBSON, MANUFACTURERS,

40 & 42 West Fourteenth St.

THOMAS BRANCH & CO.,
BANKERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS
HICHMOND, VIRGINIA.
Circulars and information on funding the debts of Virginia and North Carolina free of cost; one-eighth per cent obarged for funding. Southern Railroad and State and City Bonds bought and sold.

Insurance.

1850.

The United States Life Insurance Co.

1889.

IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK

RECORD FOR 1888.

INCREASE IN ASSETS.
INCREASE IN SURPLUS

INCREASE IN POLICIES ISSUED.
INCREASE IN BUSINESS WRITTEN.

INCREASE IN INSURANCE IN FORCE. GEO. H. BURFUED, President.

C. P. FRALEIGH, Sec. A. WHEELWRIGHT, Asst. Sec. WM. T. STANDEN, Actuary.

Examine the manifold advantages of the

"LOW RATE TERM PLAN"
of this Company. It is easier to place insurance on
this plan than on any plan ever before offered, and the policy itself is the most liberal and equitable contract consistent with recognized business prin-

ciples.

THE MARKED SUCCESS already achieved by this plan shows that it fills a want long feit by the insuring public.

GOOD AGENTS, desiring to represent the C pany, are invited to address J. S. GAFFNEY, Superintendent of Agencies, at Home Office.

KSTABLISHED 180"

Eugene R. Cole, STATIONER AND PRINTER.

Supplies Banks, Bankers, Stock Brokers and Corpce ations with complete outsits of Account Books and Stationery

New concerns organizing will have their order organizing will have their order organized.

No. 1 WILLIAM STREET,

(HANOVER SQUARE).

JOSEPH GILLOTTS STEEL PENS

GOLD MEDAL PARIS EXPOSITION-1878, THE MOST PERFECT OF PENS

Staten Island Securities A SPECIALTY.

Gas, Railroad and Electric, Light Co. Stocks.

[GEO. B. RIPLEY, 66 Broadway. . oom 8.